Bombay Gazette,
ELECTRIC PRINTING WORKS,
No. 2, Green Street, Fort, Bombay.

Newspaper, Book, Job and Fancy Printing of every description executed in the best style. Estimates forwarded on application.

THE Bombay Gazette.

LIBRARY OF THE BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY

NESTLÉ'S
CONDENSED
MILK
RICHEST IN CREAM
UNTOUCHED BY HAND.

No. 55,060—NEW SERIES. BOMBAY:—WEDNESDAY, JUNE 15, 1910. PRICE: ONE ANNA.

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL S. N. COMPANY.

LIST OF DEPARTURES FROM BOMBAY FOR MARSEILLES & LONDON

WITH LIBERTY TO CALL AT BRINDISI AND MALTA.

Date of Sailing. 2-30 P.M.	Steamer.	Tons.	Connecting at Aden with	Tons.
18th June,	HIMALAYA	6898	....	...
25th ,,	DEVANHA	8092	PERSIA	7951
2nd July	OCEANA	6610	.....	...
9th ,,	SALSETTE	6000	MALWA	10883
16th ,,	ARABIA	7903	....	...
23rd ,,	SALSETTE	6000	MACEDONIA.	10512
30th ,,	CALEDONIA	7558	.....	...
6th August	SALSETTE	6000	MOLDAVIA	9500
13th ,,	EGYPT	7912	......	...
20th ,,	SALSETTE	6000	MONGOLIA	9505
27th ,,	HIMALAYA	6898	....	...

The above Steamers convey Passengers to Marseilles, Plymouth and London.

Passengers for Brindisi tranship to a connecting Steamer at Port Said.

HEAVY BAGGAGE must be sent to the CARNAC BUNDER on FRIDAY AFTERNOON, the day previous to sailing and CABIN BAGGAGE before 9 a.m., on SATURDAY. The attention of Passengers is called to the importance of having their Baggage labelled with port of destination.

Tenders leave the CARNAC BUNDER on day of sailing. All Passengers must attend at that place at 1 P. M., for Medical Inspection by the Health Officer of the Port, and no one will be allowed on board the Mail Steamer unless so examined and conveyed thence in the Company's Tenders. Special attention is directed to these regulations, which are imperative under the Venice Convention.

Friends of Passengers cannot go on board the Mail Steamer.

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA AND AUSTRALIA.

The Company't Steamers leave Bombay, fortnightly usually on WEDNESDAY, taking Passengers for the Straits, China and Japan, and Return Tickets are issued on favourable terms.

For accommodation and further information apply to

A. H. FROOM,
Acting Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. Co.

HOMEWARD PASSAGES.

GRINDLAY GROOM & CO.

PASSAGES	Booked without charge.
BERTHS	Carefully Selected.
HANDBOOK	Giving details of Fares, Sailings, &c., gratis.
BAGGAGE	Shipped and Insured.
PASSENGERS	Met on arrival.
CALCUTTA:	GRINDLAY & Co.
LONDON:	GRINDLAY & Co.

NAVIGAZIONE GENERALE ITALIANA FLORIO AND RUBATTINO UNITED COMPANIES.

BOMBAY to NAPLES and GENOA direct.

FOR BRINDISI and VENICE (Transhipping at PORT SAID).

Vessels	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on
R. RUBATTINO	4,580	L. Mancini	15th June 1910
Duo BAUDUINO	4,580	G. Ronchi	15th July 1910
R. RUBATTINO	4,580	L. Mancini	15th Aug. 1910

RATES TO THE ABOVE PORTS INCLUSIVE OF WINE, BEER AND FANS.

	1st Class	2nd Class	3rd Class
Single Tickets	Rs. 500	Rs. 350	Rs. 165
Return Tickets available two years	Rs. 750*	Rs. 525	Rs. 247-8

* Inside Cabins, Rs. 400 Single and Rs. 600 Return.

Through and Return Tickets to LONDON on application.

Through tickets to New York in connection at Naples, or Genoa with the Company's Weekly service. 1st Class, Rs. 728; 2nd Class, Rs. 525. Special Rates for Missionaries. Passengers for Europe have the option of going via Genoa and returning via Venice or vice versa, and can break their Journey at any port en route.

INTERCHANGEABLE RETURN TICKETS are issued to return either by the Messageries Maritimes from Marseilles or by the Austrian Lloyd from Trieste.

BOMBAY TO COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE AND HONGKONG.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on.
CAPRI	6,000	D. Moresco	17th June 1910.
ISCHIA	6,000	G. Belsito	17th July 1910.
CAPRI	6,000	D. Moresco	17th Aug. 1910.

Fares to COLOMBO Rs. 75, to PENANG Rs. 140 to ....to SINGAPORE Rs. 165 and to HONGKONG Rs. 220.

Through bills of lading for Mediterranean, Black Sea, and American Ports issued.

Subject to alterations.

For further particulars apply to—

G. DEGROSSI,
Agent.

No. 59 Hornby Road.

BOMBAY AMERICAN LINE.

DIRECT SAILINGS MONTHLY.

TAKING CARGO for NEW YORK, BOSTON, PHILADELPHIA, or BALTIMORE.

For further particulars regarding freight, etc., apply to

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
TURNER, MORRISON & Co.,
Agents.

CLARKE'S B. 41. PILLS. A warranted cure for all acquired or constitutional Discharges from the Urinary Organs, in either sex. These famous Pills also cure Gravel, Pains in the Back and all Kidney Disorders. Free from mercury. Forty years success. Sold by all Chemists and Storekeepers throughout the world.

SHIPPING.

BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LD.

INTEND TO DESPATCH STEAMERS AS FOLLOWS:—

FOR KARACHI. (Direct.)

T. S. "LINGA," 2,171 tons on Friday, 17th June, at 6 a. m. or later on arrival of English Mail Steamer.

FOR KARACHI AND BUSREH (Weekly).

S. S. "KASARA," 1,195 tons, on Thursday, 16th June, calling (for Mails and Passengers) at Muscat, Bushire, Mahomera, also taking Passengers and cargo on through bookings to Ahwas and Baghdad.

FOR KARACHI AND PERSIAN GULF (Weekly).

S. S. "MADURA," 1,956 tons, on Monday, 20th June calling at Karachi, Pasni, Muscat, Jask, Bunder Abbas, Linga, Bahrein, Bushire, Mahomerah and Busreh.

FOR COAST PORTS AND CALCUTTA. (Fortnightly.)

A STEAMER sailing on or about the 2nd July.

FOR RANGOON OR CALCUTTA (Direct).

Frequent sailings, for particulars of which, also as to onward connections to ports in Arracan, Burma, Straits Settlements, Mauritius, Australia, and New Zealand.

Apply to

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & CO.,
Agents, Bombay.

14th June, 1910.

COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES.

FRENCH MAIL STEAMERS.

TO MARSEILLES.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To Sail on THURSDAY
CALEDONIEN	4,130	Lafont	7th July 1910.
DUMBEA	5,685	Rebufat	4th Augt ,,
SYDNEY	4,118	Magnen	1st Sept. ,,
VILLE de la CIOTAT	6,378	Barillon	29th Sept. ,,
NERA	5,538	Martin	27th Oct. ,,
CALEDONIEN	4,130	Lafont	24th Nov. ,,
ARMAND BEHIC	6,385	X	22nd Dec. ,,

INTERCHANGEABLE TICKETS.

RETURN TICKETS can be made available for one way by the Messageries Maritimes, and the Return Voyage by the Austrian Lloyd's or the Navigations General Italiana's at Reduced Fares.

TO AUSTRALIA DIRECT AND THE FAR EAST, TRANSHIPPING AT COLOMBO.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To Sail on or about
SYDNEY	4,118	Magnen	17th June 1910.
VILLE de la CIOTAT	6,378	Barillon	15th July 1910.

For further particulars apply to—

G. CHANDIZE,
Agent.
Albert Building, Hornby Road.

NATAL LINE OF STEAMERS.

BOMBAY TO ENGLAND (WEYMOUTH) via SUEZ AND PORT SAID.

THESE STEAMERS afford comfortable accommodation in two, three and four Berth Cabins Amidships for First Class Passengers only.

Each Steamer carries a duly qualified Surgeon and an experienced Stewardess.

s.s. Umsinga...4,500 Tons, Sailing about 23rd July 1910, Fare.—Rs. 375.

For further particulars, apply to

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
Bombay.

ANCHOR LINE.

REGULAR SAILING FROM BOMBAY TO MARSEILLES AND LIVERPOOL.

The following SAILINGS have been arranged:—

HOMEWARD SEASON.

Steamer.	Tonnage.	Captain.	Leaves Bombay.
OLYMPIA	5124	A. Tait	22nd June 1910
CIRCASSIA	6716	C. F. Osborne R. N. R.	19th July ,,
SCINDIA	5108	Wm. Kelso	29th ,, ,,
CASTALIA	6388	J. Hamilton	11th August ,,
ELYSIA	6368	G. Mitchell	25th ,, ,,
MASSILIA	5091	J. Thomson	16th Sept. ,,
OLYMPIA	5124	A. Tait	30th ,, ,,
CIRCASSIA	6716	C. F. Osborne	15th Oct. ,,
SCINDIA	5106	Wm. Kelso	25th ,, ,,
CASTALIA	6388	J. Hamilton	13th Nov. ,,
ELYSIA	6368	G. Mitchell	26th ,, ,,

Schedule of the revised rates of fares from Bombay Homeward ports by the Anchor Line steamers:—

	Rs.
Bombay to Suez	413
Bombay to Portsaid	446
Bombay to Marseilles	578
Bombay to Liverpool	605
Bombay to London Overland from Marseilles	653
Bombay to New York	808
Bombay to Suez and back	627
Bombay to Portsaid and back	677
Bombay to Liverpool and back	990
Bombay to London via Marseilles and back from Liverpool	1,038
Bombay to New York and back	1,340

Bombay to Cairo, including train fare from Suez Rs. 446.

All return tickets are available for 2 years.

Concessions granted to families, Railway employees, Hospital Nurses, Missionaries, Tea planters, &c.

Each steamer carries a duly qualified surgeon and experienced stewardess and is fitted with every comfort.

All steamers have electric lights and electric fans in every cabin free of charge.

Officers of the Army are exempted from the penalty attached to overstaying their leave by reason of delay in arrival of steamer, provided it is timed to arrive within the period of their leave.

The advertised rates to Europe include a passage by B. I. S. N. Co.'s steamer between Karachi and Bombay.

For any further information regarding passage, apply to the undersigned.

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
Agents, Bombay.

NOTICE.

THE FILE of the "BOMBAY GAZETTE" may be seen at the Office of the MANAGER of "The Empire Ld.," at No. 12 A, Mission Row, Calcutta, and the File of "THE EMPIRE" may be seen at the Office of "The Bombay Gazette Ld."

JOB PRINTING.—Apply at the "Bombay Gazette" Electric Printing Works 2 Green Street Fort.

BANKS.

CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA AUSTRALIA AND CHINA.

CORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER.

CAPITAL	£1,200,000
RESERVE FUND	£1,600,000
RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS	£1,200 000

HEAD OFFICE

3, BISHOPSGATE STREET, WITHIN, LONDON, E. C

AGENCIES AND BRANCHES:

Hamburg
Bombay
Karachi
Calcutta
Madras
Rangoon
Colombo
Penang
Thaiping (Perak)
Ipoh (Perak).
Medan Deli Sumatra)
Singapore
Klang (F. M. States.)
Kwala Lumpor (Do.)
Bangkok
Batavia
Sourabaya
Manilla
Cebu (Philippines)
Hongkong
Foochow
Saigon
Seremban (F. M States.)
Shanghai
Tientsin
Hankow
Yokohama
Kobe
New York

THE CORPORATION grant DRAFTS on the above Agencies and Branches, and also on the Principal Commercial Cities throughout the world; buy and receive for collection BILLS OF EXCHANGE; issue TRAVELLING LETTERS OF CREDIT; and undertake general Banking Business of every description.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.—Interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on the minimum Monthly Balances, if not under Rs. 1,000 and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half yearly.

Amounts above Rs. 1,00,000 will be received on terms which may be ascertained upon application.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES, STOCKS, and SHARES, bought and sold on account of clients, and also received for safe custody and collection of interest and Dividends when due.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for twelve months and shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.

OFFICE HOURS—10-30 A.M. to 4 P.M.
Saturdays—11-30 A.M. to 2 P.M.

POST BOX No. 34,

Esplanade Road, Bombay.

J. S. BRUCE,
Acting Agent.

COX & CO.,

BANKERS AND AGENTS.

BOMBAY, RAWAL PINDI, KARACHI, MURREE, AND SRINAGAR (KASHMIR).

BANKING BUSINESS of every description transacted.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and FIXED DEPOSITS received, rates of INTEREST to be obtained upon application.

LETTERS OF CREDIT issued, and DRAFTS granted on London at the Current Rate of Exchange, and on Branches and Agencies throughout India.

TELEGRAPHIC REMITTANCES made and ADDRESSES Registered in London free of charge.

INSURANCES of every description effected.

SHIPPING, PASSAGE AND AGENCY BUSINESS of every description, including IMPORT and EXPORT of CARGO and BAGGAGE, with STORAGE of Baggage and other goods, effected by COX'S SHIPPING AGENCY, Limited, in connection with Messrs. Cox & Co., SAILING LISTS and HANDBOOK supplied on application.

A copy of the half yearly Balance Sheet will be forwarded on application.

HEAD OFFICE:
16, CHARING CROSS, LONDON, W. S.

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK, LD.

ESTABLISHED 1880.

CAPITAL PAID-UP	Yen	24,000,000
RESERVE FUNDS	,,	16,250,000

HEAD OFFICE:—YOKOHAMA.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES AT:—

Antung-Hsien
Changchung
Dairen (Dairy)
Hankow
Honolulu
Hongkong
Kobe
London
Liaoyang
Lyons
Fengtien Mukden
Nagasaki
Newchwang
New York
Osaka
Ryojun Port Arthur
Peking
San Francisco
Shanghai
Tiehling
Tientsin
Tokyo

LONDON BANKER:—

The Bank of England; The London Joint Stock Bank Ld.; The Union of London and Smiths Bank, Ld., The Parr's Bank, Ld.

BOMBAY BRANCH:—

LIBERAL INTEREST allowed on CURRENT ACCOUNT.

FIXED DEPOSITS on terms to be learnt on application.

CREDITS granted on approved securities, and every description of BANKING and EXCHANGE business transacted.

DRAFTS granted on JAPAN and the Chief Commercial places in the World.

K. KODAMA.
Manager.

BOMBAY OFFICE—
Albert Buildings
Hornby Road Fort. Bombay

THE BANK OF INDIA, LD.

Incorporated under the Indian Companies Act VI. of 1882.

HEAD OFFICE:
ORIENTAL BUILDINGS,
BOMBAY.

CAPITAL SUBSCRIBED	Rs.	1,00,00,000
CAPITAL CALLED UP	,,	50,00,000
RESERVE FUND	,,	1,75,000

DIRECTORS:

The Hon'ble SIR SASSOON DAVID Kt., Chairman (Messrs. Sassoon J. David and Co., Bombay.)
SIR COWASJEE JEHANGIR, Bart., (Messrs. J. Cowasjee Jehangir and Co.)
THE HON'BLE MR. H. R. GREAVES, (of Messrs. Greaves, Cotton & Co.)
RATANJI DADABHOY TATA, Esq. (of Messrs Tata Sons & Co.)
GORDHANDAS KHATTAU, Esq. (Messrs. Khattau Makanjee and Co., Bombay).
The Hon'ble Mr. LALUBHAI SAMALDAS (Bhownuggur.)
KHETSEY KHAISEY, Esq., (Messrs. Heerjee Khetsey and Co., Bombay.)
RAMNARAIN HURNUNDRAI, Esq., (of the firm of Hurnundrai Ramnarain, Bombay.)
The Hon'ble Mr. IBRAHIM RAHIMTOOLA, C. I. E.
R. BARLOW, Esq. (of Messrs. Symons Barlow & Lang.)

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

INTEREST is allowed on Daily Balances from Rs. 300 to Rs. 1,00,000 at the rate of 2½ per cent. per annum and on sums over Rs. 1,00,000 by special arrangement. No interest which does not amount to Rs. 3 per half year will be allowed.

FIXED DEPOSITS

Amounts for 12 months are received at 4½ per cent. and for other periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

LOANS, OVERDRAFTS, & CASH CREDITS.

The Bank grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved security.

The Bank undertakes on behalf of its Constituents the safe custody of Shares and Securities and the collection of dividends and interest thereon; it also undertakes the sale and purchase of Government Paper and all descriptions of Stocks at moderate charges, particulars of which may be had on application.

J. A. STEWART,
Acting Manager.

EVERY MAN HIS OWN WEATHER OBSERVER.

IN the present day there is no doubt an increasing appreciation for such instruments as will enable observers to foretell weather changes. The interest thus shown by the public has to a considerable extent helped to push forward the manufacture of Barometers of every description. Those we are at present offering are not in expensive forms of cases, but they are nevertheless elegant in appearance and compact enough to find appropriate places on a wall in any home; and we offer them at such prices as will place them within the reach of everybody.

THE BAROMETER is an absolute

"WEATHER WARNER for WEATHER WATCHERS."

It raises no false alarms.

Circular 6½ ins. diameter.	Visible aneroid movement	Oak case	Rs. 15-8
,, 8 ins.	,,	,,	Rs. 22
,, 9 ins.	,,	,,	Rs. 30
,, 5½ ins.	,,	Nickel case	Rs. 30
Banjo shape, length 18 ins. dial 3½	Carved case	...	Rs. 18

MARCKS & CO., LTD.,

BOMBAY & POONA.

JEWELLERS AND SILVERSMITHS, BY APPOINTMENT TO HIS EXCELLENCY THE EARL OF MINTO, G. M. S. I., G. M. I. E., Viceroy and Governor-General of India.

Telegraphic address: "Marcks," Bombay, Telephone No. 189.

BY SPECIAL APPOINTMENT TO H. M. THE KING-EMPEROR.

And to H. E. LORD MINTO, Viceroy and Governor-General of India.
And H. E. Sir GEORGE CLARKE, Governor of Bombay.

LIPTON'S

TEAS,
COFFEE,
COCOA,
WINES,
SPIRITS,
PROVISIONS.

"ASK FOR LIPTON'S."

QUALITY GUARANTEED.

REDUCED PRICES. (Offer No. 1.)

FROM 1st to 15th JUNE.

DUTCH HAVANAS.

		Rs.	A.
Prima Vera	per 50	6	8
El Balcon	,, 50	5	0
La Silvera	,, 50	4	8
La Crema	,, 50	4	0

The above are the same quality as our El Aliento, but only differ in size and shape.

		Rs.	A.
Spotted Dogs, Neuberg's	per 50	3	8
Spotted Dogs, Merriman's	,, 100	8	0
La Zenobia, Spotted	,, 100	7	8
La Simpatica	,, 100	6	0

The above smoke dry during the Rains and are much in Demand all the year round.

Up-country orders by V. P. Post or Rail.

☞ TRIAL SOLICITED, SATISFACTION ASSURED.

CIGAR MERCHANTS, TOBACCONISTS, **D. MERWAN & CO.,** MEDOWS STREET FORT, BOMBAY.

QUININE ELIXIR (ELIXIR CHINA)

THE best Tonic for the System, containing all the properties of the peruvian bark, aids digestion, and prevents fever attacks; pleasant to the taste. It is recommended to convalescents.

DOSE.—A liqueur glass before or after meals.

OBTAINABLE IN LITRE BOTTLES,

RS. 5-12

FROM

MONGINI BROTHERS,

SOLE AGENTS FOR INDIA.

25-27-29, Church Gate Street, BOMBAY.

BANK OF BOMBAY. SAVINGS BANK.

THE BANK receives DEPOSITS on the following terms:—

Sums not exceeding Rs. 1,000 in the aggregate may be deposited within any one year from 1st January to 31st December.

Deposits may be made in the names of two or more persons and the balance made payable to one or more of them or to the survivor or survivors.

Interest is allowed at the rate of THREE PER CENT. per annum on the minimum monthly balance, not exceeding Rs. 5,000.

Copies of the Rules can be obtained on application to the Bank.

J. BEGBIE,
Secretary and Treasurer.

WILLIAM J. KEYMER & Co.,

BUYING AGENTS. PRODUCE AGENTS.

BUYING DEPARTMENT.—WM. J. KEYMER & CO. having for many years been large Exporters to the East of HARDWARE, METALS, MACHINERY, STORES and GENERAL MERCHANDISE. offer their services to Firms abroad.

CATALOGUES OR QUOTATIONS FURNISHED. CLOSEST PRICES ASSURED.

PRODUCE DEPARTMENT.—WM. J. KEYMER & CO. undertake the Sale of EASTERN PRODUCE on commission.

GENERAL AGENCY BUSINESS carefully conducted.

Correspondence Invited.

CODES USED—A1, A.B.C., International, Private, &c.

WILLIAM J. KEYMER & Co.,
66 FENCHURCH STREET, LONDON, East.

Another Newspaper Canard!

THE "BEST" GOLF BALLS HAVE NOT BEEN RAISED IN PRICE.

DUNLOPS STILL Rs. 1-8.

BRAID & HERD beat Vardon & Taylor
using Dunlop 'Juniors' twice during April.

Within the last few days the following records have been made with DUNLOPS:—

Fraserburgh (pro.), Aberdeen (pro.), Leven new course (amateur), Llandrindod (pro.), Walsall (amateur), Ladbrook Park (pro.).

DUNLOP RUBBER COMPANY, LTD.,

3, Wallace Street, BOMBAY. 188c Mount Road, MADRAS.

THE ASIATIC PETROLEUM Co., LTD.,

GRAHAMS BUILDINGS,
BOMBAY.

SHELL MOTOR SPIRIT.

GEO. GAHAGAN & Co.,

ON GOVERNMENT LIST.

Engineers, Iron and Brass Founders, Metal and Timber Merchants and Contractors.

MANUFACTURERS OF - - -

Bridges, Girders, Roofs and Structural Work of all Kinds, Cast, Wrought and Mild Steel Work of the Heaviest Description, Plain and Ornamental Castings, Sanitary and Conservancy Appliances, Irrigation Requirements, &c., &c.

DESIGNS AND ESTIMATES - - -

furnished on Application.

Hyderaulic Rivetting, Steam-hammers and Testing Plant used.

ERECTION OF - - - - - -

manufactured Work imported or otherwise, Contracted for it any part of India.

We have of late added to our works some further heavy Machinery to unable us to meet all requirements.

SUPPLIERS OF - - - - - -

Engines and Boilers (Portable and Stationary), Pumps, Galvanized Steel Wire Ropes, Cast and Wrought Iron Pipes, Galvanized Plain and Corrugated Iron Plates, Bars, Angles, Tees, &c., in Steel and Iron, Tools, Water-Supply Fittings, Valves, Portland Cement, &c.

GEO. GAHAGAN & Co.,
OFFICES AND WORKS
Covering over 16,000 Square Yards
Bellasis Road, Byculla, BOMBAY.

PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

NOTICE TO ADVERTISERS.

The insertion of Advertisements in the "Bombay Gazette" is not guaranteed unless they are delivered at the Office by 6 p. m. on the day preceding that on which they are to appear.

LADY TYPIST WANTED.

WANTED A LADY TYPIST, one with knowledge of correspondence preferred. Apply No. 4, care of the "Bombay Gazette."

BOMBAY, BARODA AND CENTRAL INDIA RAILWAY.

NOTICE.

UNTIL further notice Through Passengers by the Up and Down Trains leaving Amalner and Surat 10-12 and 8-25 respectively will be transhipped at mile 122 between Dondaiche and Sindkheda. The Up and Down 3rd Class Mixed Trains will run between Surat and Dondaiche only.

S. C. G. WOOD,
Ag. General Traffic Manager.

THE STANDARD MILLS COMPANY, LIMITED.

DEBENTURE LOAN OF RUPEES 8 LACS.

NOTICE is hereby given that the above LOAN FALLS DUE on the 1ST Day of JULY 1910 and the same will be paid off on the due date, between 11-30 A.M. and 3-30 P.M. at the Registered Office of the Company, No. 7, Esplanade Road, Fort, on presentation and delivery up of the Debentures duly receipted.

The interest on the Debentures ceases from the due date.

By order,
SASSOON J. DAVID & Co.,
Agents.

Bombay, 15th June, 1910.

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY.

PARTIAL DELIVERY OF CONSIGNMENTS.

Para 65, Page 20 of the G. I. P. Railway Goods Tariff, Part I, Dated 1st August, 1909.

NOTICE is hereby given that on and after the 1st July, 1910, and until further notice, part CONSIGNMENTS available for delivery if not removed, within the time prescribed, from the Goods Depots, at Wadi Bunder, Victoria Terminus, Byculla and Colaba, will be subject to the wharfage rules in force.

A. MUIRHEAD,
General Traffic Manager.

Bombay, 8th June, 1910.

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY.

ALTERATION IN WHARFAGE RULES AT WADI BUNDER, VICTORIA TERMINUS, BYCULLA AND COLABA GOODS DEPOTS.

NOTICE is hereby given that on and after 1st July, 1910, and until further notice, the WHARFAGE RULES for goods available for delivery at the Wadi Bunder, Victoria Terminus, Byculla and Colaba Goods Depots, will be modified as follows, namely:—

For goods of every description available for delivery before 18 o'clock, a wharfage charge at the rate of 1 anna per maund or part of a maund per day or part of a day is made if the goods are not removed from the Railway premises before closing time on the following day.

But when goods are not available for delivery until after 18 o'clock, they must be removed before closing time on the day after the following day, or wharfage charge as above will be incurred.

FOR EXAMPLE:—Goods ready for delivery before 18 o'clock on Monday, must be cleared before closing time on Tuesday, but if they are not available until after 18 o'clock on Monday, they can be cleared free of wharfage at any time before closing time on Wednesday.

A. MUIRHEAD,
General Traffic Managr.

Bombay, 8th June, 1910.

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.

THE OFFICES of THE CAXTON PRINTING WORKS and THE ENGLISH MAIL, have been REMOVED to CAXTON HOUSE, FRERE ROAD, near Marshall's Building.

G. CLARIDGE & CO.,
Proprietors.

Post Box No. 210. Telephone No. 63.

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.

THE K. & S. MOTOR CO. have REMOVED from their Branch Office at Waterloo Mansions, Fort, to their HEAD OFFICE and EXTENSIVE WORKS, at TARDEO, where all letters should be addressed in future.

JARRAH WOOD

WESTRALIAN JARRAH, STEAM, SAWN SCANTLINGS, suitable for Flooring, Joists, Rafters, Posts, Chowkhats, Office Partitions, Doors, Windows, Polished Furniture, Frame-work, Cotton Bale Ribs. Jarrah is about half the price of Teak. A large assortment of Scantling sizes and lengths always kept in stock at our MAZAGON DEPOT, Victoria Road.

Price List and Sample Free on Application.

MILLARS' KARRI & JARRAH CO. (1902) LD.,
YORK BUILDINGS,
Hornby Road,
BOMBAY.

SALES BY AUCTION.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.

AUCTIONEERS AND COMMISSION AGENTS,
21, MEADOWS STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

WEEKLY SALE

Messrs. SORABJI COWASJI & Co. will, THIS DAY, WEDNESDAY, the 15th day of June, 1910, sell by Public Auction, at their Sales Rooms, at 2-30 p. m. (S. T.), the following:—

On account and at the risk of the shippers:—

Bale Nos.

30 1 Bale 100 Overcoats.
32 1 Bale 200 Morning coats.
34 1 Bale 200 Jackets.
35 1 Bale 20 Frock Coats, 20 doz. waist coats and 125 Ls. Jackets.
38 1 Bale 110 Morning coats, 60 Eton Jackets, 5 doz. waist coats and 20 Lady's Jackets.
39 1 case 54 Pieces 14-23 by 3327 yards White Muslin.

By order of Messrs. E. and A. Levetus and Co. of London and on account and at the risk of Messrs. Dias Siddick and Co.,

D. S. P. H. & Co., 1 Case 45 doz. soft collars and 9 doz. silk ties.

On account of the concerned 5 cashs each 500 white glazed tiles for bath and toilet rooms.

50 sq. yds English flooring tiles.
50 sq. yds. English flooring tiles.
50 sq. yds. English flooring tiles.
50 sq. yds. English flooring tiles.
50 Nickel and silver watches (flat shapes).

SORABJEE COWASJEE & Co.,
Auctioneers.

Bombay, 15th June, 1910.

MENESSE AND COMPANY,

No. 35, HUMMUM STREET.

AUCTION SALE OF BUILDING MATERIALS.

Under instructions from the Bombay Improvement Trust, Messrs. MENESSE & Co. will sell by Public Auction, on the premises on TUESDAY, 21st June 1910, at 3-30 p.m. (S.T.)

The materials for removal of the following buildings:—

Building Street No. 100, case No. 84, 1st Nowrowji Hill Road.

Building Street No. 60, Case No. 127, 2nd Nowrowjee Hill Road and Cross Road.

Building Street No. 39-47, Case No. 208, Khoja Street.

MENESSE & Co.

Bombay, 15th June, 1910.

AMUSEMENTS.

EXCELSIOR CINEMATOGRAPH AT THE NOVELTY THEATRE

TO-NIGHT and every night.

NEW and complete living picture of the Stately

FUNERAL

Procession of His Late Majesty Edward VII.

A SOUVENIR

In the form of a Key of the Procession giving names of persons and public bodies in the ceremony will be given away on

WEDNESDAY 15TH
at all the three shows.

CROWDED HOUSES, Book Early
3 SHOWS NIGHTLY.
TIMES AND PRICES AS USUAL.

GREAT WESTERN HOTEL.

FACING THE SEA.
FORT, BOMBAY.

ACCIDENTS AND DISEASE

INCLUDING
ENTERIC FEVER
INSURED AGAINST BY
THE RAILWAY PASSENGERS ASSURANCE COMPANY,
One of the Oldest and Wealthiest Accident Companies.
PREMIUMS FOR FULLEST BENEFITS
£6 or £7 per annum.
INDIAN AGENTS:
MESSRS. KING KING & CO.,
BOMBAY.

BANKS.

THE MERCANTILE BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

AUTHORISED CAPITAL	£ 1,500,000
SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL	£ 1,125,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL	£ 562,500
RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS	£ 562,500
RESERVE FUNDS	£ 285,000

HEAD OFFICE:
40, Threadneedle Street, London, E C.

LONDON BANKERS
The Bank of England.
The London Joint Stock Bank.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES:
BOMBAY, KARACHI, CALCUTTA, Sub-Branch HOWRAH (Calcutta), RANGOON, MADRAS, COLOMBO, KANDY, GALLE, SINGAPORE, KUALA LUMPUR, PENANG, HONGKONG, SHANGHAI.

The Bank negotiates and collects Bills and grants Drafts payable at its Head Office and Branches, and issues Letters of Credit for the use of Travellers.

The Bank receives Deposits on the following terms:—

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest allowed at 2 per cent. on the daily balance if not under Rs. 1,000 and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000. Sums over Rs. 1,00,000 will be received on terms to be ascertained on application.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Rates for Fixed deposits for 12 months and shorter period to be ascertained on application.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks, and Shares, and receives same for safe custody, realising interest and dividends when due.

JAMES MURDOCH,
Manager.

Esplanade Road, Bombay.

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA, LD.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL	£ 1,600,000
PAID UP CAPITAL	£ 800,000
RESERVE FUND	£ 800,000

HEAD OFFICE:
17, BISHOPSGATE STREET, WITHIN LONDON.

BRANCHES:

Calcutta,
Bombay,
Madras,
Karachi,
Lahore
Amritsar,
Delhi,
Cawnpore
Tuticorin,
Chittagong,
Cochin,
Rangoon,
Mandalay,
Colombo,
Kandy
Newera-Eliya.
Aden (Camp.)
Aden, (Steamer Point)
Zanzibar,
Mombasa,
Nairobi,
Entebbe,

FIXED DEPOSITS.—The Bank receives DEPOSITS FIXED for one year and shorter periods, at Rates of Interest to be ascertained on application.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for approved Customers, and interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE, payable in the principal Cities of Europe, India, China, Africa, and Australia purchased or collected.

DRAFTS are granted on the Head Office and Branches of the Bank and on the principal Cities of Europe, Africa, America, and Australia. Remittances may be made by telegram.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks, and Shares and receive same for safe custody, realising Interest and Dividends when due.

LOANS and CASH CREDITS granted on approved Securities.

Post Box No. 141,
BOMBAY.

J. BLACK,
Ag. Manager.

THE CREDIT BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

HEAD OFFICE,
Taj Building, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

AUTHORISED CAPITAL
Rs. 1,00,00,000.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowed on daily balances from Rs. 100 to Rs. 1,00,000 at the rate of 2½ per cent. per annum, and on sums over Rs. 1,00,000 by special arrangement. No interest which does not amount to Rs. 2 per hlf year will be allowed.

SAVINGS BANK.

Interest allowed at 4 per cent. p. a., rules on applications.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Amounts for 12 months are received at 4½ per cent. and for other periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

LOANS, OVERDRAFTS AND CASH CREDITS.

The Bank grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved security.

The Bank undertakes on behalf of its constituents the safe custody of Shares and Securities and the collection of dividends and interests thereon; it also undertakes the sale and purchase of Government Paper and all descriptions of Stocks at moderate charges, particulars of which may be had on application.

O. M. BARNES,
Manager.

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

Only Advertisement for Clerks, Servants, &c., Goods for Sale or Wanted are accepted in this Column.

RATES.—(Cash only). Not exceeding three lines, Re. 1. Each succeeding line, annas 8. Minimum charge Re. 1.

REPLIES will be sent "BEARING" unless amount to cover Postage is previously paid

YOUR PIANO.—Does it need TUNING or REPAIRING? We place the services of a thoroughly Competent Workman at your disposal. Our charges are MODERATE, and whatever we do for your Instrument, we guarantee that it will be done as well as it is possible.—MARCKS & Co., Ld., AGENTS for the world-known "Bluthner" Pianos, Bombay and Poona.

DO YOU WANT A FLAT, BUNGALOW or OFFICE? We can suit you at once. Ours is a reliable European Agency.—LUARD BARRINGTON and Co., 109, Hornby Road, Bombay.

RAILWAY HOTEL, Bombay, Grant Road, near Moos Buildings. Give it a trial and you will never regret your visit. Board and Residence, Rs. 2 and 3 per day. Very easy terms for permanent residents. Splendid Bars, Brand-new Billiard Tables. Dinner, Rs. 1-4-0; Tiffin, Re. 1-0-0; Breakfast, As. 12. Dinner served till late hours.

GUARANTEE.—"Giras and Guarantee." A Collection of Decisions, etc., on Questions regarding Giras, Wants, and their Guaranteed Rights. By L. P. Parekh. Rs. 6. Apply Box No. 405, care of "Bombay Gazette" Office.

ACCESSORIES, SPARES, Etc.—The UNIVERSAL ENGINEERING Co., 14 Hummum Street, Fort, have just received from England a fresh lot of best Motor Accessories, Musical Horns, Spark Tensifiers, etc., and are selling anything and everything for MOTOR CARS, at very LOW PRICES.

SPECIAL OFFER.—COMMERCIAL ENVELOPES.—"Gazette Commercial," Rs. 2-4 per one thousand, and name and address be printed on the flap, Rs. 3-12 per thousand. Samples on application at the "Bombay Gazette" Office.

FINEST VERY OLD SCOTCH WHISKY from DANIEL CRAWFORD, 81 Queen's Street, Glasgow. This rare old Whisky may be had from Messrs. JAMES FINLAY and Co., Limited, Bombay.

ROUNDABOUT BOMBAY. By James Douglas. Rs. 5. Apply Box No. 408, care of "Bombay Gazette" Office.

FORSALE.—2 Printing Presses, 2 Cutting Machines and Lithographing Machines, all at very low prices, to make room for other machineries. Apply to this Office.

WONDER! Machine in perfect use for 22 years. Singer's Hand Machine, valued Rs. 50, which is in use in my house for past 22 years, has given me every satisfaction and I recommend it to any one requiring a good substantial and easy going Machine.—G. D. Nariman, Hyderabad, Deccan.

EXCHANGE TABLES.—NEW EDITION, revised and enlarged. Sterling into Rupees and Rupees into Sterling. Advancing by 32nds from 1s. 3⅛d. to 1s. 4 ⁵⁄₃₂d. Also includes Tables of Par Conversion—Commission—Interest—Decimal—Values—Due Dates. Price Rs. 3. Apply "Bombay Gazette" Office.

WHERE TO STORE YOUR THINGS? With LUARD BARRINGTON and Co., the reliable European Agency for domestic wants, 109, Hornby Road, Bombay.

LAYS OF THE LAW.—A Selection of Box Leading Cases. By W. E. H., Re. 1. Apply No. 404 care of "Bombay Gazette" Office.

DEWJEE CANJEE & Co., Chuckla No. 6. First Class Furniture on sale or hire. Inspection respectfully invited.

OLD ISSUES of the "BOMBAY GAZETTE," when available, are supplied at the following special Prices:—If of a date over one and within 3 months, 8 annas a copy; over three months old and within 12 months, one rupee per copy; over 12 months old, an additional rupee for each year; and whenever a search is necessary, an additional fee of Rs. 2 must be paid in advance.

"THE EMPIRE."—The file of the "BOMBAY GAZETTE" is available to enquirers at the office of "THE EMPIRE," LIMITED, No. 12 A, Mission Row, Calcutta, and the file of "THE EMPIRE" may be seen at the Office of the "Bombay Gazette, Limited, 2 Green Street, Fort, behind the Bank of Bombay.

REPORTS, Petition, Memorial, Business Announcement, Bill Forms, Books, Pamphlets, &c., &c. printed with neatness and promptitude at reasonable rates. Special Terms for large contracts, Apply to the Manager, The "Bombay Gazette" Electric Press.

ELECTRICAL PRINTING.—The "Bombay Gazette" Office is located at No. 2 GREEN STREET, behind the Bank of Bombay, where a complete Electric Installation supplies the Motive Power for the working of the Machinery, thus economising labour and facilitating work. The Management is therefore able to offer Constituents expedition and economy in rates. Quotation given for all sorts of Printing Work, Binding, Stationery, etc

OVERLAND "SUMMARY AND WEEKLY BUDGET."—Published Weekly (on Saturdays) in time for the English Mail. A complete rechauffe of Indian News particularly interesting to Anglo-Indians, retired or on leave. Subscription, inclusive of postage, One Sovereign or Rs. 15 per annum. Back numbers, if available 8 annas each up to 12 months old; over 12 months, an additional rupee for every year

BANKS.

THE BOMBAY MERCHANTS BANK, LIMITED.

HEAD OFFICE:
MOTILAL MANSIONS, Apollo St., BOMBAY

BRANCHES:
Mumbadevi, Ahmedabad, Karachee, Calcutta and Rangoon.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL
Rs. 1,00,00,000

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowed on daily balances from Rs. 500 to Rs. 1,00,000 at the rate of 3 per cent. per annum and on sums over Rs. 1,00,000 by special arrangement. No interest which does not amount to Rs. 5 per half year will be allowed.

SAVINGS BANK. Interest allowed 4 per cent. Rules on application.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Amount for 12 months are received at 5 per cent. and for other periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

LOANS, OVERDRAFTS AND CASH CREDITS.

The Bank grants accommodation on term to be arranged against approved security.

The Bank undertakes on behalf of its constituents, the safe custody of Shares and Securities and the collection of dividends and interest thereon; it also undertakes the sale and purchase of Government paper and all descriptions of Stocks at moderate charges, particulars of which may be had on application.

JAINARAYAN HINDUMAL DANI,
Managing Director.

SALES BY AUCTION.

CRAWFORD & COMPANY,

No. 7, MARINE STREET.

AUCTION SALE OF FAZENDARI RIGHT OF A VERY LARGE PLOT OF GROUND SITUATE AT LOWER COLABA.

Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. will, THIS DAY, WEDNESDAY, the 15th day of June, 1910, at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.), put up for sale, by Public Auction, the Fazendari Right of the undermentioned land or ground at the premises under instructions of the Mortgagee, Mr. Hirji Shivji, and on account and at the risk of Vinayekrao Balkrishna Shamsett and Krishnarao Balkrishna Shamsett, the mortgagors, in exercise of the power of sale reserved to him, the said mortgagee, by an indenture of mortgage, dated the 27th day of June, 1908, and made between the said mortgagors of the one part and the said mortgagee of the other part.

PARTICULARS OF THE PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of Pension and Tax land or ground lying and being at Lower Colaba, in the Island of Bombay, in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement $11749\frac{181}{225}$ square yards or thereabouts, bearing Collector's Old No. 415, New No. 2304, Old Survey No. 83-5, New Survey No. 8190, 9570 and bounded on the East by Thomas Street, on the West by Gun Factory and Government land, on the North by Colaba Main Road, and on the South by Nowroji Road, and which said premises are leased out to various persons at various rents amounting in all to Rs. 2,940 or thereabouts per annum.

For further particulars and printed copies of conditions of sale, application may be made to the undersigned, or to Messrs. Matubhai Jamietram and Madan, Attorneys for the Mortgagee, at their office in No. 9, Bell Lane, Fort.

AUCTION SALE OF VERY VALUABLE JEWELLERY.

H. C. Suit No. 238 of 1908.
Jamnavahoo vs. Jivavahoo.

Under instructions from R. D. Sethna, Esq., the Receiver appointed in the above suit, Messrs. Crawford and Co. will sell by Public Auction, TO-MORROW, THURSDAY, the 16th day of June 1910, at 3 p.m. (S.T.), at their Rooms in Bank Street, Fort, the following very valuable jewellery, comprising diamond and emerald necklace, pearl bangles, pearl necklaces, ear-drops, ear-rings, necklets, diamond rings, pearl bead, nose and neck ornaments, diamond, brilliants and saphire rings, pearl armlets, pearl head-dress, nose rings, pearl armlets and bangles, ruby bangles, diamond ring, diamond necklace, ear-drops, pearl and ruby bangles, pearl vanks, diamond and pearl ear-rings, pearl and emerald bangles, diamond and ruby earrings, and other ornaments.

The above is now on view at the office of the Auctioneers.

AUCTION SALE OF ABOUT 1000 YARDS OF ENGLISH WATERPROOF CANVAS.

Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. will put up for sale by Public Auction, on MONDAY the 20th day of June 1910 at 3-30 p.m. (S.T.), at their Rooms in Fort by order of the concerned and on account and at the risk of a dealer about 1000 yards of English Waterproof Canvas 36in., 50in. and 60in. wide khaki color, recently landed suitable for blinds tarpaulins shades, capes, groundsheets, converings, etc.

Cash will be required at the time of sale. Samples of the Waterproof Canvas are on view at the Rooms of the Auctioneers, where they could be inspected.

CRAWFORD & Co.

Bombay, 15th June, 1910.

J. S. MODY AND COMPANY,

AUCTIONEERS AND COMMISSION AGENTS,
10, BANK STREET, FORT.

BONA-FIDE SALE.

GOOD OPPORTUNITY TO COLLECTORS OF GOLD COINS.

AUCTION SALE OF GOLD COINS.

Under instructions from Messrs. J. R. Patell and Co., Attorneys for the mortgagee and on account and at the risk of the mortgagor Roger Mathias De Silva, MESSRS. J. S. MODY and Co., Auctioneers, will, THIS DAY, WEDNESDAY the 15th instant, at 4 p.m. (S.T.), sell by Public Auction, at their Rooms, opposite the Government Central Press in Bank Street, Fort.

30 French, Spanish, Portuguese, American, Japanese, Netherlands, Turkish, Transvaal, Pope's, Jubilee, English East India Company's, and other Native States Mohors and Gold Coins (some of which are rare and old.)

The coins are on view.

A RARE OPPORTUNITY.

Important to Nobles, Princes, Rajahs and Merchants. Auction sale of two Bunches very valuable White Pearls.

Under instructions from Messrs. J. R. Patell and Co., Solicitors, and on account of the owner, Messrs. J. S. MODY & Co., Auctioneers, will sell by Public Auction, at their Rooms, opposite the Government Central Press, in Bank Street, Fort, THIS DAY, WEDNESDAY, the 15th instant, at 3-30 p. m. (S. T.):—

1 Bunch of 14 strings containing 123 very valuable white pearls, weighing about 750 chows.

1 Bunch of 5 strings containing 46 very valuable white pearls, weighing about 300 chows.

The above is on view.

BONA-FIDE SALE.

TO-MORROW, THURSDAY, the 16th Instant, at 2-30 p. m. (S. T.), Messrs. J. S. MODY and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at "Princess Street," Dhobee Talao, in "Sitaram Mansions," first floor, artistic latest designed furniture, by Roberts and Benjamin, such as dining table, chairs, meatsafe, sideboard, chess and plain top teapoys, fancy easels, cabinets, lamps, hatstands, verandah beaches, easy chairs, double and single bedsteads, bronze table ornaments and electric table lamps, large size thermos travelling flask, plated ware, very old satsuma card bowl, one pair large size richly engraved flowered century old Persian Jars with covers, one elegant large size fancy design bevelled mirror, almirah with secret drawers, convertible into 5 pieces, one rich Queen Anne pattern latest design complete drawingroom suite, lined superior plush, etc., etc., the property of a gentleman, proceeding to Calcutta.

The above furniture is used only for two months and is on view.

Important to Machinery Merchants and Gentlemen desirous of securing a healthy plot of ground on sea side.

Auction sale of the entire machinery and materials of the Paint Factory known as "Roger and Rock's Paint Works" situate at Kantwadi at Danda Line, Bandra and of the valuable piece of land on which the said Factory is standing.

Messrs. J. S. MODY and Co., Auctioneers, will under the instructions of Messrs. J. R. Patell and Co., Attorneys for the mortgagee and on account and at the risk of the mortgagor Roger Mathias De Silva, sell by Public Auction, on the premises on SUNDAY the 19th day of June, 1910, at the hours mentioned below the following machinery and the plot of ground under the power of sale reserved to the mortgagee under an Indenture of mortgage, dated the 17th day of June, 1907.

Machinery to be sold at the Factory, at 3-30 p.m. (S.T.).

All the tools, machinery, plant and materials of the Factory consisting of Boiler, Engine, Mixing Tanks, Paint Grinding Machines, Powder Crushing Machines, Shaftings, Pulleys, Stamping Press, Rim Bending Machine, Disc Cutting Machine, Bellows, Forge, Anvil, Iron Tank, Beam Scales, Casks, Hammers and other tools and Machinery belonging to the said Factory.

The above will be sold in different lots to suit the requirements of the purchasers.

Plot of ground to be sold on the premises, at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.).

All that piece or parcel of land or ground registered under Survey No. 213, situate at Kantwadi, at Danda Line, Bandra, in the Collectorate of Thana, in the Sub-District of Salsette, Registration Sub-District Bandra, admeasuring approximately four thousand square yards and is bounded on the West by the public road and seashore, on the East by the land belonging to Max Fernandes, on the north by the land belonging to Domingos De Melle and on the South by the land belonging to Dr. D. A. De'Monte, together with the building, sheds, etc., situated in the same premises.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to Messrs. J. R. Patell and Co., Solicitors, at their office at Sidick Buildings, Hornby Road or to the undersigned, at their Auction Rooms, at Bank Street, Fort.

J. S. MODY & CO.,
Auctioneers.

Bombay, 15th June, 1910.

SPECIAL OFFER.

COMMERCIAL ENVELOPES—"Gazette Commercial," Rs. 2-4 per thousand and if printed on flap, Rs. 3-12 per thousand. Samples on application at THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE" Office.

J. B. ORR'S
"ZINGESSOL"
PERFECTED
WASHABLE
WATER
PAINT,
Manufactured by
JOHN B.
ORR, F.C.S.,
is unrivalled as
an artistic and
permanent
decoration.

Specially appointed by the Viceroy of India for decorating Government House 1890, also the High Commissioner H. E. Viscount Milner 1903, S. Africa, the designs and

WM CHS. SMITH, FROM LONDON.

PAINTER & HOUSE DECORATOR.
Importer of the Best English oils and colour, &c.
Sole Agent in India, for J. B. Orr, F. C. S.

ZINCESSOL ORR'S ZINC WHITE
AND PURE OXIDE OF ZINC
Colour Washing of Walls with ORR'S ZINGESSOL, THE PERFECTED WASHABLE WATER PAINT.

Coloured Card and Book on Application.
OFFICE: 17-19, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay,
Opposite the Oriental Buildings.
ESTIMATES GIVEN.

"ZINGESSOL,"
is admirably
adapted for
the interior
or exterior
decoration
of either
Private
Residences,
Hospitals,
Churches,
or other
Public
Buildings.

JOHN ROBERTS & Co., LD., BOMBAY.

BILLIARD TABLES AND BILLIARD ACCESSORIES.

BILLIARDS

We Supply our No. 1 Design Billiard Table in solid Mahogany, fitted with all the latest improvements, including all accessories and fittings for the Billiard Game only.

Packed Free.

Delivered on Rails for Rs. 1,317.

THE NEW PATENT Automatic BALL RETURNER NOW IN STOCK.

We hold the LARGEST STOCK of BILLIARD TABLES and Accessories, OUT OF LONDON.

Billiard Balls and Cues, our Specialities.

Price List and Estimates for all designs of Billiard Tables and Accessories Free.

JOHN ROBERTS & CO., LD.,
BILLIARD TABLE MAKERS,
75, Hornby Road,
BOMBAY.

MALARIA, INFLUENZA, AND MILD FORMS OF PLAGUE,

Use BATLIWALLA'S AGUE MIXTURE or PILLS. Re. 1.

BATLIWALLA'S CHOLERAL
Is the only remedy for CHOLERA. Re. 1.

BATLIWALLA'S HARETONE
Has been recently improved a great deal and restores Grey Hair to its Natural Colour. Rs. 3.

BATLIWALLA'S TONIC PILLS
Cure Nervous Exhaustion and Constitutional Weakness. Rs. 1-8.

BATLIWALLA'S TOOTH POWDER
scientifically made of Native and English Drugs, such as Mayaphal and Carbolic Acid B.P. As. 4.

BATLIWALLA'S RINGWORM OINTMENT
Cures in a day. As. 4 per pot.

SOLD EVERYWHERE and ALSO BY
DR. H. L. BATLIWALLA,
WARLI LABORATORY, DADAR, BOMBAY.

BANKS.

COMPTOIR NATIONAL D'ESCOMPTE DE PARIS.

Post Box No. 45.

HEAD OFFICE:—14, Rue Bergere.
LONDON 52—Threadneedle Street, E.
LIVERPOOL AND MANCHESTER.

CAPITAL Fcs. 200,000,000, (£8,000,000.)

CAPITAL (fully paid up)	£ 8,000,000
SURPLUS	£ 1,360,000

LONDON BANKERS:—
BANK OF ENGLAND.
UNION OF LONDON AND SMITH'S BANK

BRANCHES in all Principal Towns of France Bombay, Tunis, Melbourne, Sydney, Cairo, Alexandria Port Said and all principal towns on Madagascar.

Current Accounts opened and fixed deposits received at terms to be ascertained on application.

Drafts and Letters of Credits issued payable at any of the Chief Commercial Towns of the World.

The Comptoir National d'Escompte de Paris beg to draw the attention of Travellers to its Letter of Credit Department in Paris at the Branch Office, 2, Place de l'Opera, in the very centre of the fashionable quarter of Paris, on the Boulevards facing the Grand Opera and within easy reach of the principal Hotels, Theatres, and Shops.

Dividends, Coupons, etc., on Government Paper, and other Stocks Cashed for Customers without charge, if remitted Home through the Bank.

Loans and Cash Credits granted on Government Paper, Gold, Silver, Merchandise to

S. KISSEL,
Acting Manager.

ALLIANCE BANK OF SIMLA, LD.

CAPITAL (Paid up)	Rs. 20,00,000
RESERVE FUND (in Government Paper)	Rs. 27,50,000

HEAD OFFICE: SIMLA.

BRANCHES:
Calcutta, Bombay, Agra, Ajmere, Cawnpore, Darjeeling, Lahore, Mussoorie, Murree, Rawalpindi, and Umballa.

CORRESPONDENTS:
London, Edinburgh, Dublin, and in all the principal towns throughout India.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances from Rs. 500 up to Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half yearly.

FIXED DEPOSITS received and interest allowed at rates which can be ascertained on application.

SAVINGS BANK—Deposits received and interest allowed. Rules on application.

BANKING BUSINESS of Every Description, transacted RULES OF BUSINESS and full information obtainable upon application.

W. A. M. LATTEY,
Agent.

Elphinstone Circle, BOMBAY.

BANKS.

INTERNATIONAL BANKING CORPORATION.

HEAD OFFICE: NEW YORK.

Capital paid up	Gold $3,250,000·00
Reserve Fund and Undivided Profits	Gold $3,605,119·45

LONDON OFFICE: Threadneedle House, Bishopsgate Street Within, E. C.

BRANCHES.

Bombay.
Calcutta.
Hongkong.
Canton.
Manila.
Hankow.
Cebu.
Shanghai.
Yokohama.
Colon.
Kobe.
Empire.
San Francisco
City of Mexico.
Washington.
Panama.
Singapore.
Peking.

THE CORPORATION buys and sells Bills of Exchange, issues Letters of Credit and carries on every description of Banking and Exchange business.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS opened on which interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on Daily Balances from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000.

FIXED DEPOSITS received for 12 months on which interest is allowed at 4½ per cent. per annum and for shorter periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

GEO. HOGG, Manager.

BOMBAY OFFICE,
42/43, Church Gate Street.

HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

Paid up Capital	$ 15,000,000
Reserve Liability of Proprietors	$ 15,000,000
Silver Reserve Fund	$ 15,500,000
Gold Reserve Fund	£ 1,500,000

COURT OF DIRECTORS AND HEAD OFFICE IN HONGKONG.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES.

AMOY
BANGKOK
BATAVIA
BOMBAY
CALCUTTA
CANTON
COLOMBO
FOOCHOW
HAMBURG
HANKOW
HONGKONG
IPOH (Federated Malay States.)
JOHORE, (Malay Peninsula.)
KOBE
KUALA LUMPUR (Federated Malay States.)
LONDON
LYONS
MALACCA.
MANILA
NAGASAKI
NEW YORK
PEKING
PENANG
RANGOON
SAIGON
SAN FRANCISCO
SHANGHAI
SINGAPORE
SOURABAYA
TIENTSIN
YOKOHAMA
YLOILO

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on Daily Balance of Rs. 1,000 to Rs. 100,000 provided the sum accrued amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

FIXED DEPOSITS

Are received for varying periods up to 12 months on term which may be ascertained on application.

Drafts granted on London and the chief Commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, America, China and Japan.

Credits granted, Bills purchased, and every discription of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

C. H. WILSON,
Agent.

CHURCH GATE STREET, BOMBAY.

TURKEY.—"Through Asiatic Turkey." Bombay to the Bosphorous. Two Volumes. By Grattan Geary. Rs. 10. Apply Box No. 4, 9, care of "Bombay Gazette" Office.

FOR SALE, WANTED, &C.

HOTEL MAJESTIC.

To be OPENED SHORTLY at Corner of Wodehouse Road.

Very nicely and fully furnished, airy, freely ventilated Rooms, with excellent Restaurant on the Premises.

Electric Lifts, Lights, Fans and all modern conveniences and comfort provided and hot and cold water laid on.

ROOMS WILL BE OPEN FOR INSPECTION from 20TH JUNE.

PLAN OF ROOMS CAN BE SEEN ON THE PREMISES.

For all other full particulars apply in writing to

BRANDON & Co.,
VICTORIA TERMINUS.

WANTED.

A TRAINED and QUALIFIED SICK NURSE, for the two grandsons of HER HIGHNESS the Ruler of Bhopal. Pay from Rs. 30 to Rs. 50 and all found. None need apply who has had no previous experience. Apply sharp with photo and copies of testimonials which will not be returned to

THE PRIVATE SECRETARY
to H. H. the Begum of Bhopal,
Mussoorie.

WANTED.

FIRST CLASS COOK, (best man preferred), with one Assistant and Cleaning Boy. None but those well up in Puddings and Pastry need apply, stating wages required and copies of Testimonials which will be verified. Quarters found.

Apply—
MANGER,
S. and S. Institute, Kirkee.

WANTED FOR THE KHALSA COLLEGE, AMRITSAR.

A PROFESSOR of Applied Mathematics on a salary of Rs. 155-15-200. A graduate having experience in teaching will be preferred. The post is a permanent one and the services of the accepted candidate will be required on the reopening of the College in October, 1910. Applications with copies of testimonials, which will not be returned, should reach the SECRETARY, on or before 20th June 1910.

FOR SALE.

A FIRST RATE CAR in First Rate Order. Special 15 H. P. Mass (developing about 24 H. P.) dual ignition, glass screen, hood, stepney wheel, speedometer, Patent whistle-horn, lamps, tools, etc., all in first rate order.

Body built by Brainsley of Longacre. Brought out from home 15 months ago. Has always been driven by English chauffeur.

This Car won 2 Silver Cups for speed at home and 1 Silver Cup for hill climbing.

It is a very fast Car, and most comfortable. Any reasonable trial.

The Car can be seen at

MESSRS. HORMASJI SORABJI AND SONS,
5-12, Queen's Road.

Price Rs. 5,000.

FOR SALE NO LONGER REQUIRED

COMPLETE generating plant 20 h.p. consisting of one 16 H.P. STEEL LOCO BOILER (new), working pressure 150 lbs., by Marshall Sons & Co., complete with fittings, injector, feed pump, and feed water heater. 1 Belliss and morcom compound self-lubricating engine (new) 50 r. p. m. coupled direct to a Packs shunt mound dynamo 110 Volts 160 ampires, 1 Motor, hooster 60 Volts 48 ampires switch ho-ald marble panelled with all instruments for charging and discharging 160 cell chlorate storage battery old but serviceable.

The whole in complete working order and can be seen running by appointment.

No reasonable offer refused. Apply—

OFFICER IN CHARGE,
Wadhwan State,
Wadhwan City, Kathiawad.

SALES BY AUCTION.

BENNETT & COMPANY

No. 22, APOLLO STREET.

On SATURDAY, the 18th instant, at 3-30 p. m. (S. T.), Messrs. BENNETT & Co. will sell by Public Auction, at their Rooms, a quantity of grey and coloured piece-goods, etc.

AT 2 P. M. (S. T.)

1 second-hand glass-fronted miniature office brougham, in good order.

1 second-hand rubber-tyred victoria, in good order.

1 handsome strong rubber-tyred palanquin office shigram, in good order.

1 Bay Arab, quiet in harness.

1 Grey pony, quiet in harness and saddle.

BONA-FIDE SALE.

AUCTION SALE of high class Japanese Works of Art and Curies.

On THURSDAY the 23rd instant at 2 p. m. (S. T.), Messrs. BENNETT and Co. will sell by Public Auction, at Esplanade Road, Fort, next to Paper Currency Office and opposite the National Bank of India, Limited, a consignment of 56 cases of Japanese works of art and curios, imported ex. S. S. Colombo Maru and Tasa Maru, consisting of valuable painted Awata and Amaze vases, flower pots, jardineers, rich porcelain tea sets, old costly satsuma vases, and cloisome vases and bowls, old and modern bronze ornaments, painted and inlaid lacquered panels, trays, wooden closet, hat tables, rich Swarl and Bishu porcelainware, fancy brassware. Antimony photo frames, cigarette cases, etc., silk and gold embroidered wall hanging, kinomo and screen, etc., etc.

The above will be on view four days before the sale.

AUCTION Sale of Unclaimed Goods, Sweeping, etc., at the G I. P. Railway Wari Bunder Goods Depot.

In accordance with Section 55 and 56 of the Railway Act of 1890, and under instructions from the G. I. P. Railway, Messrs. BENNETT and Co, will, on FRIDAY, the 1st July, 1910, at 2-30 p.m. (S. T.), sell by Public Auction, at the abovementioned place, a quantity of unclaimed goods, grain and seeds in bags, tilly and linseed in bags, jwari and wheat in bags, boxes of thread, looking-glass, bundles of luggage, iron, and bagging, iron hoops, books and C. P. Goods, boxes of marble stone, empty casks and tins, bags of roots and groundnuts, glassware, lot of condemned sheets and old records and papers, heaps of sweeping grain, etc., etc.

BENNETT & Co.

Bombay, 15th June, 1910.

THE NEW "REVLUC" PINCE NEZ.

DURING the hot steamy Weather, when your Glasses persist in falling of your nose a pair of "REVLUC" FRAME fitted to your own lense will be found a great boon.

They are self-adjusting.
There is nothing to break.
They are always Horizontal.
They are the acme of comfort and very strong.
No slipping off the Nose.

Prices of Frames only, inclusive of fitting:—

Nickel, Rs. 3-8. Gold, Rs. 35.

MARCKS & CO., LD.,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

BURMA AFTER THE CONQUEST.—By Grattan Geary. Rs. 5. Apply "Bombay Gazette" Office.

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 29 June, 2017

DAILY. MARKET REPORT.

LONDON, June 13.

Consols 2 1/2 per cent. ...	... 82 1-16—1-8	
Exchange on London at Paris Fcs—	25·26 1-2	unchgd
Rentes 3 per cent. ...	... 99	unchgd
Berlin Cheques on London	... 20·49—0 1-2	
Bar Silver Spot.... ...	... 24 9-16	unchgd
Do. 2 months hence...	... 24 5-8	unchgd
Closing Tone of Silver—Very steady		
Rupee Paper 3 1/2 per cent. ...	... 68 3-16	unchgd
Exchange on India 30 days' sight.	1-2-12 1-2	
(Bank buying rate).		
Discount Bank of England Rate 3 per cent. since 9-6-10		
3 1/2 per cent. Indian Stock (Sterling Loan)... ...	... 95 3-4	unchgd
Discount Bank Bills 3 months' sight...	2 5-8	unchgd
Do. Indian Bank Bills 6 months' sight	2 7-8	unchgd
Do. Fine Trade Bills 3 months...	3	unchgd
Do. Fine Trade Bills 6 months...	3 3-8	unchgd
Bar Gold (per oz.) ...	... .	
Interest day to-day loans ...	... 2 5-8	unchgd
Do. of day market loans	... 2 3-4	unchgd

MANCHESTER, June 13.

COTTON.

	Bales.
Total Day's Sales at Liverpool ...	8,000
Do. Day's Sales on Spot and for Exp	......
Do. Day's Sales of East Indian ...	......
Do. Day's Imports... ...	......
Tone of Liverpool Cotton Spot—Fair demand	Steady.
Do. of Liverpool Cotton Futures ...	Steady.
Do. of Liverpool Cotton East Indian...	Quiet.
Tone of Manchester Market... ...	Quiet.
Mid-Americans	... 8·13—2
Egyptian F. G. F.	... 13 3-4—1/8

	J.-J.	J.-A.	A.-S.	S.-O.	O.-N.
Cotton Delivery Mid Uplands G. O. C.	7·68 —4	7·29 —5	7·29 —7	6·82 —5	6·61 —4
	N.-D.	D.-J.	J.-F.	F.-M.	
Liverpool	6·51 —4	6·47 —4	6·46 —4	6·45 —4	

NEW YORK, June 13.

AMERICAN MARKETS.

COTTON :—

Day's Receipts at all U. S. Ports ...	3,000
Do. Last year	9,000
Do. Exports to Great Britain ...	...
Do. Exports to Continent	7,000

Futures at New York .... July 15·16 — 3	Declined owing to commission house liquidation and advanced on unfavourable weather reports.
Do at New York .... Oct. 12·49 + 4	

Spot Cotton at New York ...	15·20	unchgd
Fair Rio Coffee (No. 7 quality)	8 1/8	unchgd
Demand Bills	4 86 3/4—1-3	
Silver Commercial Bars ...	53 1-4	unchgd
Spot Cotton at New Orleans...	15	unchgd
Tone of Spot Cotton ...	... Steady.	
Futures at New Orleans	... July 15·05+3	
Do. at New Orleans	... Oct. 12·41+4	

LONDON, June 13.

LINSEED.

Linseed Argentine (La Plata) 52

" " months, June-July.

" " Ports, Antwerp.

" " Buyers,sellers, &c., Sellers.

WHEAT.

AUSTRALIAN.

Wheat Choice White Karachi, per 492lbs C.I.F. 32 3-4

Do. Months—May-June.

Do. Name of Ports—London.

Do. Weather Buyers or Sellers, etc.—Sellers.

Wheat Afloat for United Kingdom ... 3,420,000

SEEDS.

Rapeseed—Yellow Gujrat per 416 lbs 85 per cent ex-ship. ... 40 3-4

Do. Months—July-August.

Do. Name of Ports—Antwerp.

Do. Whether Buyers, or Sellers etc.—Sellers.

Rapeseed—Yellow Cawnpore, per 416 lbs 85 per cent ex-ship ... 39

Do. Months—June-July.

Do. Name of Ports—Antwerp.

Do. Whether Buyers or Sellers, etc,—Sellers.

Rapeseed—Brown Cawnpore 35 3-4

Do. Months—June-July.

Do. Name of Ports—Antwerp.

Do. Whether Buyers, or Sellers,etc.—Sellers.

Tone of Rapeseed—Quiet.

Linseed—Bombay, per 416 lbs. ex-ship ... 56 3-4

Do. Months—June-July.

Do. Name of Ports—Antwerp.

Do. Whether Buyers or Sellers, etc.—Sellers.

Tone of Linseed—Quiet.

SUGAR.

German granulated sugar C. and F. India double bags. 17-3 1-4

Months of Shipment.—July-Aug.

Tone of Sugar—Quiet.

RUBBER.

Para Rubber 10/1 Value.

METAL.

Copper Braziers	— £ 66 8
Yellow Metal	... d 5 15-16
Bar Iron Belgian Ordinary sizes F. O. B. Antwerp ...	......
Iron Corrugated Sheets 24 guage G. O. B. 4 per cent. F. O. B. Liverpool	£ ......
Basic Steel Bars F. O. B. Antwerp net...	£ ......

ARRIVALS.

"Wessmoor."

BOMBAY, June 14.

EXCHANGE.

There is no change in the rates. T. T. is quoted 1s. 3 7-8d. to 1s. 3 29-32d. and D. D. is 1s. 3 29-32d. to 1s. 3 15-16d.

We quote :—

Bank's selling—	
T. T. Ready... ...	... 1s. 3 29-32d.
D. D. Mail ...	... 1s. 3 29/32d. to 15/16
T. T. Forward ...	... 1s. 3 31/32d.
Bank's Buying—	
Private D. D. Ready ...	1/3 31/32d to 1/4
Credits 3 m/s " ...	... 1s. 4 3-32d.
" " Forward ...	...1s. 4 1/8d. Aug.1
" 6 m/s Ready ...	... 1s. 4 7/32d.
France 3 m/s " ...	... 169 1/4
Marks 3 m/s " ...	... 137 1/2
60 d/s. Hongkong ...	... 133 1-4
" Shanghai ...	... 178 1/2
" Japan ...	... 151

GOVERNMENT PAPER.

The market is weak. The market opened at Rs. 95-3 and closed at the same price.

BULLION.

Bar Silver in London and New York remained unchanged at 24 9-16 and 53 1-4.

The market opened at Rs. 72-6, but private wires advised the market very firm which would have forced prices up, but demand being very limited, prices locally advanced only by an anna and closed at Rs. 72-7. Business of 72 to 75 slabs was done.

The gold market was firm and demand being good price advanced by 3 pies. Demand for sovereigns being dull price declined by 3 pies.

GOLD.

	Rs.	a.	p.
97 Fakirsett	23	8	0
97 Chintu	23	7	0
National Bank	24	2	6
Chartered Bank	24	1	0
Sovereigns Shield	15	3	6
Do. Dragon	15	0	0
Australian	24	0	9
English Gold	24	0	3
Native Bullion	24	0	6
Indian Specie Bank	24	0	6

SILVER.

	Rs.	a.	p.
117 1/2 Penny	72	6	0
117 Penny	72	5	0
Local per tola	0	11	3
FUTURES.			
First Settlement	72	7	0
Second do	72	11	0

SEEDS AND WHEAT.

Linseed : Firm. London quotation was 3d. down. Demand both for ready and forward being good price was put up by an anna.

Rapeseed : Firm. London quotation was unchanged. Demand was moderate and prices ruled the same.

Wheat : Firm. London quotation was unchanged. Demand being good price advanced by half an anna.

Castorseed, Cottonseed, Groundnut, and Gingellyseed : Quiet but firm. Demand moderate and local prices remained unchanged.

Poppyseed:—Dull. Local price declined by an anna.

Mowraseed:—Firm. Local price remained unchanged.

Description.	Rate.
Linseed, Bold ...	...Rs. 9 14 6
Linseed, Small ...	... " 9 12 6

RAPESEED—	
Brown Cawnpore	... " 5 14
Yellow do. ...	... " 6 8
Do. Gujarat ...	... " 6 10
Poppyseed	... " 9 6
Castorseed	... " 36 to 37
Mowraseed... ...	... " 6 11
Maize	... " 18 to 19
Groundnuts ...	... " 42 to 45
Mustardseed ...	... " 85 to 95
Gingellyseed ...	... " 41 to 52
Khandesh Howri ...	" 50 to 52
Gulburga do. ...	
Kalbur do. ...	
Itarsi do. ...	
White Gin, Bold 95/5	" 47 to 50
Do. do do 85/15	
Do. do. do. 75/25...	
Do. Mixed 50/50...	
Do. Gin, Small 50/50...	" 42 to 44
Do. do. 85/15...	
Gin, Black Beaver ...	" 42 to 43
Do. do. Gadag ...	
Gin Red Khandwa ...	" 45 to 47
Do. Meggi ...	
Do. Yellow Hinganghat	" 50 to 53
Do. do. Secunderabad	
Do. do. Gujarat	
Do. Black Kutni	" 41 to 42
Do. Ahmedabad...	
WHEAT—	
Pissi	... " 31 to 32
Hard Red... ...	... " 30 to 31
Cottonseed ...	— " 22 to 23

The following are the receipts of Wheat and Seeds into Bombay during the 48 hours ended at 6 p.m. on Monday, 13th June :—

Wheat	12,061 cwts
Linseed	5,412 "
Rapeseed	2,347 "
Gingellyseed	62 "
Poppyseed	2,774 "
Groundnuts..	403 "
Castorseed...	2,939 "
Rice	143,506 "
Myrabollams.	4,830 "
Cottonseed	3,121 "
Mowraseed...	760 "
Gram	1,741 "
Joowar	20,526 "
Maize	...... "

SPININGS.

Petits declined to Rs. 2,862-8 for July and August and were quoted Rs. 2,867-8, but at the close July were quoted at Rs. 2,872-8 and August 2,880.

David	386·4 to 387·8
Kohinoor	700
Framji Petit's	1,730
Currimbhoy	975
Colaba	1,115
Burma	527·8

BANKS.

Bank of Bombay	1,490
Indian Specie Bank	56·4
Bank of India	68

COTTON.

Liverpool was 4 to 7 points down and New York remained unchanged. The tone of the Colaba market was quiet but firm. Demand from exporters and mills being moderate prices remained unchanged. The opener was 4 to 5 points up which made the local market firm. New Broach opened at Rs. 291, but in the evening it closed at Rs. 290.

We learn of the following purchases :—

Bales.			Rs.
100	P Vishram & Co	...Surat	... 335
100	A Blaschek &Co...	do	... 335
200	Bombay Co	...Broach	... 326
100	BussankK	...Bengal	... 285
100	G Cotton & Co	...Karanja	... 287
300	Noor Mills	...Wardha	... 250
200	do	...Poolgaon	... 220
100	do	...Akola	... 230
300	CurrimbhaiMills	...Khandwa	...325-330
200	Phoenix Mills	...Bengal	... 258
200	Colaba Land	...Ujjain	... 269-270
200	Ralli Bros	...Khandesh	... 252
100	Jubilee Mills	...Khadkia	... 245
100	do	...Yeotmal	... 268
100	H Goculdas & Co...	do	... 255

Bengal Hand Gin.	Fine	... 262	
"	Good	... 250	
Bengal Machine Gin.	Fine	... 280	
"	Good	... 265	
Sind Punjab	Fine	... 277	
"	Good	... 262	
Khandesh	Fine	... 280	
"	Good	... 270	
Amraoti	Fine	... 290	
" "	Good	... 280	
Akola Khangaum	Fine	... 290	
"	Good	... 280	
Dhamangaon Poolgaon	Fine	... 294	
"	Good	... 284	
Yeotmal	Fine	... 300	
"	Good	... 290	
Nagpore	Fine	... 304	
"	Good	... 294	
Wardha Hinganghat	Fine	... 309	
"	Good	... 299	
Methia	Fine	... 280	
"	Good	... 270	
Broach Gin	Fine	... 320	
"	Good	... 310	
Sawginned	Fine	... 321	May
Coompta Ginned		... 313	"
Westerns	"	... 300	

FUTURES.

Broach Good	... 290 Mar.
Bengal F G	... 222 8 Jan.

The following are the receipts of Cotton into Bombay during the 48 hours ended at 6 p.m. on Monday, 13th June :—

Khandeish	4 Bales,
Central India...	537 "
Barsi and Nagur	407 "
Berar	329 "
Central Provinces	...... "
Oomras...	1,277 "
Dholera	663 "
Broach...	772 "
Coompta and Dharwar ...	3,763 "
Westerns	293 "
Bengals (N. W. P.)... ...	227 "
Rajputana	463 "
Sind	158 "
Persian	5 "
Other Sorts	7 "
Total ...	7,638 Bales.

LIVERPOOL, June 14.

Opening Tone and Prices.

Opening Tone	Steady.
Estimated Sales	8,000
Total Imports	8,000
Future Delivery Prices :—	
June—July	7·72 + 4
July—Aug.	7·62 + 4
Aug.—Sept	7·33 + 4
Sept.—Oct.	6·86 + 4
Oct.—Nov..	6·65 + 4
Nov.—Dec.	6·58 + 5
Dec.—Jan.	6·51 + 4
Jan.—Feb.	6·50 + 4
Feb.—Mar.	6·49 + 4

FREIGHTS.

Ports.	June. Seed.	Cotton,
Antwerp	... 11 6	... 12 0
Dunkirk	... 10 0	... 11 0
Hayre...	... 12 0	... 12 6
Hull ...	... 11 0	... .
Liverpool	... 11 0	... 11 6
Marseilles	... 11 0	... 11 6
Genoa ...	... 11 0	... 11 6
London	... 11 0	... 13 0
Hamburg	... 12 0	... 12 0
Trieste	... 14 6	... 15 6
Venice...	... 14 6	... 15 6
Open Ports ...	July	... 13 0
	Aug.	... 12 6
	Sept.	... 13 0

Market dull, practically no business.

METALS.

We quote :—

Copper Braziers 4×4	1×. 21 28	Rs. 51 12	
	35 42	" 51 8	
	56 63 70 77 84	Rs. 54 4	
Yellow Metal Sheets	21 28 35 42	a	
	49 56	b	
Tin Ingots.	...	" 40 12	
Spelter	S M ...	" 48 4	
	M M ...		
	J ...		
	G ...		
Georgshutte	... ...	" 23 4	
Copper Ingots	K S ...	" 48 4	
Copper Sheetings	...lbs. 8, 10, 12, 14	" 62 0	
Yellow Metal Sheetings	lbs. 14, 16	......	
	10, 12	" 47 0	

a Rs. 44-12 and 45-0 English.

b Rs. 45-3 to 46-0.

EXPORTS OF BAR SILVER FROM BOMBAY BY RAIL on 11th & 12th June, 1910.

By	Bars.	Ounces.
G. I. P. Railway	15	16,632
B. B. & C. I. Railway.	49	57,394

DAILY EXPORTS.—JUNE 14.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

Olympia s—20 bales wool, C Kimatram; 56 bales wool, D Sassoon and Co; 200 bales hemp, R Reeve and Co; 80 cwts cow horns and 60 cwts animal hoofs, B C Nanji; 2,002 cwts maize, Sanday and Co; 107 bales wool, E D Sassoon and Co; 13 bales wool, G Gungadas; 40 bales wool, The Bombay and Co; 162 bales cotton P Vishram and Co; 39 bales silk waste, D Sassoon and Co; 320 cwts-cottonseed, R Harichand; 30 bales wool, W and A Graham and Co; 48 bales wool, F Khoopchand; 300 bales cotton, A Moritz and Co.

Newby Hall s—525 cwts wheat flour and 900 cwts wheat sweeping, D Tejpal.

FOR LONDON.

Himalaya s—5 bales cotton, Towner and Co 5 cwts myrabollams Tata Sons and Co. 1,040 cwts myrabollams; E Oomersey ; 24 cwts bees wax, J M Rahimtoola; 15 bales goat hair, E Mahomed, 18 bales skins R M Kooka ; 85 bales skins E D Sassoon and Co 69 bales skins W and A Graham and Co 36 bales skins A H Mahomed & Co 5 bales carpets; G P Stevarids and Co.2 bales carpets S J Tellary; 17 1-2 cwts fishmaws 174 cwts tortoise shells K Mianee and Co.

FOR MARSEILLES.

Olympia s—19 casks skins, Enrico N Stein; 50 bales cotton and 1,000 cwts linseed, Volkart Bros ; 305 cwts gum, M Jafferbhoy ; 30 bales hemp, R,Reeve and Co ; 5,011 cwts rapeseed, Ralli Bros.

FOC BARCELONA.

Olympia s—25 bales hemp, R Reeve and Co.

FOR PORT SAID.

Himalaya s—15 bales wool, O Chandabhoy.

FOR HULL.

Cowder Castle s—350 cwts cottonseed, T Canji.

Aleppo s—2,000 cwts cottonseed, V Oodhawji.

FOR BALTIMORE.

Gleneden s—7,300 tons manganese ore, R A Willis.

FOR HAVRE.

Heronspool s—201 cwts mustardseed, J Fachiri ; 200 cwts gum and 200 cwts turmeric bulbs, M Jafferbhoy ; 29 cwts groundnuts, S Cooverji and Co ; 50 bales hemp, P Bhimji.

FOR DUNKIRK.

Clan Sutherland s—220 bales cotton, Bamji and Co ; 330 bales cotton, F F Campbell and Co ; 2,455 cwts rapeseed L Drefuse and Co.

FOR ANTWERP.

Calcutta s—110 bales cotton, E Spinner and Co ; 104 bales cotton, A Moritz and Co ; 282 bales cotton, Ralli Bros ; 1,000 cwts poppyseed, Volkart Bros ; 1,839 cwts poppyseed, 1,040 cwts linseed and 2,124 cwts rapeseed ; Ralli Bros.

FOR HAMBURG.

Braunfels s—4,000 cwts rapeseed, A Blaschek and Co ; 104 bales hemp, D M Doongaji and Co ; 220 bales cotton fly C Peraj and Co ; 26 cwts myrabolams, Kaliandas Bros ; 16 bales cotton, N Damji ; 300 bales cotton, Ralli Bros.

FOR BREMEN.

Braunfels s—110 bales cotton , Volkart Bros ; 115 bales cotton, Ralli Bros.

FOR HONGKONG.

Delhi s—291-4 cwt almonds, Y L Hingpee, 170 cwts olibanum and 62 cwts gum, P Jaithabhoy.

Capri s—20 cwts fishmaws; R Dhunji and Co 22 1-2 gum assafetida, T Canji.

FOR KOBE.

Wakasa Maru s—163-4 cwts hides fleshing, Bassho and Co

Capri s—300 bales cotton, Ralli Bros.

Delhi s—1,087 bales cotton, N B Kaisha.

DEPARTURES.

Per s.s. "R. Rubattino," June 15.

Passengers per Italian Mail s. s. "R. Rubattino," Captain L. Mancini sails to-day. Cabin passengers are requested to be present at Victoria Dock, No. 1 Shed, at 2 p. m. (Standard Time) sharp, to-day, for the medical inspection by the Health Officer of the Port. Deck passengers will have to be present at Prince's Dock at New Disinfecting Station, 12-30 p. m. (Standard Time) to-day with their luggage and kit :—

Abbott, Mr and Mrs
Abbott, Miss
Ansell, Mr G G
Adcock, Mr and Mrs
Benerji, Mr D N
Brown, Mr W A
Bowles, Mr
Cargill, Mr J
Cumber, Mr
Chapman, Mrs
Dennys, Lieut-Col G
Draper, Mr and Mrs
Giddings, Mr F
Gladys Hogan, Miss
Herron, Miss C B
Khumbatta, Mr C F
Langhorne, Mr and Mrs F J and child
Mazzarelli, Mr and Mrs D
Motunlal, Mr
Mahbub Elahi, Mr
Mawson, Mrs
Michael, Mr K
Newman, Mrs and girl
Oldfield, Col F H
Pipito, Mr
Pinatel, Rev Fr
Robertson, Mr F A De V
Rota, Rev Fr
Rennell, Mrs E M
Schubart, Mr
Schwarz, Mr
Sudds, Major W B
Schurter, Miss E
Sen, Mrs A P and child
Toliatos, Mr B
Wilson, Mr and Mrs and 5 children
Wallach, Mrs L W
Weichand, Mr

BOMANJI DINSHAW PETIT HOSPITAL.

The Secretary begs to announce the following contributions towards the abovenamed hospital :—

Amount previously acknowledged, Rs 17,45,602-14-3; from one of the trustees of the late Mr N M Wadia, C I E, Rs 200 ; amount sent direct to the Trustees of the Parsi Panchayet : Bai Aimai Merwanji Cama in memory of the anniversary of Mr Pherozeshaw Pestonji Cama (17th day of the 9th month of 1279), Rs 100; sum under five, Rs 4 ; from the amount subscribed at the Oothamna ceremony of the late Bai Meherbai Kaikhasru Chinoy who died on the 8th day of the 9th month of Shenshai 1278, Yezdezardi 18th May 1909, Rs 100 ; from the amount subscribed at the Oothamna ceremony of the late Mr Burjorji H Bhesania by his relative Mr Kharshedji M Bhesania, Rs 51 ; in loving memory of the late Bai Jerbai Bomanji Shroff by Mr Dinshaw Edulji Mistri, Rs 50 ; Mr Bomanji Edulji Kashinath in pious memory of his son Jamshed (instalments for May and June), Rs 50 ; in sad memory of the first monthly ceremony of my late beloved wife Dina from a broken heart Roj Ahurmusd Maha Adar, Rs 25 ; the surplus amount of the first anniversary ceremony of the late Mr Burjorji Ruttonji Bilimoria performed by the clerks of Sir Dinshaw Petit through Mr Dhanjibhoy M Mehta, Rs 20 ; Bai Awabai Kavasji Sanjana in memory of the late Bai Ruttonbai Sookhia, Rs 15 ; Badrida (through the Sanj Vartman) Rs 5 ; from an an significant Oothamna (Pyubux Burmah), 5; Badrida through the Jam-e-Jamshed,) Rs. 5 ; sum under rupees five, Rs 3 ; total, Rs. 17,46,235 14-3.

CONSTIPATION.

A RELIABLE AND LASTING CURE.

Constipation means that there is not a regular and sufficient action of the bowels. It is a very dangerous disorder because it prevents the body's waste from leaving the system and this waste soon turns to poison. This is how many fatal diseases begin ; and it is always wise to keep a box of Doan's Dinner Pills handy, and to take a dose whenever a day passes without a motion of the bowels. Doan's Dinner Pills restore to the muscles of the bowels their natural power of discharging the decaying waste matter which would otherwise cause disease. They soften the mass of waste, and so prevent discomfort and pain in passing. This medicine is prepared from pure vegetable extracts, which tone up the whole digestive system, restoring a regular and natural action to the stomach, liver and bowels, and stimulating the flow of the digestive fluids, so that perfect digestion is assured.

"At the birth of my first child," says Mrs. Thorkildsen, of 13, Nile Row, Poole, England, "I had to go under chloroform, as I never seemed to have completely got over the effects of the anaesthetic, for I have suffered ever since from serious stomach troubles and constipation.

"Parts of my body always seemed numbed ; there was no feeling whatever in my legs. For days and days I would have fearful headaches, and the cruel throbbing used to make me cry out. Sometimes it came over all dark before my eyes. When I went upstairs quickly my heart throbbed, and I perspired freely.

"I have suffered terribly from constipation, and more than once I have been costive for a whole fortnight. Only a few days ago I had an attack which left me almost dead.

"I am very pleased to tell you that Doan's Dinner Pills have relieved me wonderfully. They have restored a natural action to the bowels, and taken away that terrible numb feeling from the limbs. I cannot say enough for this splendid medicine."

Doan's Ointment is sold by all medicine dealers and stores at Rs. 2 per pot, or 6 pots for Rs. 10-8-0, or from Doan's Medicines, P.O. Box 20, Bombay.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

The Charge for Announcement of Births, Marriages, Deaths and Memoriam Notices, which must be authenticated by the name and address of the sender is Rs. 2 for six lines or less, and 8 as. for very additional line. Cash strictly in Advance.

OTHER PRESIDENCIES.

MARRIAGES.

DUNCAN—McKENNIE—May 23, at Khargpur, by the Rev W J Simmons, B A, Alexander Duncan, B N Ry, to Pearl Marion, younger daughter of the late R C McKennie, Esq.

HARRIS—BEALE—June 2, at the Church of St Michael and all Angels, Jalpaiguri, Arthur John Willoughby Harris, Assistant Settlement Officer and third son of the late Captain F W Harris, late H M 36th Regiment to Ada Constance, second daughter of James Ashton Beale, District Engineer, Jalpaiguri.

DEATH.

MacLEOD—May 22, at Kot Chandpur, Jessore, Francis Bertram MacLeod, aged 46 years.

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Sun rises, 6th 2m. ; Sun sets, 7th. 16m. High water, 5-33m., 5-40a ; Low water, 11-33m. 10-46a.

Public Meeting of the citizens of Bombay, re death of King Edward VII, H. E. the Governor presiding, Town Hall, 5 30 p.m.

Bombay Standing Committee, 4-10 p.m.

Football : Rovers vs Parel Gymkhana, Cooperage, 5-45 p. m.

Excelsior Cinematograph, King's Funeral at the Novelty Theatre, 7 to 8, 8-30 to 9-30 and 10 to 11 p. m.

THE ENGLISH MAILS.

ARRIVAL.

The P. and O. Company's s. s. "Oceana," with the English Mails of the 3rd instant, which left Aden at 4 p. m. on Sunday, is expected to arrive in Bombay harbour at 6 a.m. on Friday next.

DEPARTURE.

The P. and O. Company's s. s. "Himalaya," leaves Bombay harbour at 2-30 p.m. on Saturday.

Maxim : "Begin nothing until you have considered how it is to be finished."

Postal Notice.—Mails for Natal, Cape Colony, L. Marques and other places in South Africa per extra s.s. "Umkuzi" via Tuticorin and Colombo will be closed at the General Post Office at 7·30 p.m. on Saturday, the 18th instant.

Concert.—A concert will be held in the Y. W. C. A. Hall, on Wednesday, the 22nd instant, at 9-15 p.m. The following are taking part. Mrs. Ben Hick, Miss Spence, Miss Walters, Mr. H. A. Glendinning, Mr. Horace A. Dennis, Mr. Aubrey Rhenius.

The Gatha Society.—At the Weekly Meeting of the Society to be held this evening at 5-30 p.m. (B. T.) at the Dadysett Agiary Hall, Fort. Mr. M.N. Dastur, M.A., will expound Gatha Ushtavaite, Chap. IV. (Yasna XLVI.), verse 17. Thereafter, Mr. B. T. Anklesaria, M. A., will read a paper on "The two Sisters of Yima."

A Causing Hurt.—Before Mr. J. W. S. Dracup, Second Presidency Magistrate at the Mazagon Police Court, yesterday. Superintendent Priestley charged Abdul Jamal Karimbux, a Mahomedan, with causing hurt to Asubai a woman. The woman was living with the accused and about a fortnight ago she left him. Yesterday morning he went to her house and bit off the tip of her nose. It seems he swallowed the tip of the nose and ran away. He was arrested by the police. The case was adjourned.

The Late King.—A meeting of the Agle Community was held yesterday at Durgadevi under the presidency of Mr. Mangalrao Ramji Mhatre and the following resolution was passed at the meeting :—"We, the members of the Agle Community of this presidency, are extremely grieved to hear of the untimely death of our most beloved Emperor Edward VII. whose rule was so very benign and beneficent to us. We devoutly pray that his soul be in peace in heaven and may our new Emperor and Empress live long to rule over us."

RAILWAY PASSENGERS' GRIEVANCE.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

Sir,—May I be permitted to invite the attention of the General Traffic Manager, B. B. and C. I. Railway, to the great inconvenience which will be experienced by the passengers and passholders of the Malad Station from Monday, the 13th instant, on account of the reduction of local trains, viz., Up local No. 19, Down locals Nos. 50 and 54. It may be mentioned that Malad has now much population which will be proved from the great number of bungalows and the large number of passholders. It is suggested that the General Traffic Manager kindly arrange to stop the said locals at the Malad station by which favour the great hardship which is anticipated will be averted.—Yours, etc.,

A PASSENGER.

Malad, June, 13th.

WAKE UP INDIA.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

Sir,—May I trouble you to correct a date in my letter of the 10th instant? Owing to an error in my draft apparently I state that "Japan had 215,000 spindles and 200 looms in 1899;" the comparison covers 20 years and it should be 1889.—Yours, etc.,

ARTHUR LESLIE.

Bombay, June 14th.

THE CITY MORTALITY.

The Municipal Office returns for the twenty-four hours, ending at 6 a. m. yesterday, give the following results :—

Wards.	Plague. Attacks.	Plague. Deaths.	Total deaths from all causes.
A Upper, Middle and Lower Colaba, Fort Northern, Fort Southern and Esplanade	1	0	5
B Mandvi, Chukla, Oomerkhadi and Dongri	1	1	10
C Market Dhobi Talao, Fanaswady, Bhuleshwar, Khara Talao, and Kumbharwada	3	2	12
D Khetwadi, Girgaum, Chowpati, Walkeshwar, and Mahalaxmi	0	0	3
E Masagon, Tarwadi, 2nd Nagpada, Kamatipura, Tardeo, Byculla and 1st Nagpada	1	0	25
F Parel, Sewree and Sion...	1	1	8
G Mahim and Worli	2	2	4
H Harbour	0	0	0
Hospital	0	0	3
Total......	9	6	75
This day last year ...	10	7	71

THE RAT CAMPAIGN.

June 14th 1910.

Ward.	Alive.	Dead	Found Infected,
A	53	18	2
B	74	71	2
B	75	83	4
C	59	25	5
D	72	20	1
E	87	16	0
E	69	60	1
F	56	3	0
G	22	0	0
Total ...	567	301	15
Total killed to date rats	...	...	868

LEGAL INTELLIGENCE.

HIGH COURT.

MILLIONAIRE AND HIS DAUGHTER.

Suit Under the Relief Act.

On the Original Side of the Bombay High Court yesterday, the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Macleod, heard the suit filed by Ahmedbhoy Habibbhoy against his daughter Jenabai, in which the plaintiff prayed that the defendant might be ordered forthwith to leave the premises at Mount Pleasant Road and give up possession thereof to the plaintiff and that the plaintiff be put in possession thereof forthwith.

The Hon'ble Mr. M. R. Jardine and Mr. W. L. Weldon, instructed by Messrs. Thakurdas and Company, appeared for the plaintiff ; the Hon'ble Mr. Jinnah, with the Hon'ble Mr. C. H. Setalwad, instructed by Messrs. Payne and Company, was for the defendant.

The plaintiff stated that he was the owner of a bungalow at Mount Pleasant Road and was in sole and exclusive possession thereof as he was entitled to be until the 16th February last. On the 16th February last about noon the defendant (who had been residing separately from the plaintiff for many years past in a house of the plaintiff situated at Karolwady) with her servants without the permission and consent of the plaintiff and notwithstanding the strong protestation and resistance of his bhaya, who was in charge and in possession of the bungalow at that time on behalf of the plaintiff, took forcible possession of the bungalow, outhouses and its compound, which bungalow and permises were now of the value of upwards of 4 lacs of rupees. The plaintiff said that the defendant dispossessed him without his consent and otherwise than in due course of law. The plaintiff had required the defendant to leave the bungalow with the persons brought by her on the premises, but she had not done so and was still with her servants in such forcible possession of the bungalow and premises. He therefore brought this suit under section 9 of the Specific Relief Act for ejecting the defendant from the bungalow and premises and recovering possession thereof.

The defendant, in her written statement, said that the plaintiff had entirely misrepresented and misstated her action and intentions in the plaint. The real facts were as follows :—The bungalow referred to was purchased and stood in the name of the plaintiff, but there had been and was a long standing dispute in the family as to whether the bungalow and the other property in the name and possession of the plaintiff were his self-acquired property. All the other members of the plaintiff's family were agreed that the bungalow and other property were joint family-property and they had always claimed and did claim an interest in the same as the plaintiff was aware. The plaintiff had taken no steps to establish that the same were his self-acquired property. The defendant, however, submitted that even if the Bungalow was the separate property of the plaintiff, she, as his unmarried daughter, was entitled to reside there with him. She also submitted that the other members of the joint family were necessary parties to this suit and that the suit, as framed, would not lie. She denied that the bhaya protested against or resisted the entrance of herself and her servants and altogether denied that she took forcible possession thereof. She only required and occupied a small portion of the bungalow. She further submitted that the plaintiff was not entitled to sue her under section 9 of the Specific Relief Act and that this suit should be dismissed with costs.

She further said that though the plaintiff owned property to the value of a crore of rupees, he had, for the last ten years, during which owing to his bad temper and cruelty the defendant was obliged to live separate from him, declined and neglected to give her any maintenance. She had hitherto maintained herself by selling her ornaments and by borrowing from her relations, but she was now utterly destitute of money. She submitted that she was entitled to reasonable maintenance from the plaintiff whether the property in the plaintiff's hands was joint or was self-acquired, and the counter-claim for such sum to be paid to her for her maintenance as to the Court seemed fit and for arrears of maintenance for the last ten years or for payment of the debts amounting to Rs. 8,100.

At the suggestion of his Lordship, the counter-claim was set aside.

The case is proceeding.

PARTNERSHIP DISPUTE.

On the Original Side of the Bombay High Court, yesterday, the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Beaman disposed of the suit filed by Dayal Mulji against S. B. Fraser and others for a declaration that the plaintiff was a partner in the firm of S. B. Fraser and Sons and was entitled to a share in the commission and profits earned by the firm and for other reliefs.

Mr. J. B. Kanga, with Mr. F. Sorabji Talyarkhan, instructed by Messrs. Mulla and Mulla, appeared for the plaintiff ; Mr. R. D. N. Wadia and Mr. Jehangir H. Vakil, instructed by Messrs. Thakurdass and Company, were for the defendants. The facts of this case have been reported in the previous issue of the "Bombay Gazette." On the case being called on, Mr. Kanga intimated to the Court that his client did not wish to proceed with the case.

His Lordship, accordingly, dismissed the suit with costs.

THE BOMBAY ABDUCTION CASE.

Suit to Restrain Marriage.

On the Original Side of the Bombay High Court, yesterday, the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Macleod disposed of the suit filed by Lakhmidas Shamji and Premcore, a minor, against Vandravandass Valji and others, for restraining the defendants from celebrating or taking any step towards celebrating the marriage of the second plaintiff with the third defendant or any other persons and for the deliverance of the person of the second plaintiff.

The facts of this case have been reported in the previous issue of the "Bombay Gazette."

After hearing the evidence and arguments of counsel, His Lordship dismissed the suit with costs.

CLAIM UNDER A CONTRACT.

On the Original Side of the Bombay High Court, yesterday, the Hon'ble Mr. Justice C. McLeod heard a case in which one Dharamsey Bhavanji sued Thacker Ghellabhoy and others to recover the sum of Rs. 22,625-10-3 and Rs.1,403-12 3, being the amounts advanced to carry on a contract which the defendants had entered into with the B.B. and C. I. Railway Company for supplying stone metal. Mr. Rahimtulla Karmali Pirbhai appeared for the plaintiff. His Lordship after taking the circumstances of the case into consideration, passed a decree in favour of the plaintiff with costs.

SHORT CAUSES.

(*Before Mr. Justice Davar.*)

In the suit filed by Messrs. Ralli Brothers against Vasanji Bhanji and another, the Hon'ble Mr. M. R. Jardine, Acting Advocate-General, appeared for the plaintiffs ; the first defendant appeared in person ; the second defendant did not appear.

The Hon'ble Mr. Jardine said that the claim was for Rs. 8,859 in respect of six cotton contracts. The first defendant had filed his schedule and had admitted the plaintiffs' claim in it. Mr. Jardine said the first defendant was a partner in the firm of Shamji Jivraj.

John Cavadier, an assistant in Ralli Brothers, said he could not get any delivery of cotton from Shamji Jivraj under the six contracts, though he tried to do so. The second defendant was the widow of Shamji Jivraj but she could not pay.

A personal decree against the first defendant and as heir of her husband against the second defendant for the amount claimed was passed with interest and costs.

SUIT ON PROMISSORY NOTE.

In the suit filed by Govindji Madhavji against Devidass Vandravandass and another, Mr. J. H. Vakeel, instructed by Messrs. Thakurdas and Company, appeared for the plaintiff. Mr. Jaffer Rahimtoolla appeared for the defendants.

The suit was to recover Rs. 15,000 on a promissory note.

By consent of parties, the case was adjourned for a fortnight.

SUIT ON COMMISSION AGENCY ACCOUNT.

In the suit filed by Mulji Brothers and Jumani against Merwanji Bomonji, Mr. Mirza, instructed by Messrs. Tyebji Dayabhai and Company, appeared for the plaintiff.

The suit was for the recovery of Rs. 2,234 being the commission in respect of cotton transactions done on behalf of the defendant.

A decree for the amount claimed was passed with interest and costs.

CLAIM FOR GOODS SOLD.

In the suit filed by Messrs. Hormusji Muncherji and Sons against David Hysolf, Mr. Pestanji Hormusji, a partner in the firm appeared in person and prayed for a decree for Rs. 7,466 in respect of oilman stores sold to the defendant.

After recording the evidence of the plaintiff, His Lordship passed a decree with interest and costs.

SUIT BY PEOPLES' BANK.

In the suit filed by the Peoples' Bank of India, Ltd., against James Buckley and another, Mr. J. H. Vakeel, instructed by Messrs. Thakurdass and Company, appeared for the plaintiffs ; the defendants did not appear.

Mr. Vakeel said that this was a suit to recover Rs. 10,000 on a bill of sale executed in his client's favour. Since the institution of the suit, the defendants had paid half the amount claimed and wanted a fortnight's time to pay the balance. He was prepared to consent to an adjournment.

The case was then adjourned for a fortnight.

SERVICE WAIVED.

In the suit filed by Y. Kader M. Romether against M. K. Sultan Mohidin and others, Mr. Rangnekar, instructed by Messrs. Raghuviyya, Bhimji and Nagindass, appeared for the plaintiff.

Mr. D. N. Bahadurji, instructed by Messrs. Crawford Brown and Company, appeared for the first defendant and said his client was not served. The other defendants did not appear.

Mr. Bahadurji waived the service and asked for an adjournment to enable him to file a written statement.

The hearing was then adjourned for three weeks.

SUIT ON COTTON CONTRACTS.

In the suit filed by Messrs. Liladhar and Company against the firm of Shamji Jivraj, Mr. R. D. N. Wadia, instructed by Messrs. Bhaishankar Kanga and Ghirdharlal, appeared for the plaintiffs; the defendant-firm did not appear.

Mr. Wadia said there was an order for substituted service.

The hearing of the suit was adjourned for a month to enable the plaintiff and make Shamji's widow a party to the suit.

POLICE SUPERINTENDENT SUED.

In the suit filed by Messrs. Cox and Company against Lieut. Richard James Keatn Potter, Assistant Superintendent of Police, Rangoon, Mr. W. L. Weldon, instructed by Messrs. Little and Company, appeared for the plaintiffs ; the defendant did not appear.

Mr. Weldon said the defendant was served through the prothonotary. The suit was on a promissory note and a loan account. Richard Andrews, assistant in Messrs. Cox and Company, produced the promissory note signed by the defendant payable in Bombay on demand. Rs. 2,384 were found due, inclusive of interest upto 28th February 1909, on the current account. Rs. 42 were found due on the second account. In spite of frequent demands, the defendant had not paid anything.

A decree for the total amount was passed with interest and costs.

SUIT BY GINNING MERCHANT.

In the suit filed by Mahomedaly Essabhoy against Kanji Rowji, Mr. D. N. Bahadurji, instructed by Messrs. Payne and Coy., appeared for the plaintiff ; the defendant did not appear.

The suit was to recover Rs. 67,527 in respect of cotton transactions. The defendant's loose cotton was ginned and pressed by the plaintiff for the defendant. The plaintiff had also made advances on the security of that cotton. The account was signed by the defendant.

A decree for the amount claimed was passed with interest and costs.

SILVER TRANSACTIONS.

In the suit filed by Kasturchand Punamchand against Kalulal Kothare, Mr. J. H. Vakeel, instructed by Messrs. Thakurdass and Company, appeared for the plaintiff ; the defendant did not appear.

Mr. Vakeel said that this was a suit to recover Rs. 24,225 in respect of silver transactions in February and March last. He had obtained an attachment before judgment.

After recording evidence his Lordship passed a decree for the amount claimed with interest and costs, and the attachment was confirmed.

In the suit filed by the Hon'ble Sirdar Syed Alli Edroos against Chhotalal Narotamdas, Mr. Shroff, instructed by Messrs. Motichand and Dayabhai, appeared for the plaintiff ; the defendant did not appear.

The suit was for Rs. 2,000 lent by the plaintiff in two cheques of Rs. 1,000 each on the Bank of Bombay. The defendant had filed his schedule and had admitted the claim.

A decree with stay of execution was passed.

POLICE NEWS.

ALLEGED ASSAULT ON A PUBLIC SERVANT.

Yesterday, at the Esplanade Police Court, before Mr. A. H. S. Aston, Chief Presidency Magistrate, Inspector Guider charged Arthur Betton, a student, aged 17, with assaulting a public servant in the discharge of his duty. Mr. Vicaji F. Vicaji, pleader, defended the accused.

Vithal Luxman, P. C. No. 990 A., the complainant in the case, deposed that on Monday at 11 a.m. he was removing a mad dog, which was dying, on the Mayo Road, with a long stick. The dog began to whine, when the accused came up, slapped him and pushed him down the footpath. The complainant asked the accused for his name, but the latter refused to give it and said he would still further beat him.

Questioned by the Court, the accused said he was looking out of his window, when he saw the sepoy dragging the dog along. The animal was groaning. He asked the sepoy to kill it outright or to leave it where it was. But the sepoy took no notice and he (the accused) lost his temper and slapped him on the face. He did not know whether the dog was mad.

His Worship inquired whether it was part of the sepoy's duty to drag the dog along.

Mr. Guider said it was, as the sepoy was removing the animal to a dust-bin cart and that he did not kill it as Hindus were averse to killing animals.

Inspector Jennet deposed that on Monday morning he saw the dog near Messrs. Lund and Blockley's, and as it was snapping at everyone passing by, he warned people that the dog was mad. He then fetched a stick, with which he stunned the dog. As the dog was not dead, he went back and fetched a hammer, with which he smashed the skull of the animal, and telling the sepoy to have the dog removed, left the place. He did not think the dog would survive.

Mr. Vicaji, addressing the Court, said that the accused expressed regret for having slapped the complainant and that he was actuated by a feeling of humanity towards the dog. He must have told the sepoy to kill the dog outright or to leave it where it was, and under the circumstances his Worship might warn and discharge the accused.

His Worship held that the accused could not be charged under section 353 I. P. C., with assaulting a public servant in the discharge of his duty, as it was no part of the sepoy's duty to have dragged the dog away and that it was causing the animal unnecessary pain to have been dragged in that manner. He accordingly discharged the accused. His Worship added that the sepoy might bring a separate charge against the accused in his private capacity.

The United States Treasury at Washington has installed machinery for the washing and ironing of dollar notes so as to destroy germs.

NEW

IMPERIAL HOTEL

FORT, BOMBAY.

MOST CENTRALLY SITUATED

Opposite the Stock Exchange

AND

Close to all Business Places and Railways,

Entirely rebuilt on the most approved sanitary principles after the Style of modern European Hotels, equipped throughout with Furniture and Fittings of the latest design, unrivalled for style, elegance and comfort matchless for Cuisine and Wines.

Each Room has a Bath attached.

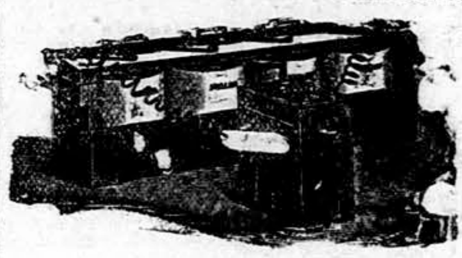
TERMS RS. 3 PER DAY & UPWARDS!

The management have spared no pains or expense to make this Hotel in all respects unapproachable.

A TRIAL SOLICITED.

FULLER FULLER FULLER

BICHROMATE BATTERY CHARGING



You connect the Accumulator at night, it is Fully charged in the morning.

Worldwide Unsolicited Testimonials.

"As a convenient means for charging Motor, Bicycle or Car Accumulators at home, the new sets introduced by Messrs. Fuller of Wick Lane Works, Bow, London, would be hard to beat."—"The Motor."

Fuller Accumulator, Trembler and non-Trembler Patent High Speed Coils.

Fuller Magnetos, High Tension Standard and Self Starting Model, Made Five Worlds Records.

Fuller Leclenche Combination, Dry, Latent, Motor Capsule and Universal Batteries, Fuller Fans, Fuller Test Lamps, Carriage Electric Lamps, Switches, Volt and Ampere Meters, Wires and all Electric Ignitialities and Motor Accessories.

JOHN C. FULLER & SON, BOW, LONDON, SOLE AGENTS FOR INDIA.

D. R. DADY,

Church Gate Buildings, BOMBAY.

Dioxogen

THE PURE PEROXIDE OF HYDROGEN

Send for a FREE Trial Bottle

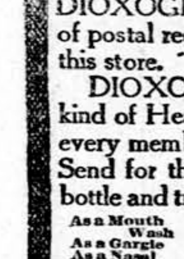
The Oakland Chemical Company of New York will send a free 2oz. bottle of DIOXOGEN upon receipt of postal request, mentioning this store.

DIOXOGEN is the best kind of Health Insurance for every member of the family. Send for the complimentary bottle and try DIOXOGEN

As a Mouth Wash
As a Gargle
As a Nasal Douche
For Nose Bleed
For Wounds and Cuts
For Burns and Scalds
For Boils, Abscesses, Etc.
For Ivy Poisoning
For Ear Ache
For "Pink Eye," Styes Etc.
After Shaving
For the Complexion
For Pimples, Blackheads, Etc.
For Chapped Hands and Face
For Sunburn
For Body Odors
For Manicuring
For Mosquito and Insect Bites
For Bee Stings
To Remove Bandages that Stick

Full directions for each use will accompany the trial bottle. Be sure and mention this store and send the postal request today.

TOMSON & CO.,
Kalbadevi,
BOMBAY.



Agents :—
ANGLO-INDIAN DRUG
AND CHEMICAL Co.,
Bombay, No. 2.

I Say Emphatically

"That Sciatica, that most excruciating of maladies can be cured! Little's Oriental Balm cured me, after five years of misery. It will cure you." That voices sentiment of one grateful patient. Thousands of others are ready to join in the chorus of praising this remarkable dispeller of Sciatica and Rheumatism. Its benign influence is felt from the first application. Often, only one bottle is equired to make a complete and permanent cure. Sometimes it will take two or three or more to do the work but it always gets there. If you suffer longer these terrible torments, you have always yourself to blame. Don't despair just because other remedies have failed to cure your Sciatica. Little's Oriental Balm in different from all other remedies. It cures, a thousands can testify. Sold at Re. 1 per bottle of all Chemists and Medicine Vendors.

Sal Hepatica

An effervescing combination of the Tonic, Alterative and Laxative Salts similar to the celebrated Bitter Waters of Europe, fortified by the addition of Lithia and Sodium Phosphate. It stimulates the liver, tones intestinal glands, purifies the alimentary tract, improves digestion, assimilation and metabolism. Especially valuable in Rheumatism, Gout, Bilious Attacks and Constipation. Most efficient in eliminating toxic products from intestinal tract or blood, and correcting vicious or impaired functions.

For sale by chemists.

Sal Hepatica

KEMP & Co. 7, Elphinstone Circle Bombay.
BEYNON & Co. 55 Esplanade Road

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

MEN-OF-WAR & ROYAL INDIAN MARINE SHIPS.

DOCKYARD.

R I M S Lapwing...Lt Comdr MacLean...Royal Navy
R I M S Hardinge......Comdr Farewell..........R I M
R I M S Northbrook...Comdr J Marsack......R I M S
R I M S Dufferin......Comdr A J Marsack.........R I M
R I M S Investigator...Comdr W Y Beauchamp...... Survey Street
R I M S Polinarus...Comdr Taylor ....R I M S

VESSELS IN THE HARBOUR.—June 14.

Vessel	Ton	Captain	Agents
Aldgate	2208	King	W & A Graham & Co
Abydos	1940	Robertson	N F......G Hoosein
Eeme	1899	Barrand	Shaw, Wallace & Co
Clematis	2368	Robinson	Andrew Zuel & Co
Crossby	2531	Wamsley	W&A Graham &Co
Feliciana	2765	Falck	T Morrison& Co
Gleneden	3018	Graham	......
Harport	2503	Lamb	......
Hurmonic	1826	Rai	Captain
Hydra	831	Kersiborn	F F Campbell& Co
Ivydene	2277	Binks	W & A Graham & Co
Lhasa	950	McDearmid	M M & Co
Megna	772	Mande	M M & Co
Magdala	3133	Lumond	W & A Graham &CO
Madura	1273	Bamber	M M & Co
Najmi	2522	Hallet	E & A M Jeewanji
Nowshera	1961	Rose	M M & Co
Nerbudda	1961	Ramage	M M & Co
Orissa	3525	Kedslie	M M & Co
Oceana	3155	Ryder	W & A Graham & Co
Pennine Range	2214	Blance	T Morrison & Co
Quirimba	4937	Smith	M M & Co
Rehmania	1872	Coats	B & P S N & Co
Shah Jehan	2566	Born	B & H S N & Co
Saifi	502	Willoughley	B & H S N & Co
Springburn	3173	Crosthwaite	W&A Graham & Co
Strathgarry	2840	Neill	W & A Graham & Co
Vadala	2164	Ramage	M M & Co
Wildenfels	3559	Kuckens	W &A Graham & Co

VESSELS IN DOCK.—June 14.

PRINCE'S DOCK.

Vessel.	Ton.	Capt.	Dest.	Date.	Agents.
A Clan Sutherland	1794	Rodger	Dunkirk	21 6	J Finlay & Co Ld
B Wakasa Maru	3384	Neilsen	Kobe	16 6	N Y Kaisha
C&R Devanha	4785	Powell	Aden	25 6	P & O S N Co
D&E Newby Hall	2341	Parker	Liverpool	5 7	Killick Nixon & Co
F Peerless	2011	Vickers	Barrow in Furness	20 6	W & A Graham & Co
G Naderi	1169	Gore	P Gulf	22 6	B & P S N & Co
H Islami	1604	Green	R S Ports	N F	B & P S N & Co
K Calcutta	2244	Fuller	Antwerp	15 6	T Morrison & Co
L Radiant	1845	Smart	Philadelphia	18 6	R A Willis
M Mazagon	3279	Cocklier	Rangoon	16 6	M M & Co
N Strathleven	2845	Todd	Philadelphia	18 6	R A Willis
O Aleppo	2537	Braddley	Hull	15 6	J Finlay & Co
P Teespool	2938	McCarthy	Port Said	24 6	W & A Graham& Co
Q Folmina	2546	Eijken	Karachi	16 6	M M & Co
VICTORIA DOCK.					
1 R Rubattino	2681	Lingi	Genoa	15 6	F & R S N Co
2 Olympia	3269	Tail	Liverpool	22 6	W & A Graham & Co
3 Strathford	2811	Arnot	Antwerp	15 6	W & A G & Co
5 Heronspool	2105	Jones	Port Said	18 6	W & A Graham & Co
6 Bassano	2762	Boxhall	Karachi	21-6	J Finlay & Co
7 Braunfels	3558	Schmidt	Hamburg	17 6	W & A Graham & Co
9 Quiloa	4942	Stewart	Rangoon	18 6	M M & Co
10&11 Delhi	4783	Gordon	Shanghai	22 6	P & O S N & Co
12&13 Himalaya	3700	Spicer	London	18 6	P & O S N & Co
14 Linga	756	Catbush	Karachi	17 6	M M & Co
15 Capri	2717	Moresco	Hongkong	17 6	F R S N & Co
16 Somali	1615	Greiwe	Durban	21 6	A Strandis & Co
M W D D					
Bezwada	3270	Broq	N F		M M & Co
H W V D					
Kasara	505	Elton	Busreh	16 6	M M & Co
H W P D					
Bahaduri	829	Fakeera	M'goa	15 6	Bo S N Co Ld
Netravati	699	Cassam	N F	N F	Bo S N Co Ld
Ponani	552	Hoosen	B'nagar	14 6	Bo S N Co Ld
Sabarmati	524	Mahomed	N F	N F	Bo S N Co Ld
Sarasvati	443	Ahmed	Karachi	14 6	Bo S N Co Ld
Satrunji	547	Esmail	N F	N F	Bo S N Co Ld

ARRIVALS.

June	Vessels.	Commanders.	From
14	Madura	Bamber	Bushire, June 1
	Qairimber	Smith	Calcutta, May 27
	Harport	Lamb	Calcutta, May 30
	Gleneden	Graham	Sudan, June 4

DEPARTURES.

June	Vessels.	Commanders.	Destination.
14	Cowder Castle	Day	Hull
	Moshtari	Watson	Persian Gulf

The following vessels obtain their portclearance on Tuesday :—
Steamer Strathford, Arant, Antwerp
„ R Rubattino, Mancini, Genoa

The following vessels began to load on Tuesday :—
Steamer Madura, for Persian Gulf
„ Newby Hall, for Liverpool, etc
„ Gleneden, for Baltimore

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER ARTILLERY.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY MAJOR R. W. R. PENNINGTON, COMMANDING B. V. A.

Bombay, 15th June.

Leave of absence for three months from 18th June is granted to Captain Bernard Triggs, Comdg E E Company.

E. P. CUDLIP, Lieut. R. A.,
Adjt., B. V. A.

NOTICE.

Cricket.

B V A versus Bombay City Police, Saturday 18th, on Oval 2 p m

B V A versus R A Sergeants, Sunday 19th, at Colaba, at 2 p m

FOOTBALL.

There will be an inter Company Match on Thursday next, the 16th instant, on the Marine Lines Ground.

Kick off at 6 p m. Will the following members please turn up :—

Hill, Rowe, Longley, Pepper, Bellamy, Dickson Woolley, Stewart, White, Rose, Spencer, Taylor, Chapmen, Allen, Winckler, Vears, Morrissey, Guildera Webb, Rogers, Symes, Forbes, Ashworth.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLES.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY LT.-COL. R. W. L. DUNLOP, V. D.

Bombay, 15th June.

456. There will be Company Drill for "G" Company every Monday at 7-30 a.m., on the Maidan throughout the monsoon, commencing Monday the 20th instant.

457. Medals.—It is notified for information that the Medals for year 1909-10 are now ready for issue. Members entitled to them should attend Head-Quarters at an early date.

A. L. CARTWRIGHT, Capt.,
Adjt., B. V. R.

The Kaiser has conferred a medal for bravery in saving life on the Hereditary Prince Nicholas, heir to the crown of the Grand Duchy of Oldenburg. Prince Nicholas was in a rowing boat in which was his grandmother, the Dowager Grand Duchess Marie of Mecklenburg-Schwerin. The boat capsized, and both were thrown into the water. The Grand Duchess Marie was in imminent danger of drowning, being unable to swim and hampered by her heavy clothes. Prince Nicholas, who is aged twelve, kept her above water until rescue came fifteen minutes later. The Grand Duchess Marie is fifty years of age.

THE ROYAL GOOD HOPE
ESPLANADE BAR,
WITH
JOHN ROBERT'S BILLIARD SALOON,
BY
OLD PARSEE GEORGE,

REMOVED after 22 years from the 1st Esplanade Cross Lane to the new 3rd ESPLANADE CROSS LANE, opposite to the Bombay Electric Supply and Tramway Company.

McEWAN'S
ENGLISH PALE ALE ON DRAUGHT.
Near Crawford Market.
A few minutes' walk from Tramway Line.
Wine, &c., of the best quality.

Charges comparatively very moderate.

PROPRIETOR :—C. P. OOMRIGUR.

FRESH FLOWERS.

BEST FLORAL TRIBUTES on funeral occasions. Wreaths, Crosses, Bridal bouquets of Orange Blossoms and Sprays. Bouquets, Garlands, Fancy Floral Baskets, Cut Flowers, Button-holes, Pade to orders. Fruit, Flowering and Fobiage plants, malms, etc. PRICES MODERATE. Orders received day and night.

SORABJEE A. M. ERANEE,
Adelphi Hotel Compound, Clare Road,
Near Parsee Statue, Byculla.

LAWRENCE & MAYO,
OPHTHALMIC OPTICIANS
TO THE PRINCIPAL OPHTHALMIC SURGEONS IN THE EAST
By Appointment to
H. E. THE EARL OF MINTO, P.C., G.M.S.I., G.M.I.E., G.C.M.G., VICEROY AND GOVERNOR-GENERAL OF INDIA
AND
H. E. General Sir O'MOORE CREAGH, V.C., G.C.B., I.A., Commander-in-Chief in India.

LAWRENCE AND MAYO'S PERFECT PEBBLES are all cut from Selected Rock Crystal (Oxide of Silicon) of the hardest kind. They are cool, light, faultlessly ground and polished and cannot be scratched by ordinary wear.

HEAD OFFICES:—
67 and 69, CHANCERY LANE, LONDON.
OFFICES IN THE EAST:—
CAIRO, CALCUTTA, BOMBAY, MADRAS and RANGOON.
Price List of Scientific Instruments free on Application.

HOUSES
FLATS
OFFICES
GODOWNS.

TELL US WHAT YOU REQUIRE
AND
WHAT RENT YOU ARE PREPARED TO PAY.

If we cannot suit you no one else can.

No unnecessary and vexatious delays.

Compare our methods of doing business and judge for yourself.

LUARD BARRINGTON & CO.,
HOUSE AND ESTATE AGENTS.
Hornby Road, FORT.

We are the leading Firm in Bombay
FOR
STYLE, CUT AND FINISH,
AND OUR SHOWROOMS ARE REPLETE
With the Season's
NOVELTIES.
DRESSMAKING AND TAILORING,
HIGH CLASS GOODS
AT MODERATE-PRICES,
and we place the resources of
A REGENT STREET HOUSE
AT YOUR SERVICE.
STANLEY, HUMPHREYS & CO.
WATERLOO MANSIONS,
BOMBAY.

STANDARD OIL CO. OF NEW YORK,
MARSHALL'S BUILDING,
BALLARD ROAD, BOMBAY.

BRAND	Price. Rs.	a.	p.	
Snowflake, 150 deg.	6	8	2	per case.
White Rose, 150 deg.	6	8	2	„ „
Chester, 125 deg	5	0	2	„ „
Devoe's Brilliant, 125 deg.	4	12	2	„ „
Monkey, 125 deg	4	8	2	„ „
Elephant, 125 deg	4	3	0	per two tins.
„ 125 deg. (in Bulk)	3	9	0	per 8 gallons.

The Company's Local Agents sell all or any of the above oils at the prices stated. Deliveries of bulk oil on Malabar Hill and Cumballa Hill are made at half an anna extra charge for coolie hire to cover the increased cost of haulage.

All case oil sold by Standard Oil Co. of New York IS IMPORTED IN CASES.

Bandra Agent adds one anna to the above prices excepting for bulk.

Coorla and Andheri Agents add one anna and Thana Agent adds 2 1-2 annas to the above prices.

Order books supplied gratis on application.

NOTICE.

THE RETAIL PRICE of "THE BOMBAY GAZETTE," in Poona, Kirkee, &c., is 2 annas per copy.

The rates for Subscribers are unaltered, viz., Rs. 37-8 per annum credit, or Rs. 30 in advance, post free.

PIANOS
FOR SALE
FOR HIRE

On terms to suit purchasers or easy monthly payments for one or two years.

BROADWOOD.
BLUTHNER.
SCHIEDMAYER.
RICHD. LIPP.
GROTRIAN.
STEINWEG NACHF.
PAUL WERNER.
MARCKS & CO.

SLIGHTLY USED PIANOS.—A few of the above celebrated pianos for SALE as bargains, condition perfect and fully warranted for same period as new instruments.

WORN PIANOS.—We employ expert renovators, hammers refelted, toned, regulated and pianos tuned.

MARCKS & Co., LTD.,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

NOTICE.

THE PUBLIC MEETING of the Inhabitants of Bombay, called by the Sheriff to express their heartfelt sorrow at the death of their beloved SOVEREIGN KING-EMPEROR EDWARD, VII., and offer their respectful address of condolence to HIS MAJESTY THE KING-EMPEROR GEORGE V. and the other Members of the Royal Family, and to raise a Public Memorial, will be held in the TOWN HALL, TO-DAY (WEDNESDAY), at 5-30 P. M. (S.T.).

NOTICE TO CORRESPONDENTS.

*** All communications of a literary characters should be addressed to THE EDITOR, and all communications regarding Advertisements and Business matters generally should be addressed to the GENERAL MANAGER. Communications should not be addressed to any individual member of the staff.

Postal letters and covers should be addressed Box 209, GENERAL POST OFFICE. BOMBAY.

"W. M."—If it did no good, it did no harm. Certainly it found an afternoon's occupation for a number of people who otherwise might have been idle—a not unpleasant diversion for a dull day.

"S".—We cannot publish your communication except as an advertisement. For terms apply to Manager.

"Young Person."—You are wise to abstain. Henry Morley's Editions are healthy.

The Bombay Gazette.

Wednesday 15th June, 1910.

GOVERNMENT AND SEDITION.

What is the meaning of this document which the Calcutta *Englishman* has got hold of, and why has it not been formally issued by Government for public information? What is the date of it and when was it issued? We imagine it was never intended for general perusal, but was printed for private circulation, a homily for the benefit of Government servants. As for the meaning of it, we are likely to remain in some doubt. It speaks of "the spirit of disaffection towards the British Government which now undoubtedly exists in in many parts of India." It was only the other day, when the enlarged Council was opened in Calcutta, that Lord Minto, announcing the release of the deportees said, "the political position has entirely changed, the political movement of which they were the leaders, seditious as it was, has degenerated into an anarchical plot which can no longer be legitimately included as part of the political agitation in which they were so culpably interested." Some days earlier His Excellency had said "I believe the situation is better than it was, five years ago." He believed that the reforms now in operation had removed some of the grievances of Indians, who would rally to the support of the Government, those who were well affected towards British rule. His Excellency was willing to trust the influential classes of the people to which the deportees belonged and to rely on their co-operation and loyalty. If this new document has any significance at all it is that the Government of India has now changed its mind and realises that the anarchical plot was not a part but the outcome, of seditious agitation and that the political position is not better than it was five years ago. Emphatically it is not. Within a month of Lord Minto's speech, which may have reassured the India Office and a few people at home, it became necessary to proclaim six districts in Eastern Bengal under the Seditious Meetings Act and it is now necessary for the Home Department of the Government of India and the Chief Secretary to the Government of Bengal to exchange correspondence, and to issue it to all grades of officers on the subject of sedition, and the duty of officers in connection with the political situation, and explaining what, in the opinion of Government, ought to be done as a counter-movement. As to the nature and extent of the spirit of disaffection the presumably new statement of Government is a reiteration of well-known facts. The only pity is there was ever an attempt to ignore them. Lord Minto had been misled. It is well, however, that Government now agrees that the distribution of the less violent form of sedition is, as might be expected, very much the same as that of the terrorist movement, and that there is a close connection between the two, "for the consistent preaching of sedition has a marked effect upon the youth of the country, and thus creates a favourable recruiting ground for the party of revolutionary violence, while there are some reasons "for suspecting that the real leaders of the party of violence conceal themselves under the cloak of more moderate opinions." This is what we have stated on more occasions than one.

Now that Government realises that the greater contains the less and that anarchism is but the product of sedition, we may hope that serious efforts will be put forth to suppress sedition in its earliest stages and that the party, which seeks to achieve autonomy by passive resistance, by continually sapping the foundations of loyalty by means of attacks in the press, on the platform and by private propaganda, will be held equally culpable with the party which throws bombs and practices methods of terrorism. Meantime, however, officials are to use their utmost endeavours to remove the ignorance of the masses by contradicting the misstatements of the press and by imparting to them information—solid truths to despel the lies and half lies with which they have been regaled. Government does not seem to be quite clear as to what class of officers shall undertake this task—or else the summary has been carelessly compiled—for in one place all professors and school masters are held responsible, while in another district officers are told that upon them will fall the main labour and task of checking disloyalty. Well, the one most teach and the other must punish, though Government explains its desire is to prevent rather than to punish. It is rather late in the day to talk of prevention though, of course, the professor and the schoolmaster can teach the young whatsover things are good and whatsover things are true. The district officer can bring up a firebrand or a wilful disseminator of untruth, with a round turn, and so the two may co-operate. The letter of the Home Department, we are told, goes on to tell officers that they must be very careful to give no opening for complaints from want of courtesy towards Indian gentlemen. The Governor-General thinks these are mainly due to misunderstanding and ignorance rather than to deliberate rudeness. "Still officers must watch their conduct carefully and it may be necessary to draw up and set simple instructions as to the treatment of Indian gentlemen, and for the manner of receiving, addressing and terminating interviews." A shilling book of etiquette for Indian officials! There is a simpler method if Government would but adopt it. They must watch the Competition-walla and make sure he is a gentleman before he is appointed. Competition, like adversity, makes strange bed-fellows and we have officials here and there whom all the simple instructions in the world could not convert into gentlemen, or even into tolerably civilised individuals. " 'Tis true' tis pity, and pity 'tis 'tis true." Thank heaven they are only few and far between.

But a more important section of the letter is that which refers to the great difficulty of obtaining evidence in political cases and Government's ideas as to how it is to be overcome. It is suggested that the leading men of each district be taken into confidence by the district officer whose duty it is to impress upon them the necessity of seeing the ordinary law is not reduced to impotence by terrorism. Whose suggestion is that we wonder! Did it emanate from the Criminal Investigation Department, from Scotland Yard or from a village constable? Before taking the leading men of each district into our confidence we should like to be sure that the leading man is not implicated, that he is not finding funds for the propagation of sedition and that he would not break in upon the district officer next morning with the information that, alas, the culprit wanted had fled. But then towards the end we come to more practical suggestions, and we find that if witnesses will not come forward, the law will be amended to meet the exigencies of the case and harsher procedure will be adopted. There is also a veiled threat of letting suspicion take the place of proof. But we find no trace of any provision for the future protection of the informer and the witness who now holds his tongue to save his skin. The closing sentences of the summary are the most remarkable of all, for they seem to reflect the fact that Government is awakening to the necessity of dealing with Eastern crime according to Eastern methods. "It should be impressed upon all public servants alike that their responsibility does not end with their own conduct, but extends to that of their sons and of relatives over whom they have influence. If a father or guardian, who is in the public service, has not done his best to check the seditious tendencies of his son or ward, or if when he saw that his effort were of no avail he failed to warn the responsible authorities regarding his relatives' disaffection, he will incur a severe penalty." This idea was unmistakably conceived in China; but the Celestial Empire, though partial to fantastic methods of dealing with offenders, has many which prove efficacious.

◆

INDIAN WHEAT FOR EXPORT. The valuable memorandum issued the other day by Sir James Wilson has again drawn attention to the position of India on the wheat supply of the world. With a total area of 26 million acres of wheatlands, India has one-ninth of the wheat fields of the world, and taking into account the poorer quality of the crop which is grown on her soil, she supplies about eight million tons, or one-eleventh of the world's total. Thus her position is one of very considerable importance, but in regard to export must always be more or less a precarious one on account of the fluctuations of her production. In a good year such as 1904-05 India exported 43 million cwts., but in 1908-09, a bad one, only 2 1/4 million cwts. In a good year her surplus is very great; in a bad year she has barely enough to suffice for her own population. This is the great bar which prevents India from taking a fixed place in the supply of the British market. The sources of that supply have undergone a great change during recent years, and India has been able to step in and take a share, which to some extent, no doubt, she will always retain, but a share which is nothing like the extent which she might have, if the British buyer could look to this country with dependence. That that position will be realised one day is no doubt one of India's ideals, but her progress towards it must necessarily be a very slow one, and by very gradual processes. The system in this country of peasant cultivators on very small holdings renders any improvement of the crop a very lengthy business. A man who farms on so small a scale has to be very sure of the success of a new crop before he can venture to sow it, and the Agricultural Department must be very certain of any new type of grain before they dare recommend it. This applies to India generally, but on the other hand in the new canal colonies of the Central Punjab in which a very large proportion of the exported wheat is grown, there is a class of larger cultivator, who has more capital and seems prepared to show more enterprise than most of their neighbours. It is significant that they are to be found in a highly irrigated area, for it is certain that irrigation must be as important a factor towards securing a stable crop as the use of better varieties of wheat. In the meantime it will well repay the growers who at present export in varying quantities to make a closer study of English requirements. In one respect they might soon effect an improvement, which would eventually secure them better prices. Indian wheat at present reaches England in a very poor condition, having mixed with it a quantity of dirt and waste matter, and frequently barley and other grain, but it should not be difficult for the native grower to exercise more care in preparing his produce for the market.

◆

LORD KITCHENER. For more than ten years Lord Kitchener has seen little if anything of England—not since he went with Lord Roberts to show our generals how to put an end to the Boer War, and it is not a matter for surprise that he declined to be "shunted" to Malta. Whether it is desirable to have a Field Marshal in the Mediterranean or not it is doubtful. To have one to inspect overseas forces is essential. But that officer, we should imagine, would be more advantageously stationed at Horse Guards, War Office, than at a naval base in the Mediterranean, both for the troops concerned and for the Defence, Committee. It has been said that Lord Kitchener will prove too strong for the War Department and may goad them into spending more money on Home Defence and for fear of that they wish him away. But a suitable post has not yet been found for him and it is improbable that one will at any early date, unless the state of affairs in Egypt becomes such that a resort to "unusual methods" is deemed necessary. Lord Kitchener would be nearer the spot then, if at Malta, but he would not be able to get together his men and a strong and suitably equipped force so easily as he would while in close proximity to Westminster, where his voice could accentuate the points he had raised on paper.

◆

EGYPT. The situation in Egypt, in the words of Sir Edward Grey, may not be so grave as the Opposition painted it, on Monday. But on the day Wardani is executed for the murder of Boutros Pasha, a fortnight hence, there may be sudden developments, for which the Government is not quite prepared. Mr. Roosevelt's compliment to our administration of the country appears to have pleased both sides of the House. It was eulogistic, even flattering. " 'Tis an old maxim in the schools, That flattery's the food of fools; Yet now and then your men of wit Will condescend to take a bit." And both Mr. Balfour and Sir Edward Grey condescended and were grateful. Mr. Robertson was wrong. Mr. Roosevelt's criticism was not an insult; but it was no more valuable than that of any other man who spends a couple of hours in a country and then sits down to criticise its administrative machinery. Still he afforded an opportunity for the delivery of several good speeches in Parliament and the admission from both sides that Egypt and other oriental countries had never shown a trace of capacity for self-government. Further more the ex-President was instrumental in drawing forth the declaration from the Secretary of Foreign Affairs of the present Government's determination that the British occupation must continue and that it is more than ever impossible to abandon Egypt without discredit.

◆

WHEAT IN THE N. W. F. P. The final forecast of the wheat crop of the North-West Frontier Province estimates it at 235,201 tons or 523 lbs. per acre as compared with 213,274 tons or 469 tons per acre last year. This is 10·3 per cent. above last year's figures, but 15·2 per cent. below that of the quinquennial average. The year's yield is thus regarded as about an average one in all districts and agencies excepting Dera Ismail Khan. This is very satisfactory as the season was not so favourable as last year. The shortage in Dera Ismail Khan is due principally to the heavy floods which occurred in July, and which washed away the field embankments, as well as to the shortage of water in the Parhanpur Canal. The serious decrease in Bannu was due to a shortage of rain at sowing time. On the other hand there was an increase in the area sown in most districts and amounting in the Peshawar district to 12·5 per cent. On the whole the prices of wheat were easy throughout the year and a marked fall is expected when the new grain comes into the market.

Mr. A. F. Shute, temporary Engineer employed at present in the Allahabad district, has been selected by the Agra Municipal Board to succeed its late Secretary, Mr. Arthur Rogers, who has retired from the service. The pay of the appointment is Rs. 600 per mensem. There were numerous applications.

A correspondent writes:—"The telegrams this morning (Tuesday) state that there is to be a Minister of Education in the Government of India. Whether he is wanted I should think is doubtful. But of course the appointment will be given to one who has the qualification of having served the Crown in India for the period required and will thus leave Commerce and Industry a walk over for Mr. W. H. Clark, C. M. G., (Mr. Lloyd-George's Private Secretary on £300 a year), a billet for which he would otherwise be disqualified, owing to his not having served the Crown in India, and a certain number of members failing to have that qualification. This is a clever bit of jobbery."

THE WORLD OF SPORT.

NEW ATHLETIC BODY.

(FROM OUR SPORTING CORRESPONDENT.)

LONDON, MAY 27.

The attitude of the Amateur Athletic Association in refusing to recognise professionalism has led to the formation of another body. Many supporters of foot racing well know that a great proportion of the athletes competing as amateurs would rather run for money, if given the chance. This is simply for the reason that they cannot afford to be real amateurs and pay the expenses in connection with the pastime. This leads to betting, and the selling of prizes and a very undesirable state of amateurism. Still, so long as the athletes are labelled amateurs, some people appear to be satisfied, but the writer has long contended that open professionalism is preferable to sham—amateurism. Another undesirable feature of present day athletics is that University and Public School athletes held aloof from so-called amateur athletics, because they decline to be associated with the decidedly mixed class which goes to make up the army of amateur athletes. Declining to recognise professionalism does not stop it, and a better policy is to cater for both amateurs and professionals. This, the National Athletic Union, now an accomplished fact, proposes doing, and if properly managed, the new body ought to do a lot to purify amateur athletics. It naturally follows that with opportunities of winning money prizes, many runners will come out as professionals, rather than trying to "get a bit" by betting and selling prizes. In the meantime the Amateur Athletic Association is promoting cycling for amateurs and getting considerable support. The best riders are sticking to the National Cycling Union, but that body is not carrying on the war in a spirited manner. The A.A.A. is entirely in the wrong, yet has a good chance to win because its fighting policy is a good one. On the other hand, the National Cyclist Union, with right on it's side, may lose a lot of support through omitting to cater for runners.

RIVALS MEET.

It is a curious fact that the difficulty is entirely with the officials, the athletes and cyclists as individuals having no quarrel. They had an opportunity of meeting on Saturday, this being at the West of Scotland Harriers and Celtic Football Club's at Glasgow, on Saturday. Fortunately, the war is confined to England and Wales, so that harmony is possible over the border. Several English crack runners and cyclists competed at the fixture mentioned. The best performance by a visitor was accomplished by E. Owen, the present one mile champion. He and H. A. Wilson, the mile champion of 1908, occupied the scratch mark in the two miles handicap, but just after completing the first mile, Wilson was dropped by his co-marker. Owen kept up the pace and finally won on the post by a foot from a man in receipt of 120 yards start, the watch showing the time of 9 mins. 30 1-5 secs. Wilson has beaten Owen three times recently, but the latter's latest effort points to his having run into first class form.

PEDESTRIANISM BOOMING.

An interesting track Marathon race for professionals was decided in Dublin last Sunday. There were 18 runners, England, Wales and Spain each supplying a candidate, though without success. Last year's winner, T. Hynes of Galway (an ex-amateur) went to the front at the half way mark and finally won comfortably in 2 hours 54 mins. 33 secs. There is considerable activity among long distance cracks now in England and we ought to see some very interesting racing during the summer. The arrival of C. Hefferon from South Africa ought to liven up matters. He wants to meet C. W. Gardiner, the conqueror of Dorando, and after getting through with the Londoner, will be perpared to try conclusions with J. J. Hayes of America or J. P. Price of Wales. Scotland also has a man in the field, he being A. Haddow, who is anxious to meet Hefferon and Gardiner in a sweepstake—the distance to be 12 or 15 miles. Gardiner also announces that he will be pleased to meet J. Fitzgerald of of Canada at 10-12 or 15 miles. Besides this, the Universal Sports Promoting Syndicate are running a meeting next month, at which a track Marathon race will be the chief item. As there is some prospect of Ljungstrom and Johansen of Sweden (who are now in America) coming to England, matters promise to be lively in the world of pedestrianism. Really, with so many good men in the field, there ought to be no difficulty in bringing off several interesting matches. At present there is no reasen to suppose the public will support a long distance race in anything like the numbers seen at the George V. Cummings matches of 1885-6. On this account no promoter would be likely to offer more than £100 for a Marathon race. Perhaps the best plan would be for cracks to arrange matches or sweepstakes and decide a series of races in London, Birmingham, Manchester, Glasgow, Edinburgh and Dublin. Given fine weather, an average attendance of 6,000 should be possible, which would leave a good profit to be split up among the runners and organisers.

CRICKET.

Mr. A. F. Bettinson, Secretary of the National Sporting Club, has made an interesting suggestion regarding cricket. It reads as follows: 1. "Six hours a day for play. And for the purpose of equalising the chances of each side on the same wicket, no side to occupy the pitch for more than three hours, after which the other side should proceed with the innings. 2. Should the game not be finished in two days, the match to be decided by the aggregate number of runs scored in proportion to the number of wickets fallen." Under present arrangements, we often see three full days' cricket and yet no definite result. This certainly is absurd, and Mr. Bettinson's suggestion is worthy of consideration. The plan to give both sides a more equal chance is a good one and there is nothing to be said in favour of a system which often gives one side a winning advantage.

VETERANS.

A feature of recent cricket was the manner veterans at the game have been performing. Here are a few examples which go to show the youngsters are not having matters all their own way. Hirst took 8 wickets for 80 runs for Yorks v. Somerset, and Haigh 6 for 34 in the same match. Then we had Lilly of Warwickshire, who is chiefly noted for his ability as a wicket-keeper, making 104 against Sussex, whilst Llewellyn of South-Africa, who is the mainstay of the Hants team, hit up a stylish century for M. C. C. against Leicestershire. As an off set to this some of the younger players have been busy, notably K. L. Hutchings, whose 54 and 104 for Kent against Northamptonshire indicates that this young amateur is now in form. Then we had G. N. Foster, lately returned from India, playing an innings of 123 against Surrey on his first appearance for Worcestershire this season. All this makes one think that an interesting match might be arranged between Veterans and youngsters, the qualifications being over ten years' experience of first class cricket and under five years respectively.

MORE GOOD PERFORMANCES.

Several other notable feats with bat and ball deserve mention. Foster's 7 wickets for 63 runs, and Thompson's 6 for 35 made the Warwickshire and Northants match noteworthy. Then we had Mead claiming 6 victims for 51 and Dean 6 for 49 in the Lancs v. Essex game, whilst Burrows of Worcestershire dismissed 7 batsmen for 40 runs. This does not finish the list and mention must be made of Fielder's bowling in the Kent v. Northants match his dozen victims only scoring 76 runs among them'

THE TURF.

It has delighted sportsmen to learn that the late King Edward VII left his racing stud to King George V. and that our new Monarch intends lending his support to the Turf. Richard Marsh will continue to act as trainer, and everyone hopes it will not be many more years before he turns out another Derby winner. It was confidently expected that King George would support the Turf, and it is easy to see the late Monarch's hand in the matter. None better knew than he, who was a good sportsman, would command greater respect and support from the nation, than a sovereign who took no interest in sports and pastimes. It is fortunate that King George has a keen taste for sports, and it will do no harm that he personally favours shooting and angling to racing. The main thing is that he is a sportsman, which denotes a broad mind and a fair manner of viewing everything.

GUNNER MOIR DISQUALIFIED.

Just when everything looked promising for a capital contest between Gunner Moir and Seaman Curran, the former lost his head and earned disqualification. Mountain Ash was the venue of the bout, and besides the stakes of £200, the men were striving for a purse of £300. Following an even first round, the men warmed to their work in the second, towards the end of which, Moir got in some telling body blows. He followed up his advantage to such purpose, that he quite ignored the gong and hit Curran three or four blows after the sailor had dropped his guard. The referee promptly disqualified Moir and thus the contest ended. It may be added that Tom Thomas, the middleweight champion, has issued a challenge to meet either Moir or Curran.

IN GENERAL.

Tom Sullivan will train and coach J. F. Cosgrave, the Canadian oarsman, who is now at Putney, getting ready for the Diamond Sculls at Henley Regatta.

E. Miles beat the Hon. N. S. Lytton in the challenge round of the amateur tennis championship, which marks his ninth success.

Stevenson and Harverson have been making some big breaks in their match on the new 10 ft. by 5 ft. billiard table, the former's best being 576 and his rival's 447. Diggle is also playing well against Reece, a break of 482 on Wednesday being a very fine effort.

E. Shaw, the South African jockey, won his opening race here at York on Wednesday, when he got Sir E. Cassel's Temeraire home a head in front of Mr. P. Nelke's Artisan, with Maher up. The Colonial pleased the critics by the manner he rode Temeraire (a horse of moods) home with his hands only.

Lawn tennis players are disappointed over the falling through and of the projected trip of American players to England, for the purpose of taking part in a preliminary round for the Davis International Cup, now held by Australasia.

KING EDWARD MEMORIAL.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

Sir,—In order to arrive at a decision as to what form the memorial to our late King Emperor should take, is not the following the first question to be considered?

For what purpose would King Edward have desired funds raised for a memorial to him to be applied, had he been consulted on the subject during his lifetime?

If this postulate be granted, can there be any reasonable doubt that the reply would have been that the funds should be applied to the relief of bodily suffering in all classes more especially the poorest—and all creeds of the community?

King Edward's intense interest in hospital work is matter of common knowledge in England, and he was the originator of the great fund which bears his name and provides annually large sums in aid of the funds of London hospitals.

If it be considered that a memorial "must" take a concrete form in stone and brick, a hospital in the north of the island as has been suggested, would probably be the best.

But surely it is unnecessary for the local memorial to take an actually tangible form in order to keep King Edward's name in memory after the present generation has passed away!

If there are to be various memorials one for all India, and others in the different Presidencies and Provinces—I would suggest:—

(I) Applying all subscriptions from the Bombay Presidency as to one-fourth to the All-India Memorial, and the remaining three-fourths to a local one.

(II) That the portion devoted to the local memorial should be invested as a Trust Fund to be called "The King Emperor Edward Memorial Hospital Fund," the income of which should be allocated yearly—as is done in the case of the similar fund in London—in aid of the various hospitals and nursing associations throughout the Presidency.

The allocations would be published yearly in all newspapers, and so keep the great King's memory green throughout the Presidency, as no building or memorial in one spot would ever do.

Of course to make such a fund really useful the subscriptions would have to be large and generous, but can one doubt that the community of this Presidency so rich in philanthropic citizens—would, for such a purpose and in memory of such a well and deservedly loved Sovereign, give with both hands.—Yours, etc.,

O. R.

KINGDOM OF CHRIST.

Under the auspices of the Young Men's Christian Association, the Hon'ble Justice Sir Narayan Ganesh Chandavarkar delivered, yesterday, at the Association Hall, an interesting Address on "The Kingdom of Christ and the Spirit of the age" before a very large and appreciative gathering. The Hon'ble Mr. H. E. E. Procter occupied the chair.

The Hon'ble Mr. Procter, in introducing the learned lecturer, said that he did not require many words to introduce the Hon'ble Sir Narayan who was so well known to Bombay. This was not the first time that Sir Narayan had been on the Association's platform. On behalf of the Association, he expressed his best thanks to the Hon'ble Sir Narayan for addressing them on a subject which was of the most vital importance and he was sure that all would listen to the address with very keen interest. He then called upon the Hon'ble Sir Narayan to address the meeting.

The Hon'ble Sir Narayan, in addressing the meeting, said that in his life he had done many bold acts and had sometimes repented for doing some of them, but that night he perhaps did the boldest thing, but he hoped that he would not have to regret for it. He said that this was for the first time that he undertook to address a Christian audience in a Christian Hall on a subject on which he had no right to express an opinion.

When he was asked by the Secretary to deliver an address, he was at first unwilling, because he thought that delivering a lecture in this Hall was no light task, because some of them might be surprised to hear that this Association stood identified in his mind in some sacred memory—they all knew of a gentleman, sacred and divine, who perhaps might not be known to the people of Bombay but whose life had formed a living of many young men. During the time he lived and worked as a servant of Christ, and to whom this Association was greatly indebted for its rise and prosperity, the learned lecturer was a truthful student of the late Rev. Dr. Duncan MacPherson, who shed the lustre of love and light but alas who was taken away in the prime of his life.

After giving an interesting but brief account of his connection, with this Association, the learned lecturer approached his subject and said that he was often perplexed, when he read the Bible, by the sentences "My Kingdom is not of this World" and "Heaven and Earth shall pass away but my word shall not pass away" but when he came in contact with a living and pious man he discovered the meaning of the text.

The learned lecturer then went in details and concluded by saying that they would pardon him for uttering an opinion, as a humble subject of His Majesty both for England and India, that they were in the midst of the Kingdom of Christ which inspired them and guided them. He said that the Kingdom of Christ was with them, would be with him and had been with them. After making a passing reference about the mournful death of his late Majesty King Edward VII. the learned lecturer closed his remarks by saying that they were living in an age in which the Kingdom of Christ was working.

On the motion of the Hon'ble Mr. H. E. E. Procter, a very hearty vote of thanks was accorded to the learned lecturer.

Sir John Kinloch of Kinloch, formerly M.P., for East Perthshire, died on May 20. He was in his sixty-second year. He belonged to one of the oldest of Scottish families, and was a Gladstonian Liberal.

The Registrar-General's annual summary of births, marriages, and deaths in England and Wales for 1909 is issued. It shows a decrease in the rate of marriages and the lowest birthrate—25.6 per 1,000 of the population—on record.

It is announced that the Australian Government intend to subsidise a cable news service to Australia. Mr. Fisher explains that the Cabinet has decided to grant a sum of £2,000 a year for three years to any of the existing Cable News Associations which would undertake to use the pacific cable to the extent of 1,000 words a day, and fulfil the conditions to be imposed by the Postmaster General. There was to be no restriction as to who should be supplied with the news, and all the papers contributing to the service should have a voice in its management.

THE UNREST IN EGYPT.

DEBATE IN THE HOUSE OF COMMONS.

Striking Speech by Mr. Balfour.

FOREIGN SECRETARY DEFENDS SIR E. GORST.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, JUNE 14.

In the House of Commons last night, Mr. Baird called attention to the situation in Egypt. He attacked the Government for trying to introduce a system of government, for which the Egyptians were not prepared.

Mr. Robertson denounced the Opposition for applauding Mr. Roosevelt's insult. No one could be more cautiously Conservative than Sir Edward Grey. It had been admitted that the Nationalists' propaganda was foolish, and he hoped that the Government would enforce the law firmly and unvaryingly, but would carry out the pledges.

Mr. Balfour denied that Mr. Roosevelt's speech was an insult. None could have shown more kindly appreciative or sympathetic treatment, or a truer knowledge of our problems than Mr. Roosevelt, who said nothing to which the most sensitive Briton could take the smallest objection. He realised what Mr. Robertson and others did not realise, that it was not a question of superiority or inferiority, but of historic fact that Egypt and other oriental countries had never shown a trace of capacity for Self-Government. Their great contributions to history were made under Absolute Government, and we exercised Absolute Government for their good. The present position in Egypt was eminently unsatisfactory, because the authority of the dominant race had been undermined. "It calls," said Mr. Balfour, "for prompt, decisive action, and I am confident that the Government is able and desirous of putting the matter right." He appealed to the Government not to permit our civilising work to suffer through officials in Egypt feeling that they did not receive from home the support, without which they were helpless.

Sir Edward Grey said the tone of Mr. Balfour's speech was everything that was desirable and was a most valuable contribution to the problem. Sir Edward was glad that none of the speakers had attacked Sir Eldon Gorst, who was a victim of the most unfounded, unjust and untrue attacks by certain newspapers. No one could have carried out the Government's policy with more energy, ability and skill than Sir Eldon Gorst. Sir Edward continued, "Mr. Roosevelt communicated to me his views and experiences with regard to East Africa, Uganda, Sudan and Egypt, and I have seldom listened to anything with greater pleasure. I am convinced that he would have withheld a public statement of his experiences, if I had said it was likely to prove embarrassing."

Sir Edward Grey continued, "I listened to Mr. Roosevelt's speech with the greatest enjoyment. Its friendly intention was obvious. It was the greatest compliment to the work of any country ever paid by a citizen of another. The situation in Egypt has been occasioning serious consideration, but it is not nearly so grave as the Opposition have painted it. There is at present no occasion for disquiet, and there has been much too little recognition of the progress made under Sir Eldon Gorst." He denied that the Government's policy of introducing Self-Government was responsible for undermining authority or for the disturbances, but it was undoubtedly impossible to progress with the development of Government in Egypt, through the Egyptians, while the Nationalist agitation against the occupation continued. It was also urgent that antiquated Treaty Rights should be modernised. The British occupation, he declared, must continue. It was more than ever impossible to abandon Egypt without discredit.

"In spite of disquieting signs, there is nothing justifying resort to unusual methods. The agitation has subsided during the last few weeks, but a serious warning is necessary that if the symptoms continue, it will be the first object of the British Government to assert authority and protect Egyptian Ministers."

THE RECENT ENCYCLICAL.

Catholics Displeased.

LONDON, JUNE 13.

The King of Saxony, who is a Catholic, addressing his Ministers, deplored the Encyclical issued on the tercentenary of Saint Borromeo, as thwarting his efforts at religious peace. He will write to the Pope on the subject.

Catholic Bavaria has also instructed its Minister to the Vatican to protest.

RELIGIOUS REFORM IN SPAIN.

Papal Nuncio's Protest.

LONDON, JUNE 13.

The Papal Nuncio at Madrid has protested against the decree permitting the exercise of non-Catholic religions.

THE SUFFRAGETTES.

Premier to Receive Deputation.

LONDON, JUNE 13.

Mr. Asquith will receive a deputation of suffragettes on the 21st of June.

LORD KITCHENER.

A REBUFF TO THE WAR OFFICE.

Lord Midleton's Question.

ENGLISH PRESS CRITICISM.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, JUNE 13.

Mr. Haldane, in the House of Commons, said the Government considered the Mediterranean command as one of much importance, owing to recent developments and prospective reorganisation. It was proposed to continue it, and to include in its scope the duty of inspecting the overseas forces, except those in India. The residence would not always be at Malta. Mr. Haldane concluded "As it is now an exclusively military post, it is not necessary to retain the title of High Commissioner."

In the House of Lords, Lord Midleton said the statement made in the House of Commons did not absolve him from inquiring what were the Government's intentions with regard to this useless post, which it would waste Lord Kitchener's time to occupy.

Lord Cromer agreed that it would be a waste of time, and said it was incomprehensible why Lord Kitchener was ever appointed.

Lord Lucas replied in the same manner as Mr. Haldane.

Lord Derby pressed for Lord Kitchener's reasons for refusing the post.

Lord Crewe regretted that they could not have Lord Kitchener's services in the Mediterranean, but the Government fervently hoped that his great qualities would be held for the service of the country in some capacity or other, because all felt that they should not be wasted. It was not desirable to publish personal reasons for declining any post.

Lord Lansdowne declared that the War Office had never experienced a greater rebuff. Particulars of the duties should be laid before Parliament.

The subject was then dropped.

LONDON, JUNE 14.

The *Standard* says Government has purposely deprived the country of the services of the most distinguished soldier.

The *Morning Post* says it is fortunate that the Liberals' treatment of Lord Kitchener has been exposed now to remind the Unionists of the urgent need of a change of Government.

The *Morning Leader* writes:—"Lord Kitchener's estimation of his services is so expanded that they threaten to be wasted. It is doubtful whether the Opposition will find him more an effective stick with which to beat the Government than they did Lord Charles Beresford.

The *Daily News* refuses to believe that Lord Kitchener was disappointed at not receiving the Viceroyalty of India, but admits that the Government has not fully thought out the duties of the Mediterranean Command.

A Lobby correspondent of the *Daily Chronicle* says it is understood that Lord Kitchener would have accepted the Indian Viceroyalty.

KING EDWARD MEMORIAL IN LONDON.

Proposed Indian Museum.

LONDON, JUNE 14.

A meeting of the East India Association in Caxton Hall, Lord Lamington presiding, discussed the proposal to erect an Indian Museum beside the new County Hall on the bank of the Thames, as a memorial to King Edward. Letters from Lord Roberts and Lord Curzon were read approving the idea, Mr. Chisholm, Madras Architect, estimated the cost of the scheme at £6,00,000.

MEMBER FOR COMMERCE.

No Appointment Yet Made.

LORD MORLEY'S FREEDOM OF CHOICE.

LONDON, JUNE 13.

In the House of Commons, Lord Castlereagh asked the name of the new Member for Commerce on the Viceroy's Council.

Mr. Montagu replied that no appointment had yet been made. "I may add, that subject to statutory limitations, Lord Morley reserves entire freedom of selection and undertakes full responsibility."

HOME POLITICS.

The Coming Conference.

LONDON, JUNE 13.

A conference took place between Mr. Balfour and his colleagues after Mr. Asquith's statement that he hoped an early meeting possible.

THE BOSNIAN DIET.

A Mussulman President.

LONDON, JUNE 14.

Emperor Francis Joseph has appointed a Mussulman as President of the Bosnian Diet.

THE Nationalist members of the Duma have resolved to return the memorials regarding the Finnish question sent by the British and Irish members of the House of Commons with a brief but strongly worded protest against their "uninvited interference." One prominent member of the Extreme Right is sending back this memorial with the substitution of the word "British" Empire for "Russian" Empire and "Irish or Indian" Diet for "Finnish" Diet.

INDIAN MAHARAJAS IN LONDON.

Received by King George.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, JUNE 14.

King George yesterday received at Marlborough House, the Maharaja of Indore, the Maharaja of Bharatpur with his mother, and the Maharaja of Cooch Behar and also the Tikka Ripudamansingh of Nabha. Queen Mary received the Maharani of Indore and Lady Dias Bandaranaike.

MR. HAMILTON'S RETURN FLIGHT.

Engine Breaks Down.

LONDON, JUNE 13.

Mr. Hamilton, on his return flight, landed at Perthamboy, twenty miles south-west of New York. His engine broke down.

LONDON, JUNE 14.

Mr. Hamilton reached New York last evening. He wins £2,000.

AMERICAN POLO TOURNAMENT.

LONDON, JUNE 14.

The American Polo Association has chosen Mr. Whitney to captain the International Cup team on the 24th August.

RESULT OF THE ASCOT STAKES.

Royal Hunt Cup Betting.

LONDON, JUNE 14.

The race for the Ascot's Stakes was run this afternoon with the following result:—

Declare	1
Bridge of Earn	2
Elizabetta	3

Fourteen ran. The race was won by three lengths with five lengths between the second and third. Betting at the start was:—

100 to 8 against Declare.
100 to 7 against Bridge of Earn.
7 to 2 against Elizabetta.

The latest betting on the Royal Hunt Cup is as follows:—

6 to 1 against Placidus and Batchelor's Double.
100 to 9 against Endorus, Electra and Senseless.
100 to 8 against Arranmore.
100 to 7 against Sir Bold.
100 to 6 against Cinderello and Darraidow.
20 to 1 against Duke Michael and Buckstead.

THE MONSOON FORECAST.

Official Report

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, JUNE 14.

The Meteorological Department has issued its forecast of the monsoon of 1910. After detailing the various conditions over a large part of the earth surface by which the rainfall in India brought up by the south-west, is apparently affected, the Department from them draws the following inferences:—

The present year has been remarkable for the setting in of the monsoon. Rainfall in Deltaic Bengal on 25th May and such unusually early activity suggests that the Bay current will be stronger than usual.

On the other hand, the Bombay monsoon appeared at about the normal date but has been somewhat weak and unsteady, thus affording another illustration of its close relationship with the monsoon of Abyssina, which was very weak in the second half of May, although very strong in the first half. In the Indian Ocean the conditions appear to have been on the whole slightly unfavourable. Although pressure was in slight defect at Mauritius, it was decidedly unsteady and at Zanzibar there was a week in May of variable winds and heavy rain.

On the other hand, the pressure in the Argentine Republic has been remarkably high which is a very favourable sign, while the influence of snowfall which appeared to be exerted somewhat prejudicially upon the pressure and the temperature a month ago, has of late disappeared.

It is certain that we do not know more than half of the conditions on which the monsoon rainfall of India depends and it is therefore only when conditions are strongly favourable or unfavourable that a definite forecast of excess or defect of rainfall is justified. In the present case unsteadiness of the conditions in western half of the Indian Ocean may be regarded as approximately balancing the favourable condition in South America. The quantity of snow now lying appears to be normal and the only factor likely to have an extended influence upon local distribution of rainfall is the probability of greater strength in the Bay current than in that of he Arabian Sea.

EUROPEAN ASSAULTED BY MAHOMEDANS.

Government Appeal against Acquittal.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JUNE 14.

The Magistrate of Narail convicted two Mahomedans for assaulting a European merchant, Farquharson. On appeal, the Sessions Judge of Jessore acquitted the accused. Against this order of acquittal, Government moved the High Court, and Justices Harrington and Teunon admitted the appeal.

MARCEL Harriot, an aviator of fourteen years, has flown from Batheny to Reims and back—a total distance of about six miles. The voyage, though not long, needed a strong nerve and complete mastery over the aeroplane. He is the son of M. Harriot, who is selected to drive a Benz motor-car in the American Grand Prix.

THE NEW VICEROY.

A Warm Welcome.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, JUNE 14.

Publicists of all shades of opinion, says the *Pioneer*, have given a warm welcome to Sir Charles Hardinge's selection for the Government of India. It is difficult to think of any appointment of late years that has called forth such unanimous approval.

Further on the same paper says:—"Nothing could be more unfortunate in the present circumstances than a Viceroy, who should be imbued with the idea that he was merely an instrument of the Secretary of State, a private confidant of his policy, and the Government of India just an agency, to which orders should be transmitted for execution. This was not the idea, with which the lines of Government of this country were laid down, and unless Sir Charles Hardinge shakes off the tradition of his previous service and starts from the beginning with a sound conception of the nature of his office and of the system of which he is called to be head, mischiefs and symptoms of demoralisation, which the public are already beginning to detect, will rapidly multiply to the detriment of all efficient administration.

THEFT OF A MOTOR LAUNCH.

Strange Insurance Claim.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JUNE 14.

A curious story of the theft of a motor launch by a European on the river Hughli was narrated to-day before Mr. Justice Fletcher by Messrs. Ashworth Taylor and Co. It was stated that on the 19th of February last, three launches belonging to the plaintiffs, were moored to jetty off Prinsep. Ghat. Early that morning a European representing himself as an assistant in the plaintiffs' firm, boarded a launch which was in charge of a serang, cut the ropes and removed it. Its present whereabouts are not known.

The launch was insured with the South British Insurance Company for Rs. 11,000, and the plaintiffs are now suing the Insurance Company for the recovery of the price of the launch.

The case is proceeding.

CHARGE AGAINST MR. SPALDING.

Case Adjourned.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

MADRAS, JUNE 14.

At the Egmore Police Court before Mr. C. Krishnan the case against C. F. Spalding, late Manager, Madras Branch of the Commercial Union Assurance Company, Ltd., who stands charged with criminal breach of trust, cheating etc, was called on to-day for hearing. Mr. Padmanabha Naidu intimated to the Court that certain telegrams sent and received by accused had not yet been received from the Calcutta Check Office. These were very material to the case and pending their receipt a fortnight's adjournment was necessary. His Worship adjourned the case to the 26th instant. Mr. Rozario asked his Worship to reduce the bail amount. After some discussion his Worship said he could not possibly reduce the bail amount. The prisoner was thereupon removed from the court-room.

THE SEDITION CIRCULAR.

Press Comment.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JUNE 14.

The Government circular on sedition has brought trouble in some quarters. It was a confidential document and was first published only by the "Englishman." The other papers brought this to the notice of Government and reproduced the circular after getting permission from the Bengal Government. It is understood Government is taking measures to discover how the circular was secured. The "Englishman," however, does not say anything regarding this alleged breach of official secret.

MADRAS, JUNE 14.

The *Madras Mail*, commenting on the Government Circular, says the results of this apparently risky experiment may in the case of some Indian officials surprise and disappoint the Government.

MURDER OF POLICE SUB-INSPECTOR.

Serious Wounds with a Spade.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LAHORE, JUNE 14.

The Mangtanwala murder case, in which Mukand Lal, Sub-Inspector of Police was hacked to death, was taken up again to-day.

A number of formal prosecution witnesses were examined, including the tracker who traced the foot steps of Sallu and Ballu, the accused, from the village mosque where they slept that night to the roof of the police Taana, where Mukand Lal, the Sub-Inspector, was sleeping

Colonel Cunningham, who conducted the "post mortem" examination, deposed that there were altogether eight serious wounds on the body of the deceased inflicted probably by a spade. A wound on the skull was about 3 inches long, and that on the shoulder 6 1-2 inches long. The skull was extensively fractured. The death was due to the wound on the head.

A charge was framed against Ballu, the accused, under trial for abetment of murder, and the accused was committed to the Sessions. The accused pleaded not guilty.

The other accused Sallu is still at large.

ALLEGED MURDER IN BURDWAN.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JUNE 14.

A gunshot murder is reported from Ryna in Burdwan. Early last week there was a serious riot between the Hindus and Mahomedans of Ryna over a palm tree. During the fight, one Etu Mia shot dead a servant of the local Hindu Zeminder. Nine arrests were made.

THE Turco-Tunisian Commission, which in consequence of the incident of 1909, was appointed to delimit the frontier between Tripoli and Tunis, signed an agreement on the 19th of May. The frontier line now runs from Rashed Jedir to Jenien, and the arrangement is regarded as safeguarding the economic needs of Tunis in the extreme south, while removing all causes for misunderstanding in the hinterland.

THE NEW JAPANESE CUSTOMS TARIFF.

National Chamber's Protest.

RETALIATORY DUTIES SUGGESTED.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JUNE 14.

The National Chamber of Commerce, writing to the Collector of Customs in Japan on the proposed Customs tariff, regret that Japan should have recourse to high protective tariffs for the purpose of excluding products of Indian industries. They will in the Chamber's opinion have little effect on raw buffalo hides and skins but injure the trade in tanned hides and skins as also gunny bags. The Chamber suggest a duty in the export of raw jute and cotton to Japan, the value of which in 1908-09 amounted to Rs. 3,12,442 and Rs. 66,915,116 respectively. This will have the effect of protecting our industries and at the same time bringing in resources without any cost to us. The Chamber do not desire any countervailing duty be on any imports from Japan as in their opinion retaliatory tariffs on imports are mischievous in the long run and increase the expenses of the consumers. Other items of exports are not worthy of notice. Indigo, which was very prosperous before, is now a decaying trade and there is no present prospect of its recovering lost ground.

TWO LAKHS WORTH OF JEWELS.

Alleged Theft at Madras.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

MADRAS, JUNE 14.

A daring burglary was reported to the police yesterday. The Dowagar Ranee of Pittapore lives in "Dil Kuoha", Peters-Road, Royapettah, and on Sunday night her residence was broken into and jewels valued at no less than Rs. 2 lakhs were stolen. Two arrests were made by the police and the enquiry is proceeding.

LATER.

A daring burglary was reported to the police yesterday. On Sunday night the residence of the Dowager Ranee of Pittapore was broken into and jewels valued at Rs. 2 lakhs were stolen. The treasure-room, located downstairs, had no special guard placed on it and only a few members of the Ranee's retinue slept in the vicinity. Although it is still a mystery how the thieves managed to get into the interior apartments of the house, they would appear to have entered the treasure-room itself by breaking open the window pane inside the room. It was comparatively easy to rifle the chest which was only a wooden one though bound with iron. The discovery of what had happened was made early yesterday morning, but no trace was found of the delinquents. On receiving the report of the occurrence Inspector Smithers at once set about to work with the greatest possible secrecy. Towards evening obtaining certain information he promptly raided a house in Triplicane in company with two Sub-Inspectors, and arrested two individuals, Venkatasami of Conjeevaram and Lall Singh, a professional wrestler of Saidapet. These men at first gave considerable trouble, but having been eventually secured, one of them made a clean breast of his share in the burglary and also brought out his share of spoils including a gold belt set with brilliants. The police this morning recovered the rest of the property from the other accused.

RANGOON STEAMER CASE.

Application in High Court.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

RANGOON, JUNE 14.

Before Mr. Justice Ormand to-day in Admiralty jurisdiction of the Chief Court an application was being heard in the case of Samuel Balthazar vs. the Bengal Steam Navigation Company, owners of the steamship "Paknam." The application was for bail and for the Company to show cause against the Chief Judge's order of arrest of the vessel. Arguments of Counsel directed the question of the directors' right of mortgaging shares, several shareholders objecting to the transaction of which they were not cognisant. Arguments are still proceeding.

LATER.

Mr. Justice Ormond to-day disposed of the application against the arrest of the Bengal Steam Navigation Company's steamer "Paknam." For the purpose of the application the Judge assumed the mortgage became due some time ago. Nothing showed Balthazar made any demand for payment of the mortgage money. Abdul Kadir, the original mortgagee before Balthazar, however, said he made demands. Balthazar's claim was as mortgagee. He was entitled to sue *in rem*, therefore have the ship arrested and only released it on bail on the payment into court of the suit amount. The Judge held it inequitable where no demand had been made for money that mortgagee should have a right to arrest the vessel without giving opportunity to the mortgagor for paying. The Company was prepared to furnish security of two lakhs for the return of the ship in one month free of any lien. Upon this security the ship was ordered to be released subject to all port dues. This was without prejudice against Balthazar's rights as mortgagor of the ship and as against the vessel itself. Meantime the policies of Insurance have ordered to be deposited in Court.

The following are the brief facts of the case as stated by the Directors' Counsel. Ashan Ally, President of the Board of Directors. lent the Company large sums of money for which at his request two days before his death in December 1908 they gave his son Abdul Kadar, the mortgages on the steamer "Paknam" and "Tangling." Kadir claimed the mortgages as his property. Balthazar was appointed receiver of Ashan Ally's property. Last Saturday, Kadir, in consideration of a quarter lakh, transferred both the mortgages to Balthazar who the same day filed the notice in Court.

ALLEGED PESHAWAR RIOT.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LAHORE, JUNE 14.

Jiwan Mall, the Secretary, Sanatan Hindu Sabha, Peshawar, Pundit Badrinath, Medical Practitioner and Bhai Mehr Singh, who were charged with firing on the mob during the Peshawar riot, have been all discharged.

It is officially confirmed that the German Emperor will visit the Emperor Francis Joseph in Vienna in September, to offer congratulations on the latter's eightieth birthday.

BOMBAY PROVINCIAL ADVISORY COMMITTEE.

HIS Excellency the Governor-in-Council is pleased to appoint the following gentlemen to serve as corresponding members of the Bombay Provincial Advisory Committee for Indian Students in the districts shown against their names:—

CENTRAL DIVISION.

Poona—Mr. Hari Narayan Apte.

Satara—Rao Bahadur Vithal Narayan Pathak.

Sholapur—Mr. T. J. Pitre, Chief Officer, Sholapur Municipality.

Nasik—Rao Saheb Narayan Vinayek Gole.

Ahmednagar—Mr. Ganesh Krishna Chitale, LL.B.

West Khandesh—Mr Mahadev Krishna Apte, LL.B., Pleader.

NORTHERN DIVISION.

Ahmedabad.—Khan Bahadur Rustomji J. Vakil, and Mr. Lalshanker Umiashanker.

Surat.—Rao Bahadur Khandubhai Gulabbhai Dessai, Mr Madhuvachram Bulvachram Hora, Mr Kalabhai Lallubhai Vakil and Mr. Gulabdas Purshottamdas.

Kaira.—Mr Kirpashankar Bhagwandas Vyas, the Hon'ble Sardar Purshottamdas Varidas Desai, Mr Lallubhai Pranvallabhdas Parekh and Mr Chimanlal Kirpashankar Dave.

Broach.—The Hon'ble Sardar Rao Bahadur Motilal Chunilal, Khan Bahadur Adarji Dalal and Mr Ratanji Edalji Kanga.

SOUTHERN DIVISION.

Belgaum.—The Hon'ble Sardar Meherban Lakhamgauda Basavprabhu Sir Desai of Wantmuri; Mr. Keshav G. Ajrekar, Pleader, Belgaum; Mr. Shripad Anant Chhatre, Pleader, Belgaum; Mr. Annappa Padeppa Changula, Pleader, Belgaum and Mr. Ganesh Annarao Hebbal, Pleader, Chikodi.

Dharwar—Mr Ravji Balaji Karandikar, Educational Inspector, Southern Division, Dharwar; The Hon'ble Rao Bahadur Shrinivas Konher Rodda, retired Principal, Training College for Men, Dharwar; Mr Bhaskar Yashvant Jathar, Head Master, High School, Dharwar; Mr. B. Nagarkar, Head Master, Mission High School, Dharwar, Mr R A Desai, Head Master, Victoria High School, Dharwar, and Mr Vithal Balkrishna Bhate, Head Master, Lamington High School, Hubli.

Bijapur—Mr. P. A. Desai, LL.B., Pleader, Bijapur, Mr. Krishnaji Ganesh Ajrekar. LL.B., Pleader, Bijapur, Mr. Phakiryppa Gurubassappa Halkatti, LL.B., Pleader, Bijapur; and Mr. Govind Janrao Desai, Honorary Magistrate, Bagalkot.

Kanara—Mr. Shripad Venkatesh Kallianpurkar, LL.B., Pleader, Kumta; Mr. Babanna Kamath, LL.B., Pleader, Kumta; Rao Saheb Pundlikrao Narayan Pandit, Rao Bahadur Raghavendra Ramchandra Gangoli, retired Sub-Judge, Karwar; Mr. L.S. Coutinho, LL.B., Pleader, Karwar; and Mr. Shivram Subrao Nagarkatti, Pleader.

Ratnagiri.—Mr. Sitaram Vithal Karandikar, LL.B., Dapoli; Mr. Vazir Mahomed Dadasaheb Tambe, Khed; Mr. Kashinath Bhaskar Thatte, LL.B., Pleader, Chiplun; Mr. Mahadev Vithal Khare, Guhagar, Chiplun; Mr. Govind Balkrishna Ranade, Ratnagiri; Mr. K. R. Sakharpekar, Ratnagiri; Mr. Vaman Balkrishna Joshi, Pleader, Sangameshvar; Mr. Sakharam Govind Mantravadi, Rajapur; Mr. D. B. Patankar, Pleader, Devgad; Mr. Govind Narayan Gogate, LL.B., Subordinate Government Pleader, Malvan; Dr. R. H. H. Goheen, M.D., American Mission, Vengurla; and Mr. N. V. Sahasrabudhe, Pleader, Vengurla.

Kolaba.—Mr. Jamshedji Bamanji, Pleader, Alibag; Mr. Gajanan Mahadev Kamath, Landlord Alibag; Mr. Govind Baba Gurjar, Landlord, Alibag; Mr. Shankar Dinkar Vaidya, Pleader, Alibag; Shaikh Mahomed Shaikh Inus, Trader and Secretary of the Anjuman-i-Islam of the Kolaba District, Alibag; Mr. Faki Alli Walad Haji Faki, Landlord Panwell; Mr. A. M. Ose, Inamdar, Phalaspe. Taluka Panwell; Mr. V. B. Mehendale, Landlord, Roha; Mr. N. M. Kulkarni, Pleader, Mahad, and Mr. Monarkhan I. Mukadam, Landlord and Honorary Magistrate Mahad.

SIND.

Karachi.—The Hon'ble Mr Harchandrai Vashindas, Professor Sahebsing Chandasing Shahani, Mr Yoosufali Alibhoy, Mr Nasarvanji R Mehta, and Dr G Pires, L R C P, M R C S (London.)

Larkhana.—Mr Sirai Shah Muhammad Lahori, Divan Teumal Jethsing and Mr Ghulam Dastgir Agha.

Sukkur.—Pessumal Zounkiram, Mr Bhojsin Gurpinomal and Mr Abdul Ghafar Pirzado.

Shikarpur.—Mr Murlidhar Jeramdas, Mr Hiranand Parsram, and Mr Hiranand Lunidaram.

Thar and Parkar.—Professor Sahebsing Chandasing Shahani.

Hyderabad—The Hon'ble Mr Gulam Mahomed Bhurgri, Bar-at-Law Mr Bulchand Dayaram and Mr Pribhdas Shewakram.

RAILWAY ACCIDENT IN THE TAPTI-VALLEY.

Engine-Driver and Two Firemen Killed.

Yesterday morning, the dead body of Dhanjishah Chinoy, the driver of the train on the Tapti-Valley Railway, part of which fell into a culvert between Sindhkheda and Dondaichi stations, was recovered from the debris. The dead body of the first fireman, who was a Mahomedan, was also recovered. The second fireman, who was a Surti by caste, and who was severely injured, was being brought to Surat for treatment, but died at Kankrakhadi on the way.

Nothing is known as to whether there were any keepers with the cattle. Usually there is at least one keeper in each waggon in charge of the animals. The waggons contained bullocks of Khandesh and usually eight are accommodated in each. The total number of bullocks which are missing is over sixty.

The Acting General Traffic Manager writes:—In continuation of my letter No. Ta. 720 of date, 1 beg to inform you that further particulars to hand show that 9 loaded and 8 empty waggons fell into the culvert. The culvert gave way owing to heavy rain. The engine-driver and second fireman were killed and the first fireman was seriously injured.

THE LATE KING.

To-day's Memorial Meeting.

THE meeting of the citizens of Bombay to concert measures to raise a Memorial to the late King Edward VII. will be held in the Town Hall this evening at half past five o'clock (S. T.). His Excellency the Governor, who will come from Poona for the purpose, will take the chair. The principal business before the meeting will be to approve of the address of condolence with His Majesty King George V., and to decide that what kind of memorial shall be raised, and to appoint a committee to carry it out.

Several ladies have asked whether, inasmuch as the Bombay ladies have already had their memorial meeting, their presence is desired. We believe we are correct in saying that the presence of ladies, as of all loyal subjects of the King, will be welcomed.

ACCORDING to a Cape Town telegram, the death is announced of the mother of Mr. Merriman, the Prime Minister of Cape Colony.

SIR THOMAS BARLOW, President of the Royal College of Physicians of London, has been nominated by the selection committee to be the President of the International Medical Congress, which meets in London in 1913, says the "Lancet." Dr. W. P. Herringham has been nominated to be the general secretary.

BOMBAY must look to its laurels as the second city of the British Empire. The mail tells us:—The provisional order for the extension of the boundaries of the City of Birmingham is generally favourable to the inclusion in that city of Aston Manor, Handsworth, and all the other districts proposed, and if finally sanctioned by Parliament, Birmingham will become the second largest city in the Empire. It will have a population of nearly a million and a rateable value of over four millions.

SPENCE COTTON.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—The dangerous shortage in the world's supply of raw cotton is well known to the textile industry, and so seriously affects directly and indirectly our whole Empire that I feel no further reason is necessary for bringing the subject before your readers.

Some years since letters appeared in the press of India on the subject of "Spence Cotton" to the cultivation of which I have since devoted all my time. The accompanying statement on the subject will, I trust, prove of interest.

SPENCE COTTON.

Probably never in the history of the cotton trade of the world has the interest and attention of the public and press, both in England and India, been so irresistibly drawn towards it as during the past three years.

The cotton industries of England and Europe are practically dependent upon one source of supply, viz. America. This has been, and is, the cause of great anxiety, and in 1904, when there was a very short crop, the American operators, assisted by the statistical position of the moment, raised the price to the abnormal rate of 9d. per lb., which was most ruinous to Lancashire. (The average price of America cotton during the previous ten years being about 4½d. to 5d. per lb.). Moreover, there is the further and more serious danger of bad weather and frost in America, injuring and diminishing the crop. "Spence cotton" cultivated in India cannot fail from want of rain, because a system of artificial irrigation by wells is adopted wherever it is grown and, further, there is no forest in the districts selected.

Since that time great efforts have been made to grow cotton in Africa, Jamaica, and other parts of the world, in order to avoid a repetition of such a grave calamity. It is not only necessary to increase the supply of raw cotton, but also to produce a quality suitable to the mills of Lancashire. The total production of the world being annually about 8,000,000,000 lbs., which valued at 6d. per lb., amounts to about 200 millions sterling, of which India produces at present only about 1,400,000,000 lbs. of cotton which is of such inferior quality, suitable generally only for the manufacture of low counts that it is practically boycotted by the Lancashire Mills and consequently very little finds its way into England.

Mr. J. R. Spence, who was for many years a member of the Liverpool Cotton Brokers' Association, and who has had five years' experience in Egypt, and further, has visited every cotton-growing centre in India, discovered some five years ago a cotton tree indigenous to India, producing Cotton superior to American, both in classification and staple, and quite as white in colour.

Mr. Spence has traced its origin locally as far back as the Mutiny of 1857. It is supposed to have been originally introduced from Pernambuco (Brazil). Impressed with the commercial value of this cotton, he started a plantation at Deesa to cultivate it on scientific lines, and has now about 200,000 trees.

The yield for the first year averaged 2 1-2 ounces of clean cotton per tree, not-withstanding the season was the most disastrous, known for many years. Over 5,000 trees are planted to the acre, and this gives a net yield of, say, 800 lbs., or two bales per acre the first year. The average yield for the second year has proved to be more than double that of the first year, and as after the first year, half the number of trees are transplanted, to give room for increased growth, each acre would still produce at least two bales. When it is pointed out that the average yielded per acre of ordinary cotton all over India is about 50lbs. per acre, the enormous advantage of the cultivation of "Spence cotton" will be seen at a glance. Whereas the ordinary cotton plant is cultivated as an annual requiring to be re-sown every year, and cannot generally be grown on the same land two years in succession, "Spence cotton" improves each year both in quality and quantity, and trees have been proved to continue bearing for a period of 20 years. This again means an enormous saving in the cost of production.

The boll-worm, one of the dreaded pests of growing cotton, has lately been very prevalent both in America and India, but up to the present time Mr. Spence's plantation has escaped from this pest as it is thoroughly fumigated at intervals of which entirely protects it from this danger.

"Spence cotton" was sold on 1st August, 1907, in Liverpool, at 7 1-2d. per lb., or 68 points over mid; American, August delivery. It is the first time in the history of the trade that such a rate has been obtained for indigenous Indian cotton.

It has been manufactured into cloth by Messrs. Wadia & Co., of Bombay, who write as follows:—

"J. R. Spence, Esq.

Bombay, 11th September, 1906.

Dear Sir,—We have passed the 4 bags of "Spence cotton" through the processes of spinning and weaving, and have now the pleasure to forward you herewith sample of cloth made therefrom, which we believe is the finest that has ever been made in the power looms from Indian grown cotton. The cloth is made from 40s warp and 50s Weft, and from this trial we are satisfied that the cotton will spin a good 50s warp and 70s weft. From this cloth can be made in fine dhoties for which a great demand exists in India, particularly on the Bengal side, thanks to the Swadeshi movement. To be able to grow such cotton is one of the best things that the Indian Mills could wish for, and will open up quite a new and very profitable trade, if they will get machinery suitable for the longer staple. If we had had a larger quantity of cotton with which we could have continued the trial, making necessary changes, we are sure a still finer cloth could be made from it. The total loss of weight in blow room is only 3 per cent. and we would gladly give 7 annas per lb. for this cotton."

NOTE.—The loss in weight in blow room of Middling American is about 12 per cent. Seven annas equals 7 pence, and this price was at a time when "Middling" American was worth 5 1-2d. per lb.

Based on the experience of the past five years, the cost of production, including European supervision, is Rs. 150 or £10 per acre, which items of expense are calculated on the most liberal scale, considerably over Government figures for the cultivation of cotton from Egyptian seed in Sind. This initial cost of 3d. per lb., would materially decrease after the first year and it will readily be seen what an unusually large margin of profit exists at the present time in the scientific cultivation of "Spence cotton."

I am now engaged in conjunction with His Highness the Maharaja Jam Saheb of Nawanagar in cultivating 500 acres in his State with the object of proving the figures given. The following is an account of the present condition of the plantation here from the Official State Gazette.

The Dewan Saheb, Vijarkhi, Jamnagar.

Nawanagar State, 6th May 1910.

We are glad to be in a position to send you most favourable accounts of the present condition of our "Spence cotton" plantations at Vijarkhi and Alia. The whole area of the former has been ridged some time, the work being highly satisfactory as you will remember you stated on your recent visit of inspection. We commenced planting the middle of March, the seedlings appearing after only being three days in the ground. This is a world's record for March planting, the usual time in India almost invariably being after the first rain in June, when the soil and atmosphere are comparatively cool. The impression in India is that earlier planting is absolutely fatal from the fact that the seedlings would certainly be burnt up by excessive heat from the sun. Indeed we have repeatedly been strongly warned of this danger, but it has been entirely avoided by our methods of cultivation and the formation of our ridges, which are two feet high and five feet apart, some of them being more than a mile long; being soft and properly watered they keep cool during the day and absorb the dew at night, the result being that we have not lost one of our millions of seedlings. Cotton planting on the flat is absolutely fatal in this country and principally accounts for the fact that India's yield per acre is only about one-fifth that of America and one eighth of Egypt. Our Vijarkhi plantation is now a perfect show and far excels anything we have seen during five years' experience of cotton tree cultivation. The plants are in groups, five feet apart on the top of the ridges; the whole area is planted with the exception of a plot of about ten acres of high land which proves troublesome to water, no yellow leaves are to be seen and there has been no sign of insect pest. This speaks most highly for the fertility of the soil.

At Alia the ridges are progressing well and all will be finished before the rains, which will complete our total area of 500 acres. Planting commenced a few days since and is being rapidly pushed forward, the seedlings appeared here after three days planting, as they did at Vijarkhi, and we have no reason to doubt they will be equally successful.

It is, of course, far too soon to make any forecast of the probable yield. We will do so later on when we have sufficient data to go upon. We can only say that so far the present condition could not possibly be more satisfactory than it is, and that in our experience we have never seen any plantations of the same age to compare with them.

I desire to state that it is entirely due to His Highness the Jam Saheb that I shall soon be in a position to prove on a commercial scale the yield I obtained the first year on my Deesa plantation of 800 lbs. or two bales to the acre. When this is established it will be seen at a glance that the cultivation of the "Spence cotton" indigenous tree is the true key to the future supply of raw material for the textile industry.

India with labour at four pence a day and nine months without rain is the only country under the the sun where, with irrigation by tanks or wells, the cultivation of cotton can be carried out positively with no risk. The danger of insect pest is entirely avoided by fumigation which every sensible cultivator adopts as a precaution whether his crop is attacked or not. His Highness the Jam Saheb took the deepest interest in the cultivation of "Spence cotton" when it was first put before him, and fully realised its immense importance to this State and to India. Its future success will be mainly due to his individual energy and enterprise of all people both in this country and at home. His Highness has proved one of the very few who have practically enabled me so far to bring my undertaking to a successful issue, and he may be justly considered as the pioneer of the enterprize.

It took twenty years to prove to India that tea should be cultivated as an indigenous tree instead of an exotic, so perhaps I should not complain that my work the past five years has not yet convinced this country that tea and cotton should be cultivated alike.

The finest quality of "Spence cotton" I have yet seen was from a tree said to be forty years old; it was two feet in circumference and was covered with thousands of bolls being situated at the junction of three fields which were well irrigated and cultivated: it had always a sufficient supply of water.—Yours, etc.,

J. R. SPENCE.

Vijarkhi, Jamagar, 29th June.

INDIAN CROP REPORT.

The following crop prospects for the week ending Saturday, 4th June, 1910, are published:—

RAJPUTANA.

Rain fell in Bikaner, Kotah, Jaipur, Alwar, Karauli, Bharatpur, Dholpur and Merwara. The maximum fall was 46 cents in Merwara and the minimum 6 cents in Jaipur. Slight showers fell in Sirohi and Ajmer. Land is being prepared for autumn crops. Cattle disease prevails in certain villages of Banswara. Prospects are generally good. Fodder is sufficient. Prices have risen.

CENTRAL INDIA.

No rain fell during the week in Indore and slight rain elsewhere. Land is being prepared for sowing of autumn crops. Agricultural stock is in good condition except for some disease in Indore, Baghelkhand, Bundelkhand and Bhopawar. Prices are fluctuating in Indore and are steady elsewhere.

CENTRAL PROVINCES.

The weather was generally unsettled and local showers occurred during the week in all districts except Bhandara, Seoni, Buldana and the Vindhyan districts had rain ranging from 1 1-4 to 2 1-2 inches. Elsewhere the rain did not exceed 67 cents. Agriculturists are busy in ploughing land for sowing of autumn crops. Construction of field embankments in rice districts continues. Sowing of rice in dry fields is in progress in Bhandara and Raipur. Fodder and water are adequate except in portions of Betul and Drug. Scarcity of water continues in parts of Nimar, Chhinwara and Chanda. The condition of agricultural stock is good. Prices:—The price of rice remained stationary in sixteen districts, wheat in nineteen, gram in twenty and juar in twenty-one districts. Variations elsewhere are unimportant.

Feudatory States.—Eleven States received rain during the week ranging from 4 cents in Kawardha to 8 cents in Sarangarh. Preparation of land for sowings for autumn crops is in progress. Sowing of rice continues in Raigarh, Sarangarh, Sakti, Jashpur and Korea. Fodder and water in Kawardha and water in Chhuikhadam, Khairagarh, and Nandgaon are becoming scarce. Prices:—Gram rose by 3 seers per rupee in Kanker.

HYDERABAD.

Slight rain fell during the week, the average rainfall throughout the Dominions being 3 cents. Water scarcity is general. Lands are being prepared for autumn crops in all districts. Cattle disease prevails in seven and fodder scarcity in thirty-one talukas. Prices:—Wheat and coarse rice 6 1-2 and juar 12 3-4 seers per rupee. White juar is selling in Hyderabad City at 11 1-2 seers, while yellow juar is not available in districts. The highest price of juar is 8 seers in Karimnagar and the lowest 20 seers in Bidar.

MYSORE.

Slight rain fell in parts of the State. Prices of food grains are steady. Markets are well supplied. Standing crops are in good condition. Prospects of the season are good. Cattle are generally healthy. Water and fodder are available.

COORG.

Rainfall one inch 26 cents. Ploughing for rice continues. Prices of food-grains are stationary. The public health is fair. Water and fodder for cattle are sufficient.

MADRAS.

The rainfall was good in Malabar, South Canara, Trichinopoly, the Nilgiris and Anantapur; nil in Guntur, Madras and Tinnevelly and light to fair elsewhere. Irrigation supplies are sufficient in Malabar and the Nilgiris and insufficient in parts of other districts. Ploughing, sowing, weeding and transplanting are in progress in parts. Standing crops are fair but some in parts of Chingleput, South Arcot, Coimbatore, Tinnevelly and South Canara have withered or are withering. Harvests continue with outturn poor to normal. Pasture is sufficient in Vizagapatam, Chingleput, Madras, Tanjore and the Nilgiris and insufficient in parts of other districts. Fodder is scanty in parts of Godavari, Guntur, Cuddapah and Nellore. The condition of cattle is generally good. The price of rice is stationary in eleven districts, has fallen in three and has risen in ten. The prices of millets have fluctuated as follows:—Rugi is stationary in thirteen districts, has fallen in four and has risen in five. Cholam is stationary in five districts, has fallen in four and has risen in six. Cumbu is stationary in eight districts, has fallen in five and has risen in two. The public health is generally good. Prospects are generally fair. The condition of the labouring classes is satisfactory everywhere and employment is readily available. Grain stocks are generally sufficient.—

The Bombay Report has already been published.

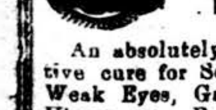
CALCUTTA POLICE DIVISIONS.

Reduced to Four from Six.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JUNE 14.

A further step in connection with recommendation of recent Police Commission will within next a week or so be introduced when the existing six districts of the town and suburbs will be reduced to four, each of which will have a larger number of police stations than heretofore. The work while being proportionately increased, will be carried out by Circle Inspectors, two of whom will be attached to each division under the control and supervision of a Deputy Commissioner. By the above arrangement the Northern Division suburb will cease to exist as a division which up to now is in charge of Superintendent Bowen who will shortly assume charge of the duties of the newly created appointment at the High Court recently sanctioned by the Government of Bengal.



"LU-LU"

EYE DROPS.

An absolutely non-irritant and a positive cure for Sore, Inflamed, Red, and Weak Eyes, Granulated Lids, Corneal Ulcers, etc. Prepared to the formula of an Opthalmic Surgeon (London), D. M. Dastoor and Co., Oculists, Oppt. The "Bombay Club," Fort, Bombay. Re. 1.

"GAZETTE OF NDIA" NOTIFICATIONS.

Mr S R Ewing, Accountant, 1st grade, and Assistant Examiner (honorary rank) is permanently appointed to the Superior Accounts Branch, Public Works Department, with the rank of Deputy Examiner, Class II.

Whereas the Governor General in Council is of opinion that the Association styled "The Samartha Vidyalaya" situated at Telegaon in the Poona district of the Bombay Presidency has for its object interference with the maintenance of law and order and constitutes a danger to the public peace; the Governor General in Council hereby declares the said association to be unlawful.

The leave in India on private affairs granted to Lieutenant H D Watson, 25th Punjabis, attached to the Military Accounts Department, dated the 14th October 1909, is converted into privilege leave for fifteen days from the 25th October 1909.

The undermentioned officer of the Indian Medical Service, having completed his course at the Royal Army Medical College and at Aldershot, has been finally admitted to the service. His commission will bear dated the 29th Janua ay Rustam Hormasji Bharucha.

The undermentioned military pupils, having passed their final examination, to be 4th Class Assistant Surgeons, with effect from the 18th April Aubyn Reginald D'Abreu, Frederick Peter Linton, Harold Aloysius Henry D'Silva, Raymond Frank Mackenzie, Walter Albert Browne, John Henry DeCunha, Albert Norman Quick, Guy William Hardy, Robert Laird Wilson Beveridge, Jeremias Simeon Menezes, Walter St. John Quanbrough, Patrick Frank Fanaken, Eric Rudolph Hill, William Blaney Hallums, Henry Lawrency Sargent, Henry George Furey, Alfred Charles Stephens Mann, Colin John Mascarenhas and Percival William Emmett.

Mr K B Datta, Inspector of Local Accounts, Bengal, officiated in the senior grade of Chief Superintendents from the 24th May 1909 to the 10th July 1909 and from the 1st November 1909 to the 16th March. He is also appointed to officiate in the same grade during the absence on privilege leave of Mr E S Hensman, with effect from the 25th April and until further orders.

The services of Mr W Alder I C S, are replaced at the disposal of the Government of the United Provinces, with effect from the 24th June.

The provisional recognition of the appointment of Mr Ernest R Logan as Honorary Consul for Sweden at Madras has been confirmed by his Majesty's Government.

The Governor-General in Council is pleased to recognise provisionally the appointment of Kumar Shyama Kumar Tagore as Consul General for Bolivia at Calcutta.

The services of 2nd class Assistant-Surgeon A P Lopez, Indian Subordinate Medical Department are replaced at the disposal of the Director General, Indian Medical Service, with effect from the 20th March.

Major T W Irvine, Indian Medical Service (Bombay), an Agency Surgeon of the 2nd class, is granted three months' privilege leave combined with three months' furlough in India.

Major A P Trevor, a Political Assistant of the 1st class, held charge of the current duties of the office of Political Resident in the Persian Gulf from the 25th August, 1909, to the 31st March, both days inclusive.

Lieutenant-Colonel R C Macwatt, Indian Medical Service (Bengal), an Agency Surgeon of the 2nd class and Residency Surgeon in the Western States of Rajputana, is appointed to hold charge of the current duties of the office of Civil Surgeon, Bikaner, in addition to his own duties, with effect from the 15th May, and until further orders.

Captain F R H Eustace, RE, Executive Engineer, is, on return from foreign service, posted to the North Western Railway.

Mr M P W Schembro, District Traffic Superintendent, Oudh and Rohilkhand Railway, (on leave), is promoted from class II, grade 2, to class II, grade 1, of the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways, with effect from the 1st April.

Mr J D'Cunha, Traffic Inspector, North Western Railway, is appointed to officiate as an Assistant Traffic Superintendent on that railway, with effect from the 1st May vice Mr A Upson. District Traffic Superintendent, on three months' furlough.

Mr J P Willams, District Locomotive and Carriage Superintendent, (on leave), Oudh and Rohilkhand Railway, in class II, grade I, of the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways, is permanently promoted to the rank of Deputy Locomotive and Carriage Superintendent in class I of that establishment, with effect from the 1st April.

Mr. T. Gregson, Officiating Deputy Locomotive Superintendent, North Western Railway, is confirmed in that appointment, with rank in class I of the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways, with effect from the 1st April.

Mr. A. J. Chase, District Locomotive Superintendent, North Western Railway, in class II, grade 1, of the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways, Locomotive Department, is appointed to officiate as Deputy Locomotive Superintendent of that railway, with effect from the 10th June 1910, vice Mr. T. Gregson, Deputy Locomotive Superintendent, on privilege leave.

Mr. J. M. D. Wrench, Assistant Locomotive Superintendent, North Western Railway, is appointed to officiate as a District Locomotive Superintendent on that railway, in class II of the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways.

Mr F W Allam, Executive Engineer, is, on return from leave, posted to the Oudh and Rohilkhand Railway to officiate as Engineer-in-Chief for Construction, with the officiating rank of Superintending Engineer, 3rd class.

Mr V Bayley, Officiating District Carriage and Wagon Superintendent, North Western Railway, is appointed to officiate as Deputy Carriage and Wagon Superintendent of that railway in class I of the Superior Revenue Establishment.

Mr H Armitstead, Assistant Carriage and Wagon Superintendent, North Western Railway, in class III, grade 1, of the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways, is appointed to officiate as District Carriage and Wagon Superintendent on that railway Mr Armitstead will officiate in class II during the privilege leave portion of Mr Houldcroft's leave and thereafter hold temporary rank in class II, grade 4.

BEDARS BENDHARIS AND KUNBIS.

Bal Shastri Tailang, Sarvadhikari (Agent), Shrimath Sankeshwar and Karwir, writes to us:—

"After a thorough and searching investigation of all evidence, history and antecedents, it has been finally and conclusively proved at a solemn meeting held under the sacred auspices of His Holiness Shri Shankaracharya of Sankeswar and Karwir that the castes, hitherto misnamed Bedar, Bendhari, etc., found in the Berars, the Central Provinces, the Nizam's Dominions, in Khandesh and Bombay and elsewhere and which include among its prominent members, men like Rao Sahib Dhondji Kondji, retired Police Inspector, Akola, Sakharam Rajaram, retired Subedar, Ahmednagar; Dawalji Nimbaji Kambale, Civil Hospital, Amarati, Narayanji Bhondji Kaje, Aurangabad; Keshav Satwaji Thorat, clerk, Dhulia; Kamaji Persaji Jadhav, Malegaon, etc., were originally Kunbis (Marathas) of the Shudra class and are rightfully entitled to be recognised and accepted as such. It has consequently pleased His Holiness to decide and declare that the said castes are duly authorised and empowered to re-adopt their original caste, namely Kunbi, and are free to use both in public and private their former surnames, namely, Jadhav, Gaekwad, Sinde etc. A Adnya Patra embodying this decision has been circulated in accordance with the usual custom of the Matha and under the seal and signature of His Holiness, among the members of the communities concerned. And the present circular is issued so as to give as wide a publicity as possible to the above decision of His Holiness and particularly for the information of Brahmin Priests (Joshies), Heads of Temples and other Religious Institutions and of all those who are disciples and followers of His Holiness. It is also enjoined that the communities in question should be freely allowed and admitted to all such intercourse and intercommunication as they are entitled to as Kunbies."

REAR ADMIRAL SIR GEORGE WARRENDER, lately Commanding the East Indies Station, together with a number of other Naval Officers, is studying wireless telegraphy at the Royal Naval College, Portsmouth. It is understood that a wireless signal station is to be erected on Scarborough Castle Hill.

SPORTING NEWS.

FOOTBALL.

The Harwood League.

THE GLOSTERS vs. TELEGRAPHISTS.

THE meeting between these teams on the Cooperage was an absurd affair, the soldiers winning by no fewer than 11 goals to nil. In the first half five goals were scored (Hill 3, Holme 1, Short 1), and in the second period six more points were added (Short 1, Hill 4, Maton 1), Hill's last point being obtained by a remarkable shot.

The teams were as follows:—

THE GLOSTERS:—Goal: Smith; backs: Scaife and Ruck; half-backs: Barton, Sherwood, and Curtis; forwards: Maton, Short, Hill, Holme and Harris.

TELEGRAPHISTS:—Goal: Ward; backs, Ible and Burke; half-backs: Walker, Simmonds, and Dyce; forwards: Green, Birtch, Scott, Woodcock and Eawer.

CRICKET.

SATARA vs. POONA Y. C. C.

An interesting cricket match was played at Satara, between the Satara Gymkhana and the Poona Young Cricketers' Club, on Friday and Saturday, the 10th and 11th of June, which ended in a win for the latter by 5 wickets. The following are the scores:—

SATARA GYMKHANA.

1st Innings.

Capt Trueman, c Mehandale S G, b Mehendale L G	6
Mead, b Mehandale S G	46
Clarke, b Mehendale L G	20
Carnegie, st Joshi S M	11
Capt Dalyall, run out	2
Porhens, b Mehandale L G	8
Bremner, c Bhopatkar, b Joshi, Y G ...	35
Hemsley, st Joshi S M	4
Sgt Wanklin, not out	41
Waldren, b Joshi Y G	0
Ral, st Joshi S M	4
Total	177

2nd Innings.

Capt Trueman, b Mehandale L G ...	0
Mead, st Joshi S M	7
Clarke, l b w Mehandale L G	34
Carnegie, run out	13
Capt Dalyall, c Mehandale L G. b Joshi SM	0
Porhens c Mehandale L G, b Joshi S M...	10
Bremner, b Mehandale L G	12
Hemsley, b Mehandale L G	1
Wauklin, not out	24
Waldren, c Bhusari, b Mehandale L G ...	2
Ral, l b w Joshi S M	0
Extras	8
Total	111

POONA YOUNG C. C.

1st Innings.

Mehandale S G, b Waldren	1
Khare T N, run out	20
Joshi S M, c Clarke, b Dalyall	1
Bhusari B N, c Clarke, b Dalyall ...	6
Deodhar D B, c and b Dalyall	39
Joshi Y G, c Bremner, b Dalyall ...	40
Mahajani B G, b Dalyall	23
Bhopatker L B, c and b Dalyall ...	3
Kelker G V, b Dalyall	6
Joshi A G, l-b-w Waldren	5
Mehandale L G, not out	1
Extras	10
Total	155

2nd Innings.

Mehandale S G, b Ral...	13
Khare T N, c Mead b Waldren	6
Joshi S M, not out	12
Bhusari B N, not out	2
Deodhar D B. st Ral	54
Joshi Y G, b Clarke	26
Mahajani B G, run out	19
Bhopatker L B ... Kelker G V ... Joshi A G ... Mehandale L G ...	Did not bat
Extras	2
Total	134

CRICKET IN SIMLA.

SIMLA vs. OUTSTATIONS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, JUNE 14.

A cricket match between above two teams was played at Annandale to-day. The Simla team batted first and piled up the huge score of 288 runs for all wickets, of which Major H. P. Douglas's innings of 86 runs was excellent both in design and in execution. Among the others who scored double figures were Sergeant Rogers 56, Major Bateman Champion 29, Captain Baily 38, Napier 17 and Wood 11. With an hour and a half to bat the Outstation Team replied with 108 runs for the loss of three wickets to which the Maharaja of Patiala contributed 33 in a free and attractive style. The match will be resumed again on Thursday. The following are the scores:—

SIMLA, 1st innings.

Mr G G Napier, b Mandill	17
Capt A Tod, c Mandill, b Mistri ...	8
Capt B Bailey, c Mandill, b Firth ...	38
Major H P Douglas, c Pollard, b Mandill.	86
Lord F Scott, c Stuart, b Jai Singh ...	7
Mr V A Short, c Madill, b Mistri ...	7
Mr C H Twiss, b Mandill	5
Major d Bate Champion, b Mandill ...	29
Rev G Barne, not out	8
Sergt Rogers, b Mistri	58
Mr F I Wood, b Jai Singh	11
Extras ...	14
Total... ...	288

OUT STATIONS.

First innings.

H H the Maharaja of Patiala, b Rogers...	33
Sergt Pollard, c and b Barne	19
Mr S C Strachan, not out	22
Mr K M Mistri, b Napier	13
The Rest did not bat	
Extra ...	17
Total ...	105

CHESHIRES' BOXING TOURNAMENT.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SECUNDERABAD, JUNE 11.

The Finals in the Cheshire Regiment's Boxing Tournament last evening at Trimulgherry drew a large crowd of spectators. Although there appeared to be a very good programme the fighting was of a very tame description. It was expected, at least, that the set to in the Final of the Light Weights between Cpl. Payne of the 13th Hussars, who hold the Garrison Championship, and Pte. Makins, of the Lincolns, would prove of interest. However it occupied but a few seconds, Payne disposing of his man with a shower of heavy blows.

Pte. Strickland, 14th Hussars, met Pte. Howlett, Royal Fusiliers, in a six round contest. It was quite evident that Strickland was the better man and he came out the winner with any amount of points to his credit.

The Commanding Officer of the Cheshire Regiment, before giving away the prizes, in a neat little speech, tendered his thanks to the ring officials for their services throughout the tournament. He spoke words of encouragement to the winners, and complimented Corpl. Payne of the 15th Hussars for his splendid fighting and also his Regiment for having carried off the Silver Cup for the best Regiment in the tournament.

Final Results:—

Boys Class "A"

Boy Crouch, 13th Hussars, beat Boy Lamer, 13th Hussars.

Boys Class "B."

Boy Tucker, Cheshire Regiment, beat Boy Carrel, Cheshire Regt.

Bantams.

Lce-Cpl. Murray, 13th Hussars, beat Pte. Mc Carthy, Cheshire Regt.

Feather Weights.

Pte. O'Dowd, Sherwood Foresters, beat Pte. Munday, 13th Hussars.

Light Weights (open to all India).

Lce-Cpl. Payne, 13th Hussars, beat Pt. Makins, 1st Lincolns, Poona.

4-Round Contest.

Gun Lynch R. F. A., beat Pte. McConnell, 13th Hussars.

6-Round Contest.

Pte. Strickland, 14th Hussars, Bangalore, beat Pte. Hewlett, 2nd Royal Fusiliers, (Jubbulpore.)

Novices 9st. 7lbs.

Pte. Bennett, 13th Hussars, beat Pte. Richards, Sherwood Foresters.

Novices 10st 7lbs.

Pte. Taylor, Sherwood Foresters, beat S. Sm. Smith, 13th Hussars.

The Cup for the Regiment gaining the most points during the Tournament was won by the 18th Hussars.

Finals Middle Weights.

Pt. Dunn, Sherwood Foresters, lost to Pte. Hollard, Cheshire Regt.

CHANNEL FLIGHT.

M. de Lesseps' Success from Calais to Dover.

FINE ACHIEVEMENT.

M. Jacques de Lesseps' grandson of the famous engineer who created the Suez Canal, flew across the Channel on May 20 from Calais to Dover on his monoplane, thus winning the Ruinart prize of £500.

There is now left no monetary inducement to aviators to negotiate the twenty miles of blue water that separates the English from the French coast. The only condition attaching to the Ruinart prize was that the flight should be made either on a Saturday or Sunday and that due notice should be given of the intention to compete. It was not necessary (as was erroneously supposed in many quarters) that the Channel should be crossed and recrossed. When M. de Lesseps landed on English soil there was no further obligation on his part, so far as the prize was concerned, but, with real sporting instinct, he announced his intention of flying back to Calais if the weather permitted. He had incurred serious risk in manoeuvring among the clouds in the thick fog which enveloped the Channel, but, given a reasonable prospect of returning, he was willing to take to the air again as soon as his engine had been overhauled and his supply of petrol replenished. The haze, however, thickened as the day wore on, and the project had to be postponed.

The utmost interest was displayed in the flight on the French coast. It was 3.37 in the afternoon when M. de Lesseps left Calais and 4.22 when he touched on the Dover side, so that the flight occupied precisely three-quarters of an hour, or about twelve minutes longer than that of M. Bleriot last July.

By half-past three the conditions were regarded as fairly favourable, and, anxious to essay the task, M. de Lesseps intimated that he was prepared to fly at once. A clear ground was made for the machine, the captain and crew of the Escopette, which was lying in readiness in the harbour, were notified, and within a quarter of an hour the monoplane was circling the coastguard station at a height of 250 feet, and the torpedo boat was steaming full speed ahead in the hope of being near at hand in case of a descent into the sea.

On the Dover side there were many hundreds of anxious watchers, but not half a dozen were within hailing distance when M. de Lesseps brought his monoplane down in a field on Wanstone Court Farm some five miles by road from Dover. The thick haze had so obscured the view that it was not until the flying machine was almost overhead that the throbbing of the engine was heard. The commander of the destroyer had rarely during the voyage across the Channel caught a glimpse of the man in the air, but the war vessel continued steering a dead straight course in the expectation of being somewhere in his track.

M. DE LESSEPS' OWN STORY.

The difficulties which were encountered in the navigation of the airship may be told in the aviator's own words:—

"My machine worked beautifully right from the start, and I felt sure I should get across all right. The contrary winds at first bothered me. I tried to escape them by rising very high—at one time I should judge 2000 feet. There was no appreciable difference however, and at one point the machine seemed to be standing still. Afterwards, probably when I was halfway across, the wind dropped and for a few minutes ideal conditions prevailed. My machine was going splendidly; there was no vibration, and I was beginning to really enjoy the voyage. There was a blue sky overhead, and the sea beneath me sparkled like diamonds. It was a most exhilarating sensation, and it bade fair to be the pleasantest voyage I had ever made. Then I ran into a mist which became denser and denser. This was worse than the wind, and I could only just see the smoke from the torpedo boat. I thought, however, that I must be nearing land; and then I noticed the piers of Dover gradually shaping themselves out of the veil of mist. I could distinguish, too, what I considered was the outline of Dover Castle. My idea was to land near the Bleriot monument but I had got too far to the eastward. I saw a bare field removed from threes or houses, and I rightly judged this to be a most suitable place to land. By this time the reservoirs of the machine had got out of order, and I should have had to descend soon. Immediately I landed two ladies ran out from the farm and greeted me with true British hospitality. I came down quite comfortably, and my machine is not damaged in any way. As soon as the news spread that I was down a crowd began to assemble, and I was congratulated on all hands."

The farm which M de Lesseps so unexpectedly visited is managed by two ladies, Misses Hewlett and Wallan. One of them was at bed-room window when she saw the flying machine circling over the cliffs and then alight in a field near the house. "We both rushed out to greet the flying man," she said in a subsequent interview, "and warmly shook hands with him. He was perspiring and was mopping his face with handkerchief. He could only speak French, but we managed to understand a good deal that he had to say. We invited him to take tea with us, and he did so."

Having been besieged by friends who had followed in the Calais-Dover boat, newspaper correspondents, and photographers, M. de Lesseps, accompanied by his sister and brother, made his way to the Lord Warden Hotel, where he was lionised by a host of admirers.

M. de Lesseps, who is unmarried, has taken to aviation quite enthusiastically, and his achievement last week demonstrates that he is possessed of the cool head and iron nerve which are essential to success. At Issy last December he succeeded in keeping in the air for an hour and a-half. It will be remembered that M. Bleriot, who was the first man to cross the Channel in a flying machine, established the record on July 25, 1909, when he flew from Les Baraques, Calais, to the Shakespeare Cliff, Dover, in 31 minutes. Six days previously Mr. Hubert Latham had attempted the feat, but, owing to his motor failing he was obliged to descend in the sea. On July 27 he made a second attempt with a similar result, though on this occasion he was but a short distance from the Admiralty Pier at Dover.

On his return to Calais M. de Lesseps was given an official luncheon, at which M. Runert, the donor of the prize won by the aviator, presided.

ACTION WITH MAHSUD RAIDERS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LAHORE, JUNE 14.

On the 10th of June, while the party of the Southern Waziristan Militia were returning to Sarwakai, after following up a band of Mahsud raiders, who had just lifted a herd of buffaloes, they were attacked near Khuzma by another large gang. The second gang was eventually driven off. Two militia sepoys were wounded.

Make your own Cigarette

It is twice as good

3 AG. CIGARETTE PAPER

BEST and PUREST

LARGEST SALE IN Gᵀ BRITAIN

THE WEATHER.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]

SIMLA, JUNE 14.

The rainfall due to the Bombay monsoon has again been nearly general on the west coast of the Peninsula and in Chota Nagpur, and local in the Central Provinces. A few falls have also occurred in Central India East.

The bay current has given local rain in Burma and nearly general rain in North-East India. Pressure conditions prevent the monsoon from extending freely into the United Provinces.

Kyaukpyu had four inches; Akyab, six; Myitkyina, Sibiagar and Narayanganj, two; Dibrugarh, Mymensingh and Cuttack, one and a half; Cox's Bazar and Chittagong, three; Cherrapoonjee, five; Chaibassa and Ranchi, one; Jubbulpore, one-half; Nagpur, two Malegaon, one and Karwar three.

Forecast.—No important change.

Summary of monsoon forecast.—There appears to be no cause for expecting large excess or defect in the total amount of monsoon rainfall. The rains are likely to be less steady than usual, especially those due to the Arabian sea current, and the periods of marked weakness are likely to alternative with bursts of abundant rainfall. The rainfall due to the bay current is likely to be on the whole more plentiful by comparison with the normal than that due to the Arabian sea current.

RAINFALL IN BOMBAY.

	Byculla In Cts	Esplanade In Cts	Fort In Cts	Colaba. In Cts
Previously registered...	3·74	3·40	4·35	2·67
Tuesday, 14th June............	0·09	0·08	0·07	0·16
Total......	3·83	3·48	4·42	2·83
Same date last year	6·81	5·83	6·96	6·31

MESSRS. KEMP & Co., CUMBALLA HILL.

June 14.

Rainfall up to 8 a. m.

Station.	Last 24 hours.	Total to date.	Corpdg. Total 1908.	Corpdg. Total 1909.
Cumballa.	In. cts.	In. cts.	In. cts.	In cts.
	0 35	3 57	1 92	7 11

BOMBAY DAILY WEATHER REPORT FOR THE 14TH JUNE.

Summary of observations recorded at 8 hours on Tuesday, the 14th June, giving data for the preceding 24 hours.

The Punjab.—Skies are generally clear. The moisture in the air is either equal to or above the average. Temperature is generally in excess.

The United Provinces.—Skies are heavily clouded at Allahabad and lightly to moderately clouded elsewhere. Humidity is normal or in defect. Maximum temperature is normal; the minimum is generally higher than usual.

Sind and Rajputana.—Skies are moderately clouded in east Rajputana and lightly clouded elsewhere. The air contains the average amount of moisture. Temperature is in defect at Kotah, and in slight excess in northern half of Rajputana.

Gujarat, Kathiawar and Central India West.—Rajkot records 0·23" of rain. Skies are moderately to heavily clouded. Humidity is normal. Maximum temperature is in defect at some stations; the minimum is normal.

The Central Provinces.—Nearly general rain has fallen in the eastern half of the division; Jubbulpore has had 1·50", Nagpur 2·17", Raipur 0·62", and Chanda 0·43". Skies are moderately clouded in the extreme western districts and heavily clouded elsewhere. The moisture in the air is either equal to or above the average. Temperature is normal, except for a defect at night at Jubbulpore and Nagpur.

The Konkan.—Rainfall has been general; Bombay has had 0·16", Ratnagiri 0·51", Mormugao 1·50", and Karwar 2·66". Skies are moderately to heavily clouded. Humidity and temperature are normal.

The Bombay Deccan and Hyderabad.—Malegaon reports 1·11" of rain. Skies are moderately clouded. The moisture in the air is either equal to or below the average. Day temperature is in excess except in the area of rainfall; night temperature is also in excess in south Hyderabad.

General Remarks.—Rainfall has been general on the West Coast of the Peninsula, and nearly so in the eastern half of the Central Provinces. Isolated showers have fallen in Kathiawar and the north Bombay Deccan. The precipitation has been fairly heavy in the south Konkan and at some stations in the east Central Provinces; elsewhere rainfall has been only light. Wind directions have become normal in the north Konkan, but still continue variable over the rest of the West Coast.

Nearly general rain is likely on the West Coast of the Peninsula, and local rain in the central parts of the country. A few showers may occur in Kathiawar and Gujarat and the Deccan.

Appended on Tuesday's report of the Meteorological Reporter for Western India based on observations taken at 8 o'clock.

Names of Stations.	Maximum temperature during the past 24 hours.	Minimum temperature during the past 24 hours.	Rainfall past 24 hours.	Rainfall since 1st June to date.
Bushire (13th)	87 6	81·6	...	...
Jask	93·3	83·8	...	...
Muskat	—	...	...	...
Multan........................	113·3	90·0	...	...
Rawalpindi	111·9	75·4	...	0·87
Lahore	115·9	90·2	...	0·33
Sirsa.........................	113·3	88·6	...	0·66
Ambala	108·5	87·0	...	0·10
Delhi	107·7	85·2	—	...
Agra..........................	103·5	92·0	...	0·19
Mainpuri......................	100·3	85·5	...	...
Jhansi	105·5	84·0	...	0·98
Cawnpore	104·0	86·5	...	...
Allahabad	103·1	86·5	0·06	0·11
Jacobabad	115·1	86·3	...	0·29
Karachi	92·5	85·0	...	...
Ajmer	98·9	84·2	...	0·70
Jaipur	105·2	86·6	...	0·59
Kotah	101·0	83·1	...	3·31
Bhuj..........................	99·7	82 5	...	0·04
Dwarka	90·8	84 2	...	0·24
Veraval	86·1	81·3	...	1·11
Rajkot........................	94·5	78·0	0 23	4·79
Bhavnagar Para................	95·6	81 5	...	1·69
Surat	89·1	77·6	0·06	2·48
Ahmedabad.....................	96·1	79·7	...	2·96
Deesa	100 8	79·9	...	0·39
Neemuch.......................	96·0	71·8	0·04	2·27
Indore	98·1	76·1	...	6·34
Jubbulpore	97·3	68·3	1·50	3·09
Saugor	99·1	75·0	0·02	2 54
Hoshangabad	96·6	77·4	0·05	2·18
Khandwa.......................	97·2	79·6	...	3·16
Akola	98·7	76·1	...	1·86
Amraoti	99·3	76·3	0·01	0·39
Nagpur........................	98·6	73·8	2·17	4·64
Chanda	101·5	77·5	0·43	1·25
Raipur........................	100·3	76·6	0·62	2·60
Bombay	87·2	79·4	0·16	2·83
Ratnagiri.....................	85·3	76·4	0·51	7·03
Mormugao	84·0	75·2	1·50	15·73
Karwar	82·3	73·5	2·66	15·52
Malegaon......................	91·4	73·1	1·11	4·57
Ahmednagar....................	93·4	72·5	...	1·79
Poona	95·0	74·3	...	0·93
Sholapur	96·8	77·4	...	0 99
Bijapur	94·2	78 2	...	0·47
Belgaum	79·8	68·1	0·08	0·36
Aurangabad....................	94·2	73·2	...	1·74
Nizamabad (Indur)	101·4	80·7	...	0·38
Hyderabad	96·8	78·2	...	0·24
Mangalore	84 3	70·8	0·70	13·58
Calicut.......................	86 3	74·1	0·30	11·54
Cochin	87·7	75·8	0·43	12·56
Colombo	88·0	79·5	...	2·27
Masulipatam	101·3	84·2	...	2·30
Bellary	98·0	77·3	...	0·13
Cuddapah	103·7	83·1	...	0·67
Madras........................	103·0	81·5	...	0·72
Bangalore	90·3	68·8	0·05	1·04
Coimbatore	92·9	71 3	...	—
Trichinopoly	...	...	...	...
Negapatam	102·0	80·5	...	0·42

H. A. ARMSTRONG,
Meteorologist, Bombay.

THE LIGHTER VEIN.

SO THERE, NOW!

The younger lady said spitefully, as she sat beside the other during a waltz—they were both wall flowers, "I wonder, dear, if I shall lose my looks, too, when I get to be your age?"

"You'll be lucky if you do," snapped the older lady.

A WELL-COOKED DINNER.

Smith—"Excuse me, Jones, but may I ask how you manage to have such delicious things to eat?"

Jones—"It is quite simple. I always kiss the cook before dinner and do all I can to make her happy."

Smith—But what does your wife say?"

Jones—"Oh she doesn't object—she's the cook!"

BOUND TO RECOVER.

Patient—"Tell me candidly, doc, do you think I'll pull through?"

Doctor—"Oh, you're bound to get well—you can't help yourself. The "Medical Record" shows that out of one hundred cases like yours, one per cent invariably recovers. I've treated ninety-nine cases, and every one of them died. Why, man alive, you can't die if you try! There's no humbug in statistics."

AN UNNATURAL PHENOMENON.

As a tourist steamer was approaching the harbour of Athens a well-dressed young lady accosted the captain, and, pointing to the distant hills, enquired—

"What is that white stuff on the hills, captain?"

"That is snow, madam," answered the captain.

"Is it really?" remarked the lady. "I thought so myself but a gentleman just told me it was Greece."

THEY WERE SOUND ENOUGH.

The following story is told of a New England clergyman, who was a man of ingenuity and resources.

He employed more than one device to secure wakefulness on the part of his weary congregation. Standing during the prayer was but one of many. His daughter used to tell with pride of an instance which occurred at a time when a new church edifice had been proposed and was under warm discussion. He thought this, a worldly and unnecessary expense and emphasised his opinion by passing in the midst of his sermon on a Sunday saying impressively as he fixed the somnolent members of his congregation with a stern look—

"You are talking about building a new church. It seems to me quite unnecessary since the sleepers in the old one are all sound!"

CURIOSITY HUNTING.

The door opened and an individual of benign aspect entered.

"You advertised," he began, "that you had found a purse, did you not? A purse containing a large sum of money?"

"That is so."

"And you mentioned that the owner could have the same by naming the sum found and describing the purse?"

"Yes. Go on!"

"That is all, sir."

"But you will have to give a description of the purse before you can claim it."

"Quite so. But I have not lost any purse."

"Not lost any purse! Then why have you come?"

"Merely," responded the caller, "to see what a man looks like who will find a large sum of money and then advertise the fact in the daily news papers instead of—Well, good morning, sir!"

ALL THAT WAS NEEDED.

The first Earl of Mansfield had occasion to dismiss his coachman, and, on being asked for a "character," wrote as follows:—

"The bearer, John —, has served me for three years in the capacity of coachman. He is an able driver and a very sober man. I discharged him because he cheated me."

A day or two later the man returned to thank his old master for the help he had afforded in getting him a new berth. How had the testimonial helped him? Lord Mansfield wished to know.

The new master had observed that ability to drive and sobriety were the qualities he required in a coachman. As for the cheating, "I'm a Yorkshireman, and I'll be hanged if you cheat me," said the new employer.

QUITE INDIFFERENT.

An interesting dialogue between a woman and a ticket collector—in which the woman got the best of it—is reported—

"I shall have to ask you for a ticket for that boy, ma'am."

"I think not."

"He's too old to travel free. He occupies a whole seat and the train's crowded. There are people standing."

"I can't help that."

"I haven't time to argue the matter, ma'am. You'll have to pay for that boy."

"I've never paid for him yet."

"You've got to begin doing it some time."

"Not this journey, anyway."

"You'll pay for that boy, ma'am, or I'll put him off."

"All right, put him off, if you think that's the way to get anything out of me."

"You ought to know what the rules of this line are, ma'am. How old is that boy?"

"I don't know, I never saw him before."

TEACHING HIM.

When Willie's father came home to supper there was a vacant chair at the table.

"Well, where's the boy?"

"William is upstairs in bed." The answer came with painful precision from the sad-faced mother.

"Why, wh-what's up? Not ill, is he?" (An anxious pause.)

"It grieves me to say Robert, that our son—your son—has been heard using bad words in the street. I heard him."

"Using bad words, Great Scott! I'll teach him to use bad words." And papa started upstairs in the dark. Halfway up he stumbled and came down with his chin on the top step.

When the atmosphere cleared a little Willie's mother was saying sweetly from the hall—

"That will do, dear. You have given him enough for one lesson."

PRESIDENT TAFT'S STORY.

While spending the winter in Georgia, before his inauguration as President, Mr. Taft went to the city of Athens to deliver an address to the students of the University of Georgia. He met a member of the faculty— a stanch Democrat—who said, "Judge, I voted the Democratic ticket, but wanted to see you win."

Judge Taft replied:—"You remind me of the story of Brer Jasper and Brer Johnson, who were both deacons in the Shilo Baptist Church, although avowed enemies. Brer Jasper died and the other deacons told Brer Johnson he must say something good about the deceased on Sunday night. At first he declined but finally consented. Sunday night, when the time for the eulogy arrived, he arose slowly and said:—' Brederen and Sisteren—I promised ter say sump'n good 'bout Deacon Jasper to-night, an' I will say we all hopes he's gone whar we knows he ain't.'"

THE LAST STRAW.

They were driving from the railway station to the village in which the blissful honeymoon was to be passed, and, though she had not as yet brushed the confetti out of her hair, the bride was in an agony of nervousness in case they should be taken for anything but a couple well-seasoned to the joys and sorrows of matrimony.

Presently the carriage drew back with a jerk.

"What's the matter?" queried the bridegroom of the coachman.

"Horse thrown ashoe, sir," said the driver.

The bride clutched her husband's arm and, with what sounded suspiciously, like a sob—

"Oh, dear George, she said, is it possible that even the very horses know we are married?"

DITTO.

He hated letter-writing! His chief object, once he had begun, being to get it over. It was so tedious. It took such a time. There was so little to say. Then during morning school, his teacher initiated him into the mysteries of the "ditto" mark. The idea struck him as novel and excellent; and that night, when he penned his weekly letter home, he penned as follows:—

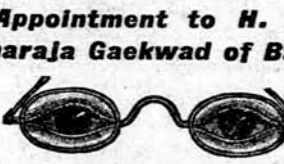
"Dear father—
I hope you are well.
" " mother is "
" " sister " "
" " Dick " "
" " granny " "
" wish you were here
" " mother " "
" " sister " "
" " Dick " "
" " granny " "
" " you would send me some money.
"r affect. son.—Tom."

PRESERVE BABY'S SKIN

With CUTICURA SOAP

A lifetime of disfigurement and suffering often results from the neglect, in infancy or childhood, of simple skin affections. In the prevention and treatment of minor eruptions and in the promotion of permanent skin and hair health, Cuticura Soap and Cuticura Ointment are absolutely unrivaled.

Sold throughout the world. Depots: London, 27, Charterhouse Sq.; Paris, 10, Rue de la Chaussee d'Antin; Australia, R. Towns & Co., Sydney; India, B. K. Paul, Calcutta; China, Hong Kong Drug Co.; Japan, Maruya, Ltd., Tokio; So. Africa, Lennon, Ltd., Cape Town, etc.; U. S. A., Potter Drug & Chem. Corp., Sole Props., 133 Columbus Ave., Boston.
☞ 32-page Cuticura Booklet, post-free, tells all about the Care and Treatment of Skin and Scalp.



By Appointment to H. H. The Maharaja Gaekwad of Baroda.

PHIROZE M. DASTOOR & Co.

OCCULISTS & OPTICIANS,

Opp. Telegraph Office, 7 Hornby Row, Bombay.

THE FIRST AND ONLY FIRM

Who Offer their patrons Free Services of a Duly Qualified Ophthalmic Surgeon from Various Eye Hospitals of Europe, Holding English Registrable Diplomas.

PHIROZE M. DASTOOR

EYESIGHT SPECIALIST,

Late Partner, D. M. DASTOOR & Co.

Twenty years' experience in sight-testing Retinoscopically.

BEWARE | WE HOLD

Exceptional Testimonials from H. H. The Maharaja Scindia of Gwalior, the Hon'ble Sir Lawrence Jenkins, the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Batty, Mrs. Batty, the Hon'ble Sir N. Chandavarkar, the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Beaman, the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Batchelor, Mr. H. G. Gell, M.V.O., Lt.-Col. G. H. Bull, M.D., I.M.S., Lt.-Col. Peters, M.B., I.M.S., and Other High Personages.

STOCK:—LATEST AND MOST PERFECT MAKE, PRICES:—EXTREMELY MODERATE

A Pocket Manual "The human eye and its Scientific Correction," free on application.

EUQUININE.

(Tasteless Quinine)

FOR

Infants & Invalids.

ONCE TRIED - - - - ALWAYS USED.

NO BITTER - - - TASTE!

Obtainable from all Chemists.

Wholesale Agents:

SCHRODER, SMIDT & CO.,

BOMBAY.

MARTIN'S

APIOL & STEEL For Ladies PILLS

A French Remedy for all Irregularities.

[illegible]

BY THE WAY.

BUCKINGHAM PALACE.

Buckingham Palace occupies a site of a mansion associated with the introduction of tea into England. Lord George Goring, keeper of the Mulberry Gardens planted by James I., built himself a house where the present palace stands. He named it Goring House. In 1666 it was let to Lord Arlington, who renamed it Arlington House. It was this Lord Arlington who in the same year first brought tea to England, and it is probable, therefore, that as the authors of "Piccadilly to Pall Mall" observe the first cup of tea drunk in this country was brewed where Buckingham Palace now stands. The palace got its present name from Sheffield Duke of Buckingham who purchased the property in 1698 and built a new house in place of the old. He named the new mansion, built in 1703, "Buckingham House." In 1761 it was bought for £21,000 by George III., and in 1825 it was pulled down and the present palace, which took twelve years to build and cost about £1,000,000 erected in its place.

"HARVARD CRIMSON."

Harvard's famous "crimson," which has been the badge of representatives of that University in many a hotly contested struggle, will soon be an obsolete tradition. The "Corporation" has decided that there are too many variations of the colour on the Harvard flags and banners, and has officially adopted instead a new colour, called "arterial blood." The name suggests that it might more appropriately have been selected as the symbol of a medical school.

AN ACCIDENTAL BADGE.

The colour now to be discarded was first adopted almost by accident, in 1858, when Harvard sent a boat to a local regatta. Dr. Eliot, the late President of the University, was a member of the crew. It occurred to them just before the race that they had nothing by which their friends might distinguish them from the other boats. Accordingly Eliot and his friend Crowninshield went into the nearest clother's shop, where they saw a pile of red silk handkerchiefs. They bought some of these and tied them round their heads. Hence the "Harvard crimson" which has been so well known in American college athletics.

COST OF ARMY UNIFORMS.

The average man knows really very little about the details of Army life, and a little book, "A. B. C. of the Army," compiled by Captain J. Atkinson, and just published by Messrs. Gale and Polden, should do much to dispel the ignorance which prevails. It will probably surprise some people to learn what the full dress of the various regiments costs. Most expensive of all is that of the Life-guardsman, whose gold-laced outfit, familiar to every Londoner, costs the modest sum of £26 19s. 11d. Next in price is that of the Royal Horse Guards, which is set down at £25 17s. 3d. That of the Lancers costs £14 5s. 4d., and the total cost of that of the Hussar is £13 13s. 7d. The price of the kilted dress of the Scottish regiments is £11 3s. 4d. The cheapest uniform appears to be that of the West African Regiment—£2 10s. 4d.

BANDS.

The British Army is justly proud of its bands, for indeed they are among the finest in the world. The number of men now allowed to the band by regulations is as follows: One bandmaster, one sergeant, and in the infantry one corporal and twenty privates, and in the cavalry fifteen privates, and in addition the establishment of trumpeters, buglers, drummers, fifers, and pipers. The bandsmen are all effective soldiers, drilled, and liable to service in the ranks. Bands are supported by grants from the War Office, these varying from £80 in the of the Household Cavalry to £420 in the case of the regiments of the Brigade of Guards.

COLOURS.

The colours carried by cavalry regiments are known either as standards or guidons, but in the infantry are always denominated "Colours." No colours are carried by Lancer, Hussar, or Rifle regiments, or by the Departmental Corps. Colours are at all times treated with the utmost respect, and when first taken into use are consecrated by the chaplain at a special service. Every officer and soldier salutes the colours when uncased, and in the case of their passing a guard the guard turns out and presents arms.

INFANTRY AND THE COLOURS.

In the Infantry the colours consist of the King's and regimental colours, the former never being carried by a guard except in the case of a guard mounted over the King or any member of the Royal Family, or over a Viceroy, and are only used at guard mounting or other ceremonials when a member of the Royal Family or a Viceroy is present or on those occasions when the National Anthem is appointed to be played. Colours are not now carried on service, but during the absence of the regiment at the front are usually taken to the depot for safe custody.

A GAELIC MINISTER'S REMARKABLE CAREER.

Rev. Angus MacLeod, Stornoway, who has been selected to conduct the next Gaelic service in London, has had a picturesque career. Receiving a good education at the village school, he became at the age of seventeen a fisherman, and he soon acquired an adept's knowledge of the arts of handling a boat, hauling nets, baiting long lines, sorting buoys and buoy-ropes, and the other intricacies of a fisherman's calling. After serving four years at the fishing, the spirit of the rover impelled him to emigrate to the United States of America, where he remained four years and made some money, with which he returned to his home in Lews.

FROM DRAPERY TO DIVINITY.

Later Mr. MacLeod joined a firm of Scotch drapers in Birmingham, where he received a useful insight into the ways of business and the lives of the workers in industrial centres. While at Birmingham he came under the influence and spell of Dr. Dale, whose church he attended regularly. Tiring in three years' time of the Birmingham, business, he returned to Stornoway, where he established a general merchant's store. The impressions created by Dr. Dale gradually deepened until Mr. MacLeod became an earnest church worker, serving in turn as a precentor, church officer, deacon, elder, and catechist. The call to become an ordained minister of the Gospel at length became irresistible, and he disposed of his business and became a student of Glasgow University, where he went through the curriculum in Arts and Divinity.

THE WOMAN VOTER IN AUSTRALIA.

The full figures of the Commonwealth General Election show that the enfranchised ladies presented themselves at the polling-booths in considerable force, and the great majority of them contributed to the victory of the Labour Party. In some places the female voters were more numerous than the males. In Bendigo, for example, the figures were: Females, 12,414; Males, 12,337. Miss Vida Goldstein, the lady candidate for the Commonwealth Senate, polled close on 54,000, an improvement on her previous attempt, but still a long way behind the number requisite to place her among the elected.

THE FOUNDERS OR COPPERSMITHS.

The Worshipful Company of Founders, which has arranged for an exhibition of foundry work this month, was incorporated at the beginning of the seventeenth century, but can boast of far greater antiquity. It was a recognised City Guild in the reign of Edward III., and had the power of "detection and presentment" of bad material or workmanship, and of compelling all strangers working at the trade to pass an examination. At one time all legal weights were stamped with the Founders' mark of an ewer. Apprentices of this "mistery" were sternly disciplined, and forbidden to play at "bowls, cards, dice, tables, or shovel-board," but apparently were permitted "nine-pins." The Founders from first to last have had their headquarters in Lothbury, where they formerly possessed a private chapel within the parish church of St. Margaret.

FLORILINE:—For the Teeth and Breath.—A few drops of the liquid Floriline, sprinkled on a wet tooth brush, produce a pleasant lather which thoroughly cleanses the teeth from all parasites or impurities, hardens the gums, prevents tartar, stops decay, gives to the teeth a peculiar pearly whiteness, and a delightful fragrance to the breath. It removes all unpleasant odour arising from decayed teeth or tobacco smoke. "The Fragrant Floriline" being composed in parts of honey and sweet herbs is delicious to the taste and the greatest toilet discovery of the age. Of all Chemists and Perfumers. Wholesale Dept., 33 Farringdon Road, London, England.

THE LADIES' CORNER.

THE BEAUTY OF BLACK ATTIRE.

Our recent experience in the matter of mourning, writes a London correspondent, has taught us a curious lesson, for it has certainly revealed in a most extraordinary way the exceptional beauty of black attire. In a fashion altogether indisputable, black garments have proved themselves to be remarkably becoming, alike to young and old, to fair and dark. Not only in these individual cases either, have the possibilities of black made themselves felt. Mourning attire in the mass has produced a most dignified and beautiful effect, as witness the sable-clad congregations which have filled St. Paul's Cathedral and Westminster Abbey, with never a gleam of colour among all those vast multitudes to relieve the sombre gloom. The result has been most impressive, and should go far towards compensating one for having had to set aside ones gay spring raiment and to postpone for a few weeks longer the pleasure of wearing even those delicate tones of mauve and grey in which every one will be at iberty to again after the middle of June.

SHANTUNG SILK.

Among the most attractive fabrics available at the moment for walking gowns black Shuntung silk must be reckoned as taking the first place. Its dull surface makes it specially appropriate for mourning while it is also light in weight and sufficiently cool for outdoor summer wear.

DRESS FROM PARIS.

Meteor, foulard, crepe de chine, and the finest of voile makes a simple dinner dress for a young girl. The bodice is cut lower at the back than in front, and is outlined with a band of white Chantilly transparent upon the skin. The material is gauged into this band of lace and drawn tightly into a similar band at the waist. The skirt is cut in straight widths, with ever so little goring on the hips. Another band of white Chantilly, a jour, is inserted between six wide tucks. It seems almost impossible to walk in a dress of such small circumference, but one gets used to everything, and is more surprised to-day to see a full skirt than a narrow one.

MASSACRE IN THE SOLOMONS.

Victims Mutilated.

The representative of the Methodist Foreign Mission has thrown a little light on the Solomon Islands massacre of October last, when a band of natives, headed, it was stated, by a chief named Sito, murdered Mr. Binskin's native wife and two children at Bagga, a small island off the west coast of Vella Lavella. The Rev. B. Danks, general secretary of the Methodist Foreign Mission, when interviewed to-day said it appeared that after the massacre the Government organised a punitive expedition, and strenuous efforts were made to capture the outlaw and his gang. Unfortunately it did not appear as though proper precautions were taken to guide and control this force, and upon the capture of some of Sito's men they were taken by native police to Bagga, instead of to Gizo, where the Deputy Resident Commissioner resides. Two of these men were so brutally treated by natives in the presence of a white man that they died two days later. This occurred before they could be brought before a tribunal and tried. Some of the details of this shocking affair as reported are not fit to be published by a newspaper. But for the watchfulness of the Rev. N. C. Nicholson, Sito himself, when captured, would probably have been taken to Bagga with the others, and perhaps he would have met the same fate. Hearing, however, that certain men had given orders to the native police that all prisoners were to be delivered to them, Mr. Nicholson insisted that Sito should be conveyed to Gizo and handed over to the authorities there, to be properly tried. To make sure that this was done, he himself took the chief in his boat and handed him over to the authorities at Gizo.

Sito, according to accounts received in Sydney, declared that he committed the dreadful deed in revenge for the shooting of his own wife and daughter by a Government force while they were attempting to arrest him some time ago for damage done during a native quarrel. It is stated that prior to this massacre Sito had not at any time injured a white man.

Many things were done of a most distressing character during the attempts to catch the murderers. The Methodist missionaries were accused by certain white men of sheltering and aiding outlawed bands and while traders' stations seemed to be absolutely safe, several mission depots were raided by wild native forces. On one station a church and a teacher's house were burnt to the ground and the household goods were stolen or destroyed, and all the school material was burnt. Another teacher's house was pulled down, though not burnt. His church was destroyed, all the school material was burnt or wantonly sacrificed, and his possessions were stolen. He had to hide in the bush for fear of the native police. The food gardens were raided and despoiled at four mission stations, while the mission canoes were taken from the head station at Biloa and placed on the station of a trader. These when subsequently returned to Mr. Nicholson were partly destroyed.

"The news that has reached me," continued Mr. Danks, "has certainly borne out the assertion that several people who took refuge on the Biloa mission station were arrested and placed in irons without a scrap of reliable evidence to show they had been guilty of anything wrong. One helpless old man who, according to my informant, was not connected with the murderers in any way, had his head completely blown off. The Mundi Mundi mission station was raided by the Dobli people, who had been appointed by the police, and it is said a number of lives were needlessly taken. The Rev. J. F. Goldie, chairman of the Methodist mission, wrote to Resident Commissioner Woodford, acquainting him with the details of the outrages, and at the same time requesting him to have a searching investigation made into the whole affair. Mr. Woodford promised to do so. An investigation has been made, and it is stated that some Malaita natives, who actually perpetrated the crimes have been found guilty of murder. One white man has been found guilty of having been an accessory before the fact and remanded to Fiji for sentence. Another white man has been deported from the group and others have been dealt with in other ways. The natives who were taken away from the mission station and put in irons without any proof of their having been implicated in the massacre were returned to their homes. Sito is awaiting his trial in the Solomon Islands. The Methodist mission has been thoroughly vindicated from the charges made against it. The teachers who suffered loss by the raiding of the native forces have been compensated, and the commissioners have expressed regret for the trouble and anxiety caused to the missionaries."

No danger in eating freshly baked cakes, scones, tea-bread, etc., when

"PAISLEY FLOUR"
(Trade Mark)

—the *sure* raising powder—is used.

Everything baked with "Paisley Flour" is most digestible, even when new, and do you know that any cakes left over and reheated in the oven the following day are almost equal to the freshly baked.

Made by Brown & Polson. Every tin contains recipes for tempting cakes, etc.

THE S.-V.-R. PEN.
(Suaviter.)

Does not scratch or break. It retains its golden colour and does not corrode in hot moist climates. It forms the letters neatly so as to give character to one's handwriting. Ladies like it because it writes smooth as velvet.

6 Annas per box.

Sold by Stationers and Dealers and by A. H. WHEELER & Co., Bombay and Allahabad.

BOOKS AND BOOKMEN.

A re-reading of "Doctor Faustus" in the excellent critical edition just issued by the Clarendon Press suggests the question of Marlowe's humour. Swinburne, it will be remembered in one of his latest books credited the great Elizabethan with the gift chiefly on account of a passage in "The massacre at Paris." The passage however, hardly bears so much to be put upon it; it is highly indecorous and he is a poor scribler who cannot raise a laugh over an indecency. Moreover a sense of humour not only furnishes a writer with amusing things to say but also checks him when he is on the verge of saying extravagant things. It did not often enough check Marlowe. The "pampered jades" lines in Tamburlane" are only an extreme example of the extravagances into which at times he falls. In Doctor Faustus such instances are rare but the comedy is on a low level. One must allow of course even in the earliest extant edition of the play, that of 1604, for actors' gag. Marlowe, when he made Mephistopheles say to Faustus "Think on the devil," did not add "and his dam, too," that must have been the exploit of some actor anxious to tickle the ears of the groundlings with a favourite cliche. The comic scenes as a whole, however, must be Marlowe's and when one has a she-devil hissing and sputtering with squibs and crackers, two devils chasing the clown howling round the stage, the magician, invisible, boxing the Pope's ears for crossing himself so often, a horsecourser pulling Faustus's leg to awaken him and finding the limb come away in his hands, we are in the atmosphere of broad farce. The farcical element was to increased and determined the destiny of the play. In the 1616 edition one of the characters picks up Faustus's "false head" and over the absurd stage property moralises as Faustus himself does over the face of Helen, "Was this the stern aspect"—and so on,—and one feels that Bird and Rowley have inserted the incident to give the funny man his opportunity. It was alterations of this sort that gave a lead to William Mountfort ("young Mumfort"), who, somewhere after 1685, turned the play into frank farce. He eliminated all that was tragic, serious, or merely poetic, introduced harlequinade and mirth of a circus sort, and such effects as that a man should be split into and the halves should leave the stage from opposite sides. Moreover, whereas in the edition of 1616 the curtain falls upon the two scholars contemplating the scattered limbs of Faustus, Mountfort gives his piece a happy ending. The limbs come together and stand up, Faustus is himself again, and the whole thing ends with a dance and a song. To such a complexion had one of the greatest of English tragedies come.

THE PANTOMIME.

Worse was in store, however. By and by pantomime came into being, a genre in which the spectacular was everything and the play mere scenario. Brilliant lights, gorgeous costumes, and mechanical effects were all utilised, and at the stroke of a wand a castle might be turned into a hut and a man or woman into a wheelbarrow or a spinning-wheel. Accordingly in 1723 one Tharmond a dancing master, put upon the Drury Lane stage a pantomime "Harlequin Doctor Faustus," and later in the same year Rich, the founder of pantomime, complaining that to beat him is rivals had had to "raise the devil," mounted even more gorgeously at Lincoln's Inn Fields "The Necromancer, or Doctor Faustus," and that so successfully that he "conjured all the town within his ring." It is to those performances that Pope alludes in the third book of the Dunciad. He talks of winged books, Gorgons, and dragons, ten-horned fiends, and giants appearing upon the stage, and lest a reader should doubt what he says appends by way of footnote a sort of affidavit in plain prose to the truth of his picture. "Dr. Faustus, the subject of a set of farces," he says, "which lasted in vogue two or three seasons, in which both play-houses strove to outdo each other for some years. All the extravagances in the sixteen lines following were introduced on the stage, and frequented by persons of the first quality in England, to the twentieth and thirtieth time." When one deplores the vogue of musical comedies let ones comfort oneself by reflecting on Rich's pantomimes.

MME. FAURE-GOYAU.

Mme. Faure-Goyau, the authoress of "La Vie et la Mort des Fees" has been called "the sixth Dauphiness of the Third Republic." In other words, she is younger daughter of Felix Faure and did the honours of the Elysee during that President's tenure of office. She is interested in English thought. Her first book was a study of Cardinal Newman. It is not a great book, as the attitude of the writer to the great Cardinal is one rather of admiration than of comprehension. On the other hand, her study of Christina Rossetti in "Ames Paiennes, Ames Chretiennes" is one of the best and most sympathetic papers that has yet been written on that poetess. The main thesis, indeed, that outside the Catholic Church all is "tristesse," and the suggestion that what the authoress calls "Protestant pessimism" is due to the lack of real "sacraments" are not criticisms of the sort that commend themselves to the lay mind. Her comprehension of Miss Rossetti's soul, however, is admirable. One point upon which, as the member of a Latin race, she insists, and which, although never quite ignored, has not been duly considered in this country, is that the poetess's nature was fundamentally Latin. She was Italian at her, however English in her ideas. "Christina," Mme. Goyau writes, "owed to England most of her precise and definite ideas; but beneath them there lay an age-long legacy of emotions bequeathed her by an entire different race, and they rose from the depths of her being in the tears which she shed in the poems of farewell to Italy." The poems of the visit to Italy, indeed, assume a new interest when read from Mme. Faure-Goyau's points of view.

M. PAUL BOURGET AND THE DEATH OF AN ACTOR.

Pending the completion of the long novel which one knows to be on the stocks, M. Paul Bourget has thought it worth while to gather together in one volume eight or nine of the short stories written by him during the last three years, most of which have, one fancies, seen the light before in one periodical or another. Most of them, also, deal with those breaches of the Seventh Commandment which still have an irressistible fascination for M. Bourget, in spite of the general purification of later French fiction in this respect. There are, however, exceptions; among which is the story of an old societaire of the Theatre Francais, who, after having played second of third rate tragic parts respectably, but without displaying any extraordinary genius, for many years, settles down on his pension in the little town of Nemours, which, as M. Bourget truly says, seems to offer inexplicable attractions for the retired actor. Here he vegetates with his bosom friend, a comedian who has been celebrated for his performance of old men in the now forgotten plays of Meilhac and Halevy. Then when nearing his end from the gradual hardening of the arteries which Professor Metchnikoff boasts that he is able to prevent, he rouses himself to play for the last time his great part of Mithridate in Racine's famous drama. Bewigged, painted, dressed our in the purple cloak, with the Persian scimitar and the Phrygian cap in which the tradition of the French stage clothes the heroic king of Pontus, he declaims the tremendous Alexandrines with a verve and an intensity which he has never shown behind the footlights until he comes to the famous lines:—

> . . . Approchez-vous, mon fils,
> Dans cet embrassement dont la douceur me flatte,
> Venez et recevez l'ame de Mithridate . . .

when he falls lifeless into the arms of his lifelong friend, murmuring with his dying breath the one word "talent." Truly a pleasant death for an artist, if there be, as Balzac says in his "Contes Drolatiques," pleasant deaths.

THE END OF PARLIAMENTARY RULE.

This one fancies is what M. Paul Louis, always watchful of the manœuvres and aims of the proletariat, foreshadows in his article in the current number of the "Revue Bleue." He points out that all over the world the Parliamentary system is crumbling into discredit, and this he attributes more than anything else to the rise and increasing power of the trade unions. As he says, the handing over of all legislative executive, and in the last resort, judicial power to the elected representatives of the nation meant really the dispossession of the classes who had hitherto governed in favour of the bourgeoisie: and as long as the proletariat remained unorganized, they were powerless against their new masters as they had been against the old. What one would like to know is why the middle classes have proved themselves unable to retain the power thrown into their hands in the middle of the last century, and have really reigned—in England, at all events—only for sixty years, whereas their predecessors in power wielded it for six centuries. M. Louis theory is that it is the incompetence, or even the scandal, of their conduct of the national finances which has thus discredited them.

THE House for Reliable EYEWORK

THE ORIGINAL FIRM OF
DASTOOR,
OCULISTS & OPTICIANS.
(EST. 1890.)
DINSHAW M. DASTOOR & Co.,
Oppt. Evans Fraser & Co., Fort, Bombay,

Eyes are examined (free of charge) for Refraction by our Consulting Surgeon-Oculist, Dr. Dastoor, M.D., who has practised to a considerable extent in Three **London** Eye Hospitals and holds **First Class Credentials.**

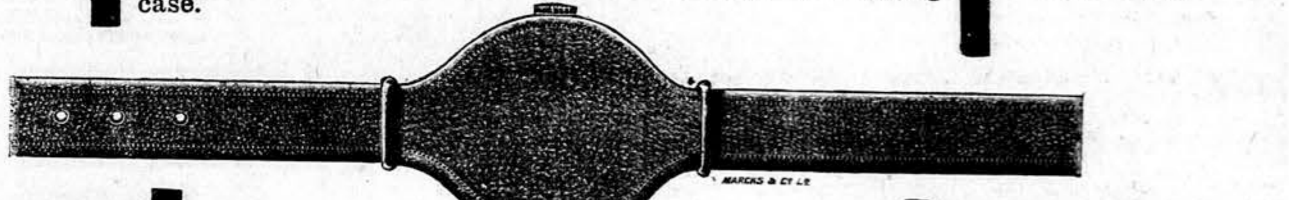
Do not be misled, as there is **no** other Qualified Eye Specialist by the name of **Dastoor** in Bombay.

Best Credentials from **The Hon'ble Chief Justice Sir Basil Scott,** Members of Legislative Councils, Members of **Medical Profession,** and other high personages **The Hon'ble Late Chief Justices, Mr. Farran, Sir Lawrence Jenkins, Mr. Justice Crow, Mr. Justice Candy, Mr. Justice Aston, Mr. Justice Batty** and **Mr. Justice Kensington** (of Lahore) have been among our constituents.

Guaranteed first quality goods at very moderate prices.

NEW MODEL ENGLISH GUNS.

Direct from the makers at lowest prices.
Superior far-killing Double Breechloaders from £5-10-0 each a test model Rifles, Revolvers, etc. Illustrated price list post free. 9, Leander Road, Thornton Heath, London England.



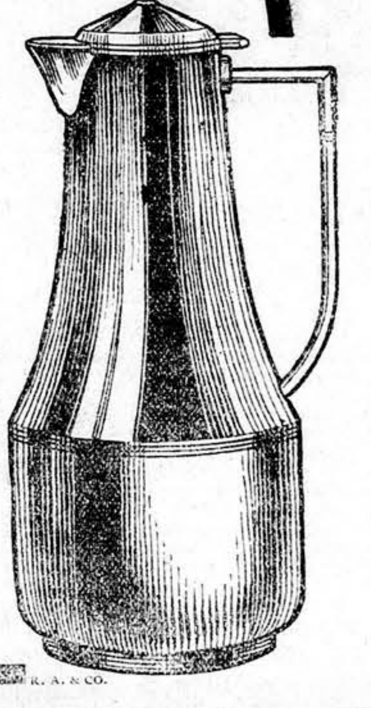
SUPERLATIVE QUALITY.
THE "IDEAL" WRIST WATCHES.
LIGHT. COMPACT. COMFORTABLE. NO METAL NEXT THE SKIN.

NICKEL, Rs. 37-8. SILVER, Rs. 47-8. 10 % Discount for Cash or V.P.P.
Cheaper WRIST WATCHES from Rs. 25.

WRIST WEAR IN WATCHES DIRECT FROM ITS PIONEERS IN INDIA.
These "Ideal" Wrist Watches are not only constructed specially to withstand hard-wear, such as we know a wrist watch must of necessity be subjected to, but they are built for the Indian climate and to these combined features we attribute their extensive recognition. The lever movement is fully jewelled, strong keyless attachment compensated balance, carefully adjusted hair-spring, white enamel dial, bold numerals, sunk seconds circle. We guarantee the timekeeping accuracy and durability of these watches. The soft leather wristlet obviates contact of metal with the skin, vitiates the possibilities of irritation or poisoning and reduces even the remote chance of moisture permeating case.

NICKEL, Rs. 37-8. SILVER, Rs. 47-8. 10 % Discount for Cash or V. P. P.
Cheaper WRIST WATCHES from Rs. 25.

This photographic reproduction shows the chamois lined strap crossing back of watch.
MARCKS & Co., LTD., BOMBAY & POONA.
Watch and Clock Catalogue on Application.



ICY COLD DRINKS

You can to-day keep any liquid ice cold for 24 hours.

All you want is a
THERMOS
TABLE JUG

The temperature of its contents is unaffected by outside circumstances.

Cold Drinks remain Cold
Hot Drinks remain Hot

Invaluable to Mothers, Nurses, Invalids and Housewives.

Of all Chemists, Ironmongers, Jewellers and Stores.
Wholesale only: A. E. GUTMANN & Co., 8, Long Lane, London, E.C.

Beware of worthless imitations. Infringers of Thermos Patents are being prosecuted.

R. A. & CO.

WHAT THEY DO ON LONDON ROADS!
A Leading Cab Company's Opinion on the 1910 Model (Latest Construction.)
CONTINENTAL TYRES:—
"A GREAT SUCCESS."

FITZALAN STREET, KENSINGTON, S. W.
11th January 1910.

THE CONTINENTAL TYRE AND RUBBER CO., LD.,
102, Clerkenwell Road, E.C.

DEAR SIRS,
We feel that some testimonial is due to your Company considering the satisfactory mileage that we have had on the Company's Cabs fitted with your 1910—815 × 105 Tyres.
We started our first Cab last August, and at the present time we have still some Cabs running on their original Tyres.
The best results we have obtained from your Non-skids has been 7,443 Miles AND THE AVERAGE HAS BEEN 5,000 Miles.
I may state that we will ask you to accept this as a Testimonial for the services we have received from your Tyres, and secondly for the courtesy and willingness at all times from the hands of your Company.

Yours sincerely (M. L. CAB COMPANY, LD.)
R. H. MILLER, *Director.*

LIST AND DESCRIPTIVE MATTER FREE ON REQUEST.

NOTICE.
Owing to high price of Raw Rubber now ruling, the prices of Continental Motor Tyres and accessories are increased by 10 per cent. except for steel studded Tyres which prices are raised only 5 per cent.

WHOLESALE AGENTS:—
SCHRODER SMIDT & CO.,
Bombay and Calcutta.

SAINT-RAPHAËL
TONIC, RESTORATIVE, DIGESTIVE WINE
Very palatable.

Known throughout the world and prescribed in all cases of Anæmia, Debility *and* Convalescence, *to* young women, children *and the* aged. *Invaluable in hot climates.* DOSE: One wine-glass after the two principal meals.

Each bottle of genuine VIN SAINT-RAPHAËL *bears, in addition to the registered trade-mark:*
(1) The WARRANTY STAMP of the UNION DES FABRICANTS.
(2) A METAL SEAL advertising CLETEAS.

CLETEAS *is a* MELISSA *and* MINT *cordial which surpasses all others by its purety and faultless preparation. To be taken on a lump of sugar.*

COMPAGNIE du VIN SAINT-RAPHAEL, Valence (Drôme-France).
SPENCER & Cie, Sole Agents for *Madras.* — PHILLIPS & Cie, Agents in *Bombay.*
DUMOULIN & Cie, Agents in *Pondichéry.*

The clean, wholesome smell of
WRIGHT'S COAL TAR SOAP
is, in itself, a recommendation and the freshness felt after using is really Exhilarating.
Good for Prickly Heat and wards off Insect Bites.
6d. per Tablet.
To be obtained from:—
KATRAK & Co.,
KATRAK'S BUILDINGS, KARACHI.

A FACT WORTH NOTING.
PAGE & SANDEMAN'S
Celebrated
INVALID'S PORT
Gold Capsule, is
SECOND TO NONE.
Insist on having it.
BEWARE OF IMITATION
PAGE & SANDEMAN, LONDON, ENGLAND.

"CAUTION—The name of "PHOSPHODYNE is protected "under the Trade Marks Protection Act for the whole of India and "proceedings will be taken against the vendors of any colorable or other "imitation thereof.

The only Medicine of the kind awarded a Certificate at the Calcutta Exhibition, 1883-4, open to all.

REGISTERED. DR. LALOR'S TRADE MARK.
PHOSPHODYNE
HAS THE LARGEST SALE OF ANY PHOSPHORIC MEDICINE IN THE WORLD.

For forty years has maintained its world-wide reputation as the Best and only safe reliable Phosphoric Cure for BRAIN WRECKAGE, PARALYSIS, SLEEPLESSNESS, Dyspepsia, Nerve, Kidney, and Liver Complaints, Harassing Dreams, Premature Decay of Vital Power, General Debility, all Blood Disorders, and all Functional and Diseased Conditions of the System, caused by the deficiency of the Vital Forces.

The effect of this Standard Phosphoric Remedy in Nervous Debility and its kindred Evils is immediate and permanent, all the Miserable Feelings and Distressing Symptoms disappearing with a rapidity that is really marvellous.

Directions for Self-Treatment of the above diseases with each Bottle.

Its energizing effects are shown from the first day of its administration by a Remarkable Increase of Nerve and Intellectual Power, with a feeling of Courage, Strength, and Comfort. Digestion is Invigorated. The Appetite increases wonderfully. Sleep becomes calm and refreshing. The Face becomes fuller, the Lips red, the Eyes brighter, and Skin clear and healthy.

Beware of vile imitations!—None genuine without the British Government Stamp with "Dr. Lalor's Phosphodyne, London, England," engraved thereon by order of Her Majesty's Honourable Commissioners.

Thousands of unimpeachable testimonials from all parts of the World, and from the highest Medical Authorities. No other Phosphoric Preparation has received such distinguished recognition.

HEALTH, STRENGTH & ENERGY.
Sold in Bottles at 4s. 6d. and 11s. each, by all Chemists throughout the World.
MANUFACTURED ONLY AT DR. LALOR'S PHOSPHODYNE LABORATORY,
HAMPSTEAD, LONDON, ENGLAND.

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 29 June, 2017

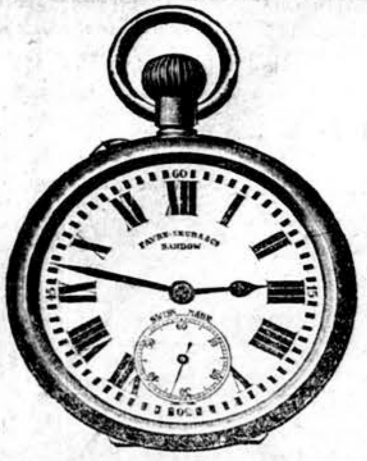
NEW PATTERN NICKEL LEVER WATCH.

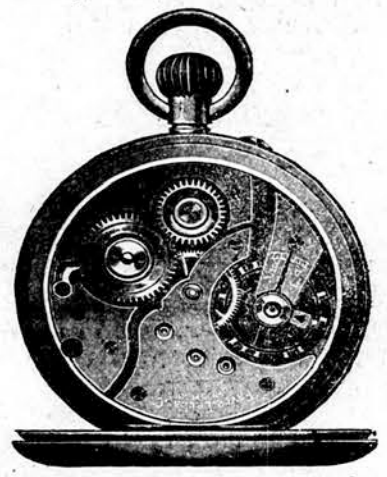
The Sandow Lever

BEST VALUE IN INDIA.

Rs. 10.

Only Manufactured and Sold by
FAVRE LEUBA & CO.,
Watch and Clock Specialists.
31, Hornby Road, BOMBAY.





This Watch has been specially designed for rough wear. It keeps good time, and will run on well for years.

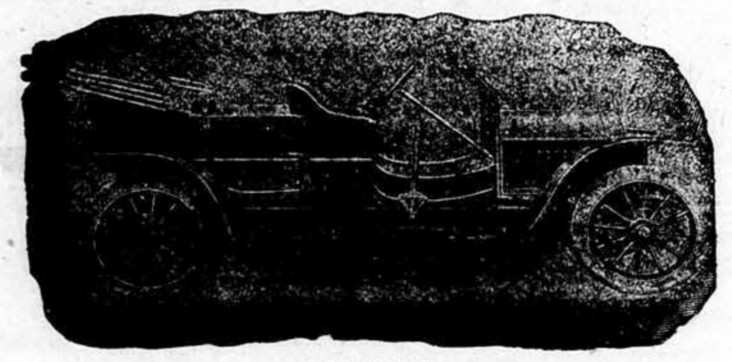
Nickel Silver case.

Rs. 10.

Illustrations of dial and movement are shewn exact size. Supplied in Box with spare glass and spring and guaranteed for 12 months.

THE GENERAL ENGINEERING CO.

ELECTRICAL, MECHANICAL AND MOTOR CAR ENGINEERS,
BRITISH HOTEL LANE, APOLLO STREET, (Opp. LIPTON'S), FORT, BOMBAY.



1910 MODEL.
Remarkable Hill Climber and Winner of important Races and Reliability trials.
Motor Accessories at moderate prices.
Second hand Motor Cars bought and sold on commission.
Repairs to all types of Motor Cars undertaken.
TRAINING OF CHAUFEURS A SPECIALITY.

ENO'S 'FRUIT SALT'

A HOUSEHOLD REMEDY FOR

All Functional Derangements of the Liver, Temporary Congestion arising from Alcoholic Beverages, Errors in Diet, (Eating or Drinking,) Biliousness, Sick Headache, Giddiness, Oppression or Feeling of Melancholy, Vomiting, Heartburn, Sourness of the Stomach, or Constipation. It is a Refreshing and Invigorating Beverage, most Invaluable to Travellers, Emigrants, Sailors, and Residents in Tropical Climates.

ENO'S "FRUIT SALT" assists the Functions of the Liver, Bowels, Skin, and Kidneys by Natural Means; thus the blood is freed from poisonous or other hurtful matters, the foundation and great danger of Chills, Fever, Worry, Blood Poisons, &c. There is no doubt that, where it has been taken in the earliest stages of a disease, it has, in innumerable instances, prevented a serious illness.

CAUTION.—*Examine the Capsule and see that it is marked ENO'S 'FRUIT SALT,' otherwise you have the sincerest form of flattery—IMITATION.*

Prepared only by J. C. ENO, Ltd., 'FRUIT SALT' WORKS, London, S.E., Eng. by J. C. ENO'S Patent.

Sold by Chemists and Stores everywhere.

HORLICK'S

MALTED MILK (In Powder form.)
The Ideal Food for all ages.

Your Doctor has a high opinion of HORLICK'S. Ask him.

Take HORLICK'S from birth and live to a vigorous old age.

SUSTAINS—NOURISHES—BUILDS UP.

HORLICK'S feeds and sustains during fevers, and Medical experience ascribes a very large increase in the percentage of recoveries from Enteric and other fevers to the marvellous power of HORLICK'S in giving the necessary strength and stamina to enable the patient to recuperate and build up the strength so necessary to recovery.

NO COOKING—ADD WATER ONLY—READY IN AN INSTANT.
Sold in three sizes by all Stores, Bazaars, &c.
KEEPS IN ANY CLIMATE—ALWAYS SWEET AND PURE.
UNTOUCHED BY HAND.
HORLICK'S MALTED MILK CO., SLOUGH, BUCKS, ENGLAND.

DR. DE JONGH'S

KNIGHT OF THE ORDER OF LEOPOLD OF BELGIUM
KNIGHT OF THE LEGION OF HONOUR

LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL

THE PUREST. THE MOST PALATABLE. THE MOST DIGESTIBLE.
THE MOST EFFICACIOUS.

Incontestably proved by Forty Years' Medical Experience to be *The only Cod Liver Oil which produces the full curative effects in* CONSUMPTION AND DISEASES OF THE CHEST, THROAT AFFECTIONS, GENERAL DEBILITY, DISEASES OF THE SKIN, WASTING DISEASES OF CHILDREN, RICKETS, AND ALL SCROFULOUS DISORDERS.

SELECT MEDICAL OPINIONS.

DR. PROSSER JAMES,
Lecturer on Materia Medica, London Hospital.

"Dr. DE JONGH'S LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL contains the whole of the active ingredients of the remedy, and is easily digested. Hence its value, not only in Diseases of the Throat and Lungs, but in a great number of cases to which the Profession is extending its use."

DR. HUNTER SEMPLE,
Physician to the Hospital for Diseases of the Throat and Chest, London.

"I have long been aware of the great reputation enjoyed by the LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL introduced into medical practice by Dr. DE JONGH, and have recommended it with the utmost confidence. I have no hesitation in stating my opinion, that it possesses all the qualities of a good and efficient medicine. Its taste is by no means disagreeable, and might even be called pleasant. I have found Dr. DE JONGH'S OIL very useful in cases of Chronic Cough, and especially in Laryngeal Disease complicated with Consumption."

DR. SAUNDERS, C.B.,
Late Deputy-Inspector-General Army Hospitals, Superintendent London Medical Mission.

"I have used Dr. DE JONGH'S LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL extensively among the sick poor of St. Giles's, and consider it a valuable remedy, especially in the Wasting Diseases of Children."

DR. WHITMORE,
Medical Officer of Health, St. Marylebone, London.

"My own somewhat lengthened experience as a Medical Practitioner enables me with confidence to recommend Dr. DE JONGH'S LIGHT BROWN COD LIVER OIL as being more uniform in quality, more certain in its effects, more palatable, and infinitely less likely to disagree with the stomach than the Pale Oil. If I were asked for an explanation of the marked success which for so many years has attended the administration of Dr. DE JONGH'S LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL I should say that it is owing to its extraordinary medicinal, dietetic, and regiminal properties, and which are found to exist in no other medicine that I am acquainted with, in such uniform combination."

Dr. DE JONGH'S LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL is supplied ONLY in IMPERIAL Half-Pints, Pints and Quarts, sealed with BETTS' Patent Capsule impressed on the top with Dr. DE JONGH'S Stamp, and on the side with his Signature, and the Signature of ANSAR, HARFORD & Co.; and bearing under the wrapper a Label with the same Stamp and Signatures. WITHOUT THESE MARKS NONE CAN POSSIBLY BE GENUINE.

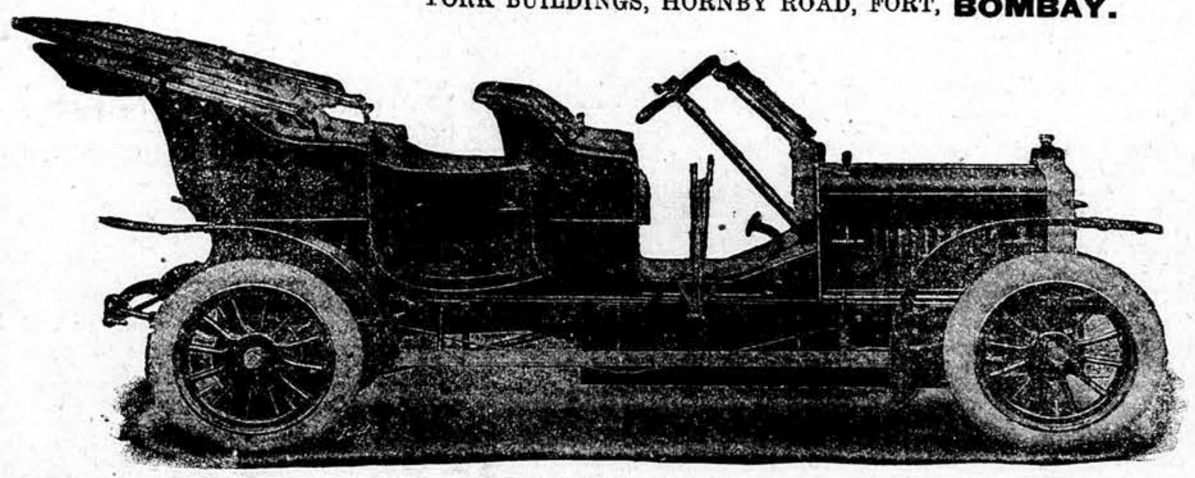
Sold by all respectable Chemists, Druggists, and Storekeepers throughout the World.

SOLE CONSIGNEES,
ANSAR, HARFORD & CO., Ltd., 182, GRAY'S INN RD., LONDON.

BUY YOUR

MOTOR CAR, MOTOR CYCLE & CYCLE

FROM THE LEADING FIRM IN INDIA
BOMBAY CYCLE & MOTOR AGENCY,
YORK BUILDINGS, HORNBY ROAD, FORT, BOMBAY.



SOLE AGENTS FOR

DELAUNAY BELLEVILLE,
DE DION BOUTON,
RENAULT,
HUMBER,
ROVER,
ITALA &
STANDARD CARS.

HUMBER,
WEARWELL &
MOTOSACOCHE
MOTOR CYCLES
and

HUMBER,
SUNBEAM,
SINGER,
KAISER-I-HIND &
WEARWELL CYCLES.

LARGE STOKISTS OF

Dunlop, Michelin & Continental Tyres. Lucas's Ld.'s and other high grade Cycle & Motor Accessories &c., &c., &c.
Repairs done under Expert European Supervision.
Overhauling, Painting and Varnishing of Motor Cars done on the Premises.

BOMBAY CYCLE & MOTOR AGENCY.

THE RELIANCE WATCH COMPANY'S

SPLENDID OFFER

THE "REX."

ONLY FOR A SHORT TIME
SPECIAL REDUCTION
IN

THE "REX"

The most popular Keyless Lever Watches in India.

Guaranteed for 3 years and made in four sizes.

The Special Railway Guard Watch

22" Size Keyless lever.	Rs.
In Nickel Silver Case, Screw Joint case dust and Waterproof	15

The Railway Guard Watch.

19" Size Keyless lever.	Rs.
In Nickel Silver case, Open face	9
,, Black oxidised steel ,, ,, ...	10
,, Sterling Silver ,, ,, ,, ...	16
,, ,, ,, ,, Hunter	18
,, ,, ,, ,, Half Hunter	20

Medium Size.

In Nickel Silver case, Open face	10
,, Black oxidised steel ,, ,, ...	11
,, Sterling Silver ,, ,, ,, ...	16
,, ,, ,, ,, Hunting	18
,, ,, ,, ,, Half Hunting	20

Small Size.

In Nickel Silver case, Open face	11
,, Black oxidised steel ,, ,, ...	12
,, Sterling Silver ,, ,, ,, ...	16
,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, Hunting ...	19
,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, Half Hunting...	20

Don't miss a chance, never before offered, but call and see for yourself, the latest arrival.

A Limited number only will be sold at the above prices as an Advertisement to prove the quality of THE "REX."

THE RELIANCE WATCH Co.,
HORNBY ROAD. BOMBAY.

INVALUABLE

For the COMPLEXION — In HOT CLIMATES.

BEETHAM'S LAIT *Larola* Regd. Is Unequalled for THE SKIN & COMPLEXION

It removes all SUNBURN, TAN, HEAT, and IRRITATION. Keeps the SKIN SMOOTH and WHITE. Prevents the attack of Mosquitoes.

It removes all REDNESS, ROUGHNESS, and CHAPS. Keeps the SKIN SOFT as VELVET. Cool and Refreshing at all seasons of the year.

M. BEETHAM & SON. CHELTENHAM, ENGLAND.

ROWLAND'S
KALYDOR
FOR THE SKIN

COOLING, REFRESHING, SOOTHING

To the FACE and ARMS in hot weather; prevents Freckles, Tan, Sunburn, Redness, Roughness; heals insect bites, irritation, etc., and produces SOFT, FAIR, DELICATE SKIN. Warranted Harmless: its genuineness ensured by the official stamp. Bottles, 2s. 3d. & 4s. 6d., of Stores, Chemists and

ROWLAND'S, 67, HATTON GARDEN, LONDON.

Agents for India:—TREACHER AND CO., LTD BOMBAY, BY[illegible]A, and POONA

VETARZO BRAIN AND NERVE FOOD.

This remarkable compound, the result of the latest developments and achievements of modern chemistry, pharmacology, and therapeutics, is without equal in all cases of defective nerve power, whether induced by worry, over-work, unhealthy climate, dissipation, excess, youthful imprudence, or other influences incidental to the wear and tear and haste or overstrain of modern life. Sleeplessness, tremblings, palpitation, nervous dyspepsia, low spirits, mental and bodily prostration, muscular and local weakness, general and nervous debility, faulty nutrition, premature decay or deficiency of the vital forces, impaired vitality, harassing dreams, night disturbances, sudden startings, dimness of sight, defective hearing, loss of memory, inability to perform the various duties of life, or to enjoy its pleasures, restlessness that can settle to nothing, irritability of temper, female complaints, hysteria, painful periods, backache, bearing down sensations, nervous headache, wasting disease, night sweats, and all other phases of brain and nerve exhaustion, are successfully combated by this highly scientific preparation. Bracing up the system generally, it gives tone to the exhausted nerves, arrests all weakening wasting discharges, involuntary losses, &c.; restores the failing energies, and imparts new life and vigour to what had so recently seemed worn out, "used up," and valueless.

VETARZO BLOOD MEDICINE.

Never before was there anything like it, nor can its marvellous properties ever be equalled in all cases of poorness, impurity, or other imperfection of the blood from whatever cause arising. No sooner is it imbibed into the system than it permeates and penetrates to the minutest capillaries, overcoming and expelling the virus of disease, wheresoever and in whatsoever form met with; removing all blotches, pimples, scurf, scurvy, scrofulous and glandular swellings, discolorations, roughness and unsightly patches, &c. Its effects are almost magical in the treatment of gout, rheumatism, sciatica, lumbago, pains and swellings of the joints, discharges, secondary symptoms, eczema, lepra, psoriasis, bad legs, bad breasts, abscesses, ulcers, sores, goitre or Derbyshire neck, it improves the general health, and quickly removes long-standing bronchitis, asthma, and hacking, straining, spasmodic cough, too often the precursor of consumption.

● CAUTION.—Ask for "VETARZO Brain and Nerve Food," or "VETARZO Blood Medicine," whichever is required, and see that you get them, as unprincipled vendors often try to palm off inferior preparations (usually their own manufacture), for the sake of extra profit. Price in England, 2/9. Every genuine bottle of these medicines bears the British Government Stamp with the words "VETARZO REMEDIES" impressed thereon, in white letters on a red ground, by direction of His Majesty's Hon. Commissioners. Registered Trade Mark "VETARZO." Legal proceedings will be taken against persons pirating.

COMMON SENSE IN A NUTSHELL.—A new medical work on the causes and most scientific and effectual means of self-cure ever discovered for nervous exhaustion, depression of spirits, want of zest and energy, &c., with practical observations on marriage and full directions for removing certain disqualifications that destroy the happiness of wedded life. It also treats on urinary derangements, secondary symptoms, stricture, &c., and no sufferer should fail to procure a copy. Post free in plain envelope on receipt of Postal Order Sixpence, from THE VETARZO REMEDIES Co., Gospel Oak, London, or of Agents for above medicines. Price 10 annas Post Free.

The Undermentioned Medicines are prepared from Herbs.

A BOON SUFFERING HUMANITY
SURGERY SUPERSEDED.

☞ I possess numerous certificates from officials, European Parsees, Mahomedans, Hindus on all diseases. Those who wish to convince, are requested to come and inspect them.

SURGERY can only give temporary relief to the following diseases. They can be radically cured by the unfailing medicines described below:—

HYDROCELE in any form, acute, or chronic, Hernia, Elephantiasis and all sorts of rectum and scrotum diseases are cured by an infallible, harmless and wonderful remedy consisting of 95 vegetable drugs and 105 vegetable oils.

BLEEDING AND BLIND PILES.—Fistula, Fissure of the anus, and all inflammatory complaints of the rectum, which cause much irritation, burning and pain, are thoroughly cured without the least pain or inconvenience to sufferers.

FATTY OR WINDY BODY.—The undue increase of the size of the belly and abdomen, parts of the waist, lion, and other limbs of the body, and the consequent weakness and depression. The persons do not find rest or happiness under such condition and feel very miserable. They can be easily cured and can experience a reduction of 4 to 6 inches in their body after 15 days' application of oil. Also Rheumatism Gout, and Paralyses, acute of chronic, cured by the application of oil and pill. The effect of one is experienced after 15 days' treatment.

SPERMATORHEA, STERLITY, and monthly disorders, and other obstinate uterine diseases are permanently cured, no matter how old the patient or disease may be.

DIABETES.—Insipid and Melibes—and complaints akin thereto, both acute and chronic, are thoroughly cured by harmless Vegetable Pills.

ALL BILIOUS COMPLAINTS, DYSPEPSIA, heating sensation in Throat or Chest, Sour, Bitter or Sweet taste in the mouth, heartburn, headache caused thereby, and loss of appetite are easily cured.

ALL NASAL COMPLAINTS.—Watery, blood or pus discharges from the nose, formation of scales or fresh globules in the nose causing obstruction to breathing, are perfectly cured by an effective smelling powder.

PATIENTS ARE NOT REQUIRED TO UNDERGO THE INCONVENIENCES AND DANGER OF OPERATIONS.

Price as follows :—

For Hydrocele, Hernia and Elephantiatis Pills and Oil for 20 days, Rs. 13-8.

For Fistula, Ointment and Pills for 15 days, Rs. 5-8.

For Windy & Fatty body, Oil for 15 days, Rs. 5-8.

For Spermatorhea, Sterility, Monthly Disorders, Pills for 15 days, Rs. 6-8.

For Diabetes, Pills for 15 days, Rs. 6-8.

For Bilious complaints, Dyspepsia, &c., Pills for 15 days Rs. 4-8.

For Nasal Diseases, Smelling powder for 15 days, Rs. 4-8

For Rheumatism, Gout and Paralysis, Pills and Oil for 1 days, Rs. 6-8.

Up-country orders are promptly executed by value payable post. Up-country patients are requested to state clearly their age, disease and the duration of the same for my guidance.

LEPROSY—Black and white—and BLOOD-DISORDERS are satisfactorily cured by my remarkable remedy consisting of pills and ointment for 15 days, Rs. 6-8.

ELEPHANTIASIS and similar inflammatory complaints of legs and hands, causing pain, itching, and irritation cured thoroughly by the use of the oil. Medicine for 20 days, Rs. 10.

ASTHMA, COUGH, Difficult Respiration, Hooping Cough, Cold, Throat Irritation, Consumption, Blood Phlegm, and similar diseases of the Lungs, Bronchitis, are cured by a month's treatment. Medicine for 15 days, Rs. 6-8.

EPILEPSY HEMICRANIA, habitual Head-ache, Dropsy after-effects of mercury and other mineral poisons, mouth-diseases, are all very successfully treated, Medicine for 15 days, Rs. 5-8.

OPHTHALMIA—Obstinate eye and ear diseases, redness, watery or pus discharges, soreness, CATARACT, burning, piercing pain, shortness of sight, flashes, night blindness, are relieved by harmless applications which neither burn nor produce any inconvenience to patients. Pills or water or 15 days, Rs. 4-8 5-8.

IMPOTENCY, SPERMATORHEA, LOSS OF NERVE POWER are permanently cured, no matter how old the patient or disease may be. Rapid SEMINAL DISCHARGE the results of thoughtless excesses and errors of youth are entirely cured, GREAT RETENTIVE POWER and perfect MANHOOD restored to the complete satisfaction of sufferers. Unfailing potent remedies of harmless nature are always kept in stock. Pills or oil (as the cases may be) for 15 days, Rs. 5-8.

MENSTRUAL TROUBLES, Amenorrhœa, Dysmenorrhoea, Leucorrhœa, Sterility, Prolapsus, Uteri, Threatened Miscarriage, Tumour and other obstinate Uterine Diseases are speedily cured without any chance of recurrence. Pills for 15 days, Rs. 6-8.

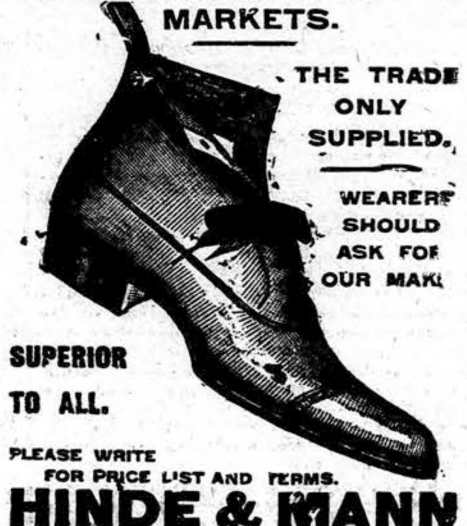
CHOLERA, DIARRHŒA DYSNTERY sudden and periodical COLIC PAINS are cured by unfailing remedies which surpass all other preparations. Pills for 15 days Rs. 4-8 5-8.

Up-country orders Promptly executed by Value Payable Post.

Up-country patients are requested to state clearly their age, disease and the duration of the same for my guidance.

Apply to Dr. PALKRISHNA NARAYAN JOSHI, of Benares' Motiwalla's Chawl, near Tram Terminus, Tardeo Bridge, Tardeo, Bombay.

WE ARE MANUFACTURERS
OF
MEN'S AND BOYS'
TAN
AND
BLACK BOOTS AND SHOES
SPECIALLY MADE FOR THE
INDIAN, BURMESE & CEYLON
MARKETS.



THE TRADE ONLY SUPPLIED.

WEARERS SHOULD ASK FOR OUR MAKE

SUPERIOR TO ALL.

PLEASE WRITE
FOR PRICE LIST AND TERMS.

HINDE & MANN
WHOLESALE MANUFACTURERS
OLNEY (Nr NORTHAMPTON) ENGLAND

GRIMAULT'S SYRUP
of Hypophosphite of Lime

GRIMAULT
SYRUP
HYPOPHOSPHITE of LIME

FOR BRONCHITIS, STUBBORN COUCHS,

FOR CATARRH, WEAK LUNGS, CONSUMPTION

Paris, 8, r. Vivienne and at all Chemists

BEWARE OF IMITATIONS

DR. J. Collis Browne's
Chlorodyne

THE ORIGINAL AND ONLY GENUINE.

Acts like a Charm in **DIARRHOEA** and is the only Specific in **CHOLERA** and **DYSENTERY.**

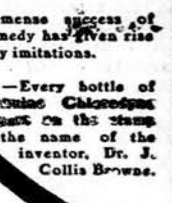
Checks and arrests those too often fatal diseases—FEVER, CROUP, AGUE.
The best Remedy known for COUGHS, COLDS, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS.
Effectually cuts short all attacks of SPASMS.
Is the only palliative in NEURALGIA, RHEUMATISM, TOOTHACHE.

Chlorodyne is a liquid taken in drops, graduated according to the malady. It invariably relieves pain of whatever kind; creates a calm refreshing sleep; allays irritation of the nervous system when all other remedies fail; leaves no bad effects; and can be taken when no other medicine can be tolerated.

INSIST ON HAVING Dr. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE.

The immense success of this Remedy has given rise to many imitations.

N.B.—Every bottle of Genuine Chlorodyne bears on the stamp the name of the inventor, Dr. J. Collis Browne.

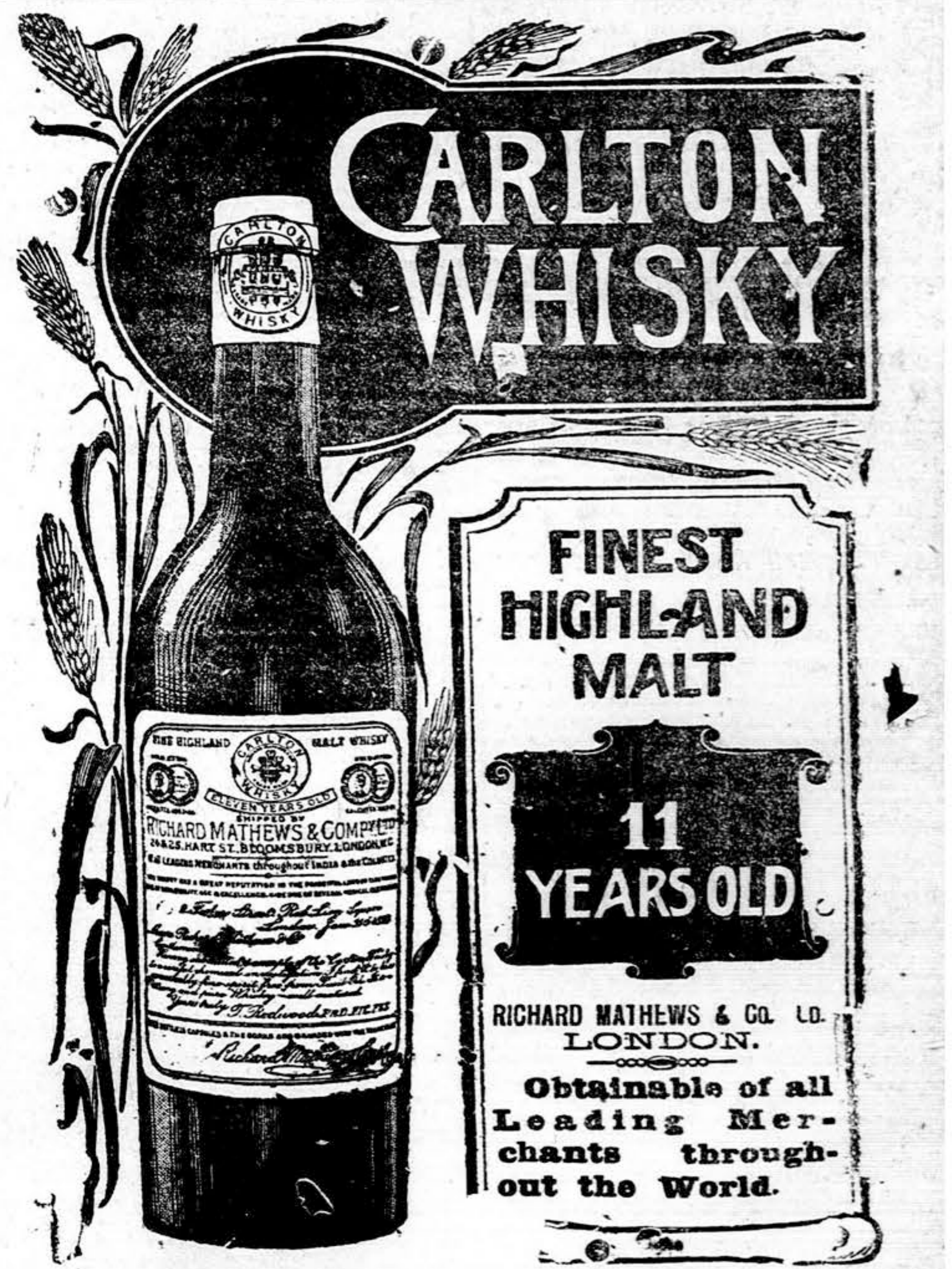


CONVINCING MEDICAL TESTIMONY WITH EACH BOTTLE.

Sold by all Chemists.

Prices in England: 1/1½, 2/9, 4/6.

Sole Manufacturers:
J. T. DAVENPORT, Ltd.,
LONDON, S.E.



CARLTON WHISKY

FINEST HIGHLAND MALT

11 YEARS OLD

RICHARD MATHEWS & Co. Ltd.
LONDON.

Obtainable of all Leading Merchants throughout the World.

DINNEFORD'S

The Universal Remedy for Acidity of the Stomach, Headache, Heartburn, Indigestion, Sour Eructations, Bilious Affections.

The Physician's Cure for Gout, Rheumatic Gout and Gravel.

Safest and most Effective Aperient for Regular Use.

DINNEFORDS
MAGNESIA

MAGNESIA

Established over a Century.

GOLD & CO.,
Birmingham, ENGLAND.

MANUFACTURERS OF
PATENT WROUGHT IRON & STEEL HINGES

Telegraphic Address: "HINGES BIRMINGHAM."
Telephone No. 1578.

73 Rivd.
TRADE MARK
400
314
600

Specify "GOLD & CO." on all Indents sent through Shippers.

KEATING'S
WORM TABLETS

A purely Vegetable Sweetmeat

Sold in Bottles by all Druggists

Keating's Worm Tablets furnish a most agreeable method of administering the only certain remedy for Intestinal or Thread Worms. Perfectly safe, mild, and especially adapted for children.

To be obtained of all Druggists.
Proprietor, THOMAS KEATING, London, Eng.

Printed and Published for the Proprietors. "The Bombay Gazette, Limited, by N. D'MELLO, at the Bombay Gazette Electric Printing Works, No. 2 Green Street, Fort, Bombay.
Sole Advertisements Agents in the United Kingdom Messrs. WILLIAM J. KEYMER & Co., 66 Fenchurch Street, London E. C.